## **JSDAP** series



# **Driving &**



#### **■**Warning and Caution:



#### Warning

- · Do not proceed to the assembly of the line while electrifying.
- Circuit & change components between entering shutting down the power supply and stopping showing CHARGE LED light of the Servo driver.
- The output of Servo drive [U, V, W] must NOT touch the AC power.
- Motor over temperature protection is not provided.



#### Caution

- Install the fan if the temperature around is too high while the Servo driver is installed in the Control Board.
- Do not proceed to the Anti-Pressure-Test to the Servo driver.
- Confirm the quick stop function is available before operate servo drive.
- Matching up machine to change the user parameter setting before machine performs. If there is no according correct setting number, it could lead to out of control or breakdown.

#### Safety proceeding:

Check the covering letter detail before installing, running, maintaining and examining. Furthermore, only the profession-qualified people can proceed to the line-assembly.

Safety proceeding in the covering letter discriminate between "Warning" & "Alert".



Indicate the possibility dangerous situation. It could cause the death or serious damage if being ignored.



Indicate the possibility dangerous situation. It could cause smaller or lighter human injured and damage of equipment.

Read this covering letter detail before using Servo driver.

First of all, thank you for using TECO Servo Driver JSDAP Series ("JSDAP" for short) and Servo Motors. JSDAP can be controlled by digital board or PC, and provide excellent performance for a wide range of applications and different requirement from customers.

Read this covering letter before using JSDAP. Contents of the letter comprise:

- Servo System checking, installing and procedure of assembly line.
- Controller procedure for digital board, status displaying, unusual alarm and strategy explanation.
- Servo System control function, running testing and procedures adjusted.
- Explanation for all parameter of Servo Driver.
- Standard specification of JSDAP Series.

In order to daily examine, maintain and understand the reason of unusual situation and handle strategy, please put this covering letter in safe place to read it anytime.

P.S: The end user should own this covering letter, in order to make the Servo Driver bring the best performance.

## **Table of Contents**

Chapter 1 Checking and Installing	
1-1 Checking Products	1-1
1-1-1 Confirming with Servo Drives	1-1
1-1-2 Confirming with Servo motors	1-2
1-1-3 Servo motor Model Code display	1-3
1-2 Surface and Panel Board	1-11
1-3 A Brief Introduction of Operation for Drives	1-13
1-4 Conditions for Installation of Drives	1-14
1-4-1 Environmental Conditions	1-14
1-4-2 Direction and Distance	1-15
1-5 Conditions for Installation of Servomotors	1-16
1-5-1 Environmental Conditions	1-16
1-5-2 Method of Installation	1-16
1-5-3 Notice for install motor	1-17
Chapter 2 Wiring	
2-1 Basic Wiring for Servo System	
2-1-1 Wiring for Main Circuit and Peripheral Devices	
2-1-2 Wiring for Servo Drives	
2-1-3 Specifications of Wiring	
2-1-4 Motor Terminal Layout	
2-1-5 TB Terminal	
2-1-6 Wiring for Mechanical Brake	
2-1-7 MCCB/Fuse/Noise Filter Specification	
2-2 I/O Terminal	
2-2-1 Output Signals from the Servo pack	
2-2-2 Encoder Connector (CN2) Terminal Layout	
2-3 Typical Circuit Wiring Examples	2-26
2-3-1 Position Control Mode (Pe Mode) (Line Driver)	2-26
2-3-2 Position Control Mode (Pe Mode) (Open Collector)	2-27
2-3-3 Position Control Mode (Pi Mode)	2-28
2-3-4 Speed Control Mode (S Mode)	2-29
2-3-5 Torque Control Mode (T Mode)	2-30
2-3-6 Turret Mode (Pt Mode)	2-31
Chapter 3 Panel Operator / Digital Operator	
3-1 Panel Operator on the Drives	2.1
3-2 Signal Display	
3-2-1 Status Display	
3-2-2 Diagnostic function	J-10
Chapter 4 Trial Operation	
4-1 Trial Operation for Servomotor without Load	4-2

4-2 Trial Operation for Servomotor without Load from Host Reference	. 4-5
4-3 Trial Operation with the Servomotor Connected to the Machine	. 4-9
Chapter 5 Control Functions	
5-1 Control Mode Selection	. 5-1
5-2 Torque Mode	. 5-2
5-2-1 Analog Torque command Ratio	. 5-2
5-2-2 Analog Speed Limit Proportion	. 5-3
5-2-3 Adjusting the Analog Torque Command Offset	
5-2-4 Torque Command Linear Acceleration and Deceleration	
5-2-5 Definition of Torque Direction	
5-2-6 Internal Torque Limit	. 5-6
5-2-7 Limiting Servomotor Speed during Torque Control	
5-2-8 Additional Torque Control Functions	
5-3 Speed Mode	
5-3-1 Selection for Speed Command	
5-3-2 Analog Speed Command Ratio	
5-3-3 Adjusting the Analog Reference Offset	
5-3-4 Analog Reference for Speed Command Limit	
5-3-5 Encoder Signal Output	
5-3-6 Smoothing the Speed Command	
5-3-7 Setting Rotation Direction	
5-3-8 Speed Loop Gain	
5-3-9 Notch Filter	
5-3-10 Torque Limit of Speed Control Mode	. 5-19
5-3-11 Gain Switched	
5-3-12 Other Functions	. 5-27
5-4 Position Mode	. 5-29
5-4-1 External Pulse Command	. 5-30
5-4-2 Internal Position Command	. 5-32
5-4-3 Electronic Gear	. 5-36
5-4-4 Smoothing Acceleration	. 5-40
5-4-5 Definition of Direction	. 5-43
5-4-6 Gain Adjustment	. 5-43
5-4-7 Clear the Pulse Offset	. 5-44
5-4-8 Homing Function	. 5-45
5-4-9 Other Position Function	
5-5 Gain Adjustment	. 5-55
5-5-1 Automatic Gain Adjustment	
5-5-2 Manual Gain Adjustment	
5-5-3 Improving Resonance	
5-6 Other Functions	
5-6-1 Programmable I/O Functions	. 5-63
5-6-2 Switch for the Control Mode	

5-6-3 Auxiliary Functions5	5-66
5-6-4 Brake Mode5	5-67
5-6-5 Timing Diagram of Mechanical Brake5	5-67
5-6-6 CW/CCW Drive Inhibit Function5	5-69
5-6-7 Selecting for External Regeneration Resistor5	5-70
5-6-8 Fan Setting 5	5-74
5-6-9 Low Voltage Protection Auto-reset5	5-74
5-6-10 Absolute Encoder Battery Fault5	5-74
5-6-11 Analog Monitor5	5-75
5-6-12 Factory Setting Parameter5	5-76
5-7 Tool Turret Modes 5	5- <b>7</b> 7
5-7-1 Parameter Setting5	5- <b>7</b> 7
5-7-2 Rigidity Setting5	5-79
5-7-3 Tool Turret Mode Setting Flow Chart5	5-80
5-7-4 Timing Diagram of Tool Turret Homing5	5-81
5-7-5 Timing Diagram of Auto-selection Mode5	5-82
5-7-6 Timing Diagram of JOG Mode5	5-83
Chapter 6 Parameters	
6-1 Explanation of Parameter Groups 6	<b>Տ-1</b>
6-2 Parameter Display Table6	<b>Տ-2</b>
Chapter 7 Communications Function	
7-1 Communications Function (RS232 & RS485)	7-1
7-1-1 Communication Wiring7	7-1
7-1-2 RS232 Communication Protocol and Format7	7-5
7-1-3 Modbus Communication Protocol for RS4857	7-7
Chapter 8 Troubleshooting	
8-1 Alarm Functions	3-1
8-2 Troubleshooting of Alarm and Warning	3-3
8-3 Alarm Status Description	3-6
Chapter 9 Specifications	
9-1 Specifications and Dimension for Servo Drives	}-1
9-2 Specifications and Dimension for Servomotors	<b>)-6</b>
Appendix A Accessories	<b>4-1</b>
Appendix B Battery Module	3-1

## **Chapter 1 Checking and Installing**

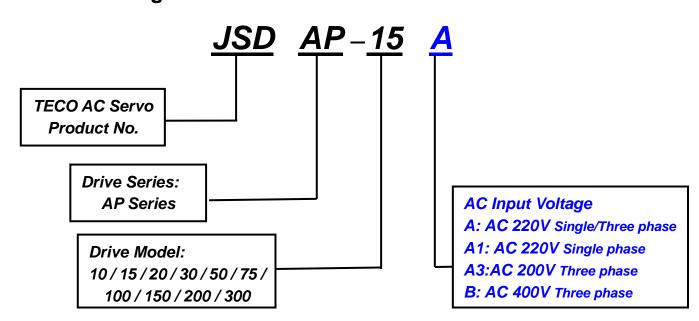
## 1-1 Checking Products

Our Servo Pack have already completely been functionally examined before leaving the factory. In order to protect the products from the damage during transportation, please check the items below before sealing off the pack:

- Check if the models of servo driver and motor are the same with the models of ordering.
   (About the model explanation, please check the chapters below)
- Check if there are damage or scrape out side of the servo driver and motor.
   (If there is any damage during transportation, do not power ON)
- Check if there are any bad assembly or slipped component in the Servo Drive and Motor
- Check if the Motor's rotor and shaft can be rotated smoothly by hand
   (The Servo Motor with Mechanical-Brake can not be rotated directly)
- There must be the "QC"-seal in each servo drive, if not, please do not proceed Power ON.

  If there is any bug or irregular under the situation above, please contact TECO's Local sales representative or distributor instantly.

## 1-1-1 Confirming with Servo Drives

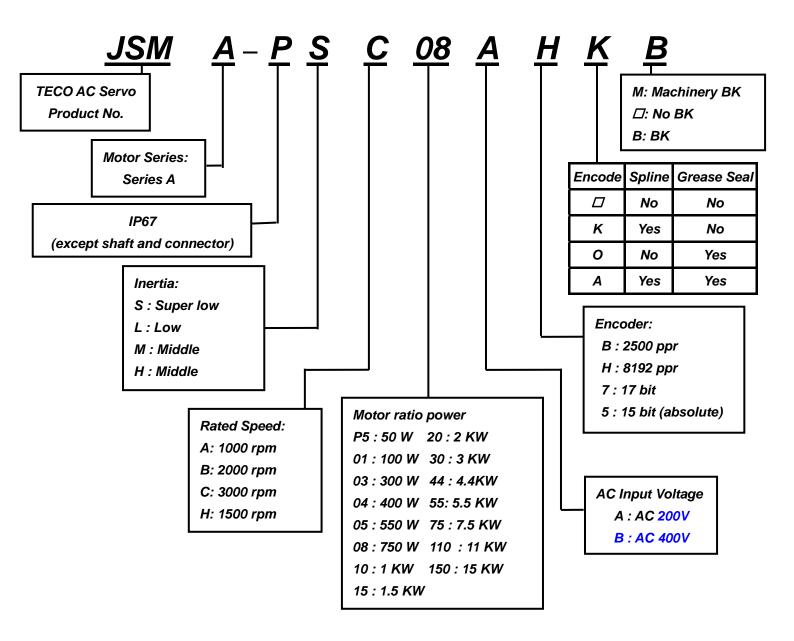


#### **Notes: Maximum output power**

Trottoor manner outpart portor						
200\	400V class					
10A(1): 100 W	75A3: 3.0 KW	25B: 2.0 KW				
15A(1): 400 W	100A3: 4.4 KW	35B: 3.0 KW				
20A: 750 W	150A3: 5.5 KW	50B: 4.4 KW				
30A: 1.0 KW	200A3: 7.5 KW	75B: 5.5 KW				
50A3: 2.0 KW	300A3: 15 KW	100B: 7.5 KW				



## 1-1-2 Confirming with Servo Motors



## 1-1-3 Servo motor Model Code display

## dn-08 (Servo motor Model Code display)

Use dn-08 to display servo motor code and check the servo drive and motor compatibility according to the table below. If the collocation is discordant with that dn08 presented, reset parameter Cn030 or contact your supplier. The motor model code is stored in parameter Cn030.

### 200V Class

dn-08 Display	Drive Model	Motor Model	Motor S	tandards	Encoder			
Cn030 Setting	JSDAP	Wiotor Wodei	Watt(KW)	Speed(rpm)	Specification			
H1011		JSMA-(P)SCP5AB						2500
H1015		JSMA-PSCP5A5	0.05	3000	15 bit(ABS)			
H1017	100(1)	JSMA-PSCP5A7			17 bit			
H1021	10A(1)	JSMA- (P)SC01AB			2500			
H1025		JSMA-PSC01A5	0.1	3000	15 bit(ABS)			
H1027		JSMA-PSC01A7			17 bit			
H1101		JSMA-PSC02AB			2500			
H1102		JSMA-PSC02AH	0.2	3000	8192			
H1105		JSMA-PSC02A5	0.2		15 bit(ABS)			
H1107		JSMA-PSC02A7			17 bit			
H1111		JSMA- (P)SC01AB			2500			
H1115		JSMA-PSC01A5	0.1	3000	15 bit(ABS)			
H1117	454(4)	JSMA-PSC01A7			17 bit			
H1121	15A(1)	JSMA-PLC03AB			2500			
H1122		JSMA-PLC03AH	0.2	2000	8192			
H1125		JSMA-PLC03A5	0.3	3000	15 bit(ABS)			
H1127		JSMA-PLC03A7			17 bit			
H1141		JSMA-SC04AB			2500			
H1142		JSMA-SC04AH	0.4 (Rated 3.5A)	3000	8192			
H1145		JSMA-SC04A5			15 bit(ABS)			

dn-08 Display	Drive Model	Motor Model	Motor St	andards	Encoder	
Cn030 Setting	JSDAP	Wotor Wodel	Watt(KW)	Speed(rpm)	Specification	
H1147		JSMA-SC04A7	0.4 (Rated 3.5A)		17 bit	
H1151		JSMA- (P)SC04AB			2500	
H1152	15A(1)	JSMA- (P)SC04AH	0.4	3000	8192	
H1155		JSMA-PSC04A5	(Rated 3.5A)		15 bit(ABS)	
H1157		JSMA-PSC04A7			17 bit	
H1211		JSMA-PLC08AB			2500	
H1212		JSMA-PLC08AH	0.75		8192	
H1215		JSMA-PLC08A5	0.75		15 bit(ABS)	
H1217		JSMA-PLC08A7				17 bit
H1221		JSMA-SC04AB				
H1222		JSMA-SC04AH	0.4	3000	8192	
H1225		JSMA-SC04A5	(Rated 3.5A)		15 bit(ABS)	
H1227		JSMA-SC04A7	]		17 bit	
H1231	- 20A	JSMA- (P)SC08AB			2500	
H1232		JSMA-PSC08AH	0.75		8192	
H1235		JSMA-PSC08A5	0.75		15 bit(ABS)	
H1237		JSMA-PSC08A7			17 bit	
H1241		JSMA-PMA05AB		1000	2500	
H1252		JSMA-PMH05AH	0.55		8192	
H1255		JSMA-PMH05A5	0.55	1500	15 bit(ABS)	
H1257		JSMA-PMH05A7			17 bit	
H1261		JSMA- (P)SC04AB	0.4	2000	2500	
H1262		JSMA- (P)SC04AH	(Rated 3.5A)	3000	8192	

dn-08 Display	Drive Model		Motor St	andards	Encoder
Cn030 Setting	JSDAP	Motor Model	Watt(KW)	Speed(rpm)	Specification
H1265	20A	JSMA-PSC04A5	0.4	3000	15 bit(ABS)
H1267	20A	JSMA-PSC04A7	(Rated 3.5A)	3000	17 bit
H1311		JSMA- (P)SC08AB			2500
H1312		JSMA-PSC08AH	0.75	3000	8192
H1315		JSMA-PSC08A5	0.73	3000	15 bit(ABS)
H1317		JSMA-PSC08A7			17 bit
H1321		JSMA-PMA10AB			2500
H1322		JSMA-PMA10AH		1000	8192
H1325		JSMA-PMA10A5		1000	15 bit(ABS)
H1327		JSMA-PMA10A7	1.0		17 bit
H1331		JSMA-PMB10AB	]		2500
H1332	30A	JSMA-PMB10AH		2000	8192
H1335	OUA	JSMA-PMB10A5		2000	15 bit(ABS)
H1337		JSMA-PMB10A7			17 bit
H1341		JSMA-PMH10AB			2500
H1342		JSMA-PMH10AH		1500	8192
H1345		JSMA-PMH10A5		1300	15 bit(ABS)
H1347		JSMA-PMH10A7	1.0		17 bit
H1351		JSMA-PMC10AB	1.0		2500
H1352		JSMA-PMC10AH		3000	8192
H1355		JSMA-PMC10A5		3000	15 bit(ABS)
H1357		JSMA-PMC10A7			17 bit

dn-08 Display	Drive Model	Madan Madal	Motor S	tandards	Encoder			
Cn030 Setting	JSDAP	Motor Model	Watt(KW)	Speed(rpm)	Specification			
H1511		JSMA-PMA15AB						2500
H1512		JSMA-PMA15AH		1000	8192			
H1515		JSMA-PMA15A5		1000	15 bit(ABS)			
H1517		JSMA-PMA15A7			17 bit			
H1521		JSMA-PMB15AB			2500			
H1522		JSMA-PMB15AH	1.5	2000	8192			
H1525		JSMA-PMB15A5	1.5		15 bit(ABS)			
H1527		JSMA-PMB15A7			17 bit			
H1531		JSMA-PMC15AB		3000		2500		
H1532	50A3	JSMA-PMC15A5H			8192			
H1535	JUAS	JSMA-PMC15A5			15 bit(ABS)			
H1537		JSMA-PMC15A7			17 bit			
H1541		JSMA-PMB20AB			2500			
H1542		JSMA-PMB20AH		2000	8192			
H1545		JSMA-PMB20A5		2000	15 bit(ABS)			
H1547		JSMA-PMB20A7	2.0		17 bit			
H1551		JSMA-PMC20AB	2.0		2500			
H1552		JSMA-PMC20AH		2000	8192			
H1555		JSMA-PMC20A5		3000	15 bit(ABS)			
H1557		JSMA-PMC20A7			17 bit			
H1711		JSMA-PMB30AB			2500			
H1712	75A3	JSMA-PMB30AH	3.0	2000	8192			
H1715		JSMA-PMB30A5			15 bit(ABS)			

dn-08 Display	Drive Model	Matan Madal	Motor S	tandards	Encoder	
Cn030 Setting	JSDAP	Motor Model	Watt(KW)	Speed(rpm)	Specification	
H1717		JSMA-PMB30A7		2000	17 bit	
H1721		JSMA-PMC30AB			2500	
H1722		JSMA-PMC30AH		3000	8192	
H1725	75A3	JSMA-PMC30A5	3.0	3000	15 bit(ABS)	
H1727	7343	JSMA-PMC30A7	3.0		17 bit	
H1732		JSMA-PMH30AH			8192	
H1735		JSMA-PMH30A5		1500	15 bit(ABS)	
H1737		JSMA-PMH30A7			17 bit	
H1822		JSMA-PMH44AH			8192	
H1825		JSMA-PMH44A5	4.4		15 bit(ABS)	
H1827	100A3	JSMA-PMH44A7		1500	17 bit	
H1832	10043	JSMA-PHH30AH		1300	8192	
H1835		JSMA-PHH30A5	3.0		15 bit(ABS)	
H1837		JSMA-PHH30A7			17 bit	
H1922		JSMA-PMH55AH			8192	
H1925		JSMA-PMH55A5	5.5		15 bit(ABS)	
H1927	45042	JSMA-PMH55A7		1500	17 bit	
H1932	150A3	JSMA-PHH44AH		1500	8192	
H1935		JSMA-PHH44A5	4.4		15 bit(ABS)	
H1937		JSMA-PHH44A7			17 bit	

dn-08 Display	Drive Model	Motor Model	Motor S	tandards	Encoder					
Cn030 Setting	JSDAP	Wiotor Wioder	Watt(KW)	Speed(rpm)	Specification					
H1A12		JSMA-PMH75AH	7.5		8192					
H1A15		JSMA-PMH75A5			15 bit(ABS)					
H1A17	200A3	JSMA-PMH75A7		1500	17 bit					
H1A22	200A3	JSMA-PHH55AH			8192					
H1A25	]	JSMA-PHH55A5	5.5		15 bit(ABS)					
H1A27		JSMA-PHH55A7			17 bit					
H1B12		JSMA-PMH110AH	11.0		8192					
H1B15		JSMA-PMH110A5				15 bit(ABS)				
H1B17		JSMA-PMH110A7								17 bit
H1B22		JSMA-PMH150AH				8192				
H1B25	300A3	JSMA-PMH150A5	15.0	15.0 1500	15 bit(ABS)					
H1B27		JSMA-PMH150A7			17 bit					
H1B32		JSMA-PHH75AH			8192					
H1B35		JSMA-PHH75A5	7.5		15 bit(ABS)					
H1B37		JSMA-PHH75A7			17 bit					

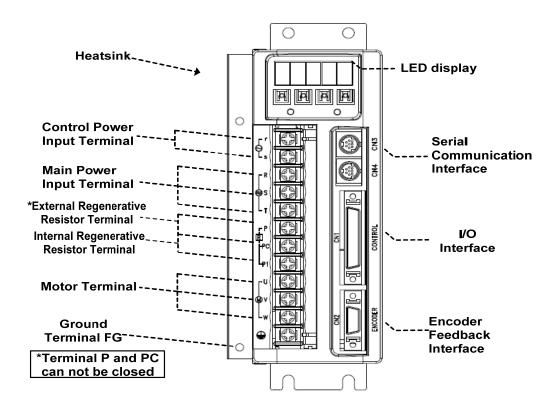
## **400V Class**

dn-08 Display	Drive Model		Motor S	tandards	Encoder
Cn030 Setting	JSDAP	Motor Model	Watt(KW)	Speed(rpm)	Specification
H1211		JSMA-PMB10BB			2500
H1212		JSMA-PMB10BH	1.0	2000	8192
H1215		JSMA-PMB10B5		2000	15 bit(ABS)
H1217		JSMA-PMB10B7			17 bit
H1231		JSMA-PMB15BB		2000	2500
H1232	25B	JSMA-PMB15BH	1.5		8192
H1235	200	JSMA-PMB15B5	1.5		15 bit(ABS)
H1237		JSMA-PMB15B7			17 bit
H1251		JSMA-PMB20BB		2000	2500
H1252		JSMA-PMB20BH	2.0		8192
H1255		JSMA-PMB20B5	2.0		15 bit(ABS)
H1257		JSMA-PMB20B7			17 bit
H1311		JSMA-PMB20BB			2500
H1312		JSMA-PMB20BH	2.0	2000	8192
H1315		JSMA-PMB20B5	2.0	2000	15 bit(ABS)
H1317		JSMA-PMB20B7			17 bit
H1331		JSMA-PMB30BB			2500
H1332	35B	JSMA-PMB30BH	3.0	2000	8192
H1335		JSMA-PMB30B5	3.0	2000	15 bit(ABS)
H1337		JSMA-PMB30B7			17 bit
H1341		JSMA-PMH30BB			2500
H1342		JSMA-PMH30BH	3.0	1500	8192
H1345		JSMA-PMH30B5	3.0	1300	15 bit(ABS)
H1347		JSMA-PMH30B7			17 bit

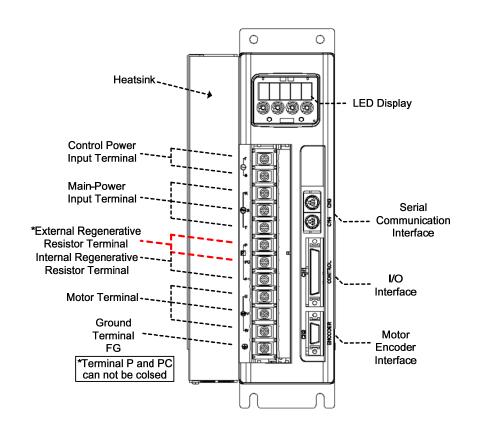
dn-08 Display	Drive Model	Mater Madel	Motor S	tandards	Encoder	
Cn030 Setting	JSDAP	Motor Model	Watt(KW)	Speed(rpm)	Specification	
H1401		JSMA-PMB30BB				2500
H1402		JSMA-PMB30BH	3.0	2000	8192	
H1405		JSMA-PMB30B5	3.0	2000	15 bit(ABS)	
H1407		JSMA-PMB30B7			17 bit	
H1411		JSMA-PMH30BB			2500	
H1412	50B	JSMA-PMH30BH	2.0	4500	8192	
H1415	50B	JSMA-PMH30B5	3.0	1500	15 bit(ABS)	
H1417		JSMA-PMH30B7			17 bit	
H1421		JSMA-PMH44BB				2500
H1422		JSMA-PMH44BH	4.4	1500	8192	
H1425	]	JSMA-PMH44B5	4.4		15 bit(ABS)	
H1427		JSMA-PMH44B7		17 bit		
H1501		JSMA-PMH44BB			2500	
H1502		JSMA-PMH44BH	4.4	1500	8192	
H1505		JSMA-PMH44B5	7.7		15 bit(ABS)	
H1507		JSMA-PMH44B7			17 bit	
H1511	75B	JSMA-PMH55BB			2500	
H1512		JSMA-PMH55BH		4500	8192	
H1515		JSMA-PMH55B5	5.5	1500	15 bit(ABS)	
H1517		JSMA-PMH55B7			17 bit	
H1611		JSMA-PMH75BB			2500	
H1612	100B	JSMA-PMH75BH	7.5	1500	8192	
H1615	מטו	JSMA-PMH75B5	7.5	1500	15 bit(ABS)	
H1617		JSMA-PMH75B7			17 bit	

## 1-2 Surface and Panel Board

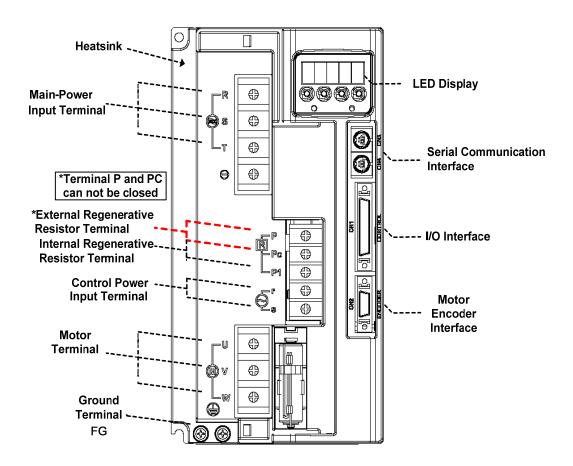
### JSDAP-10A / 15A / 20A / 30A



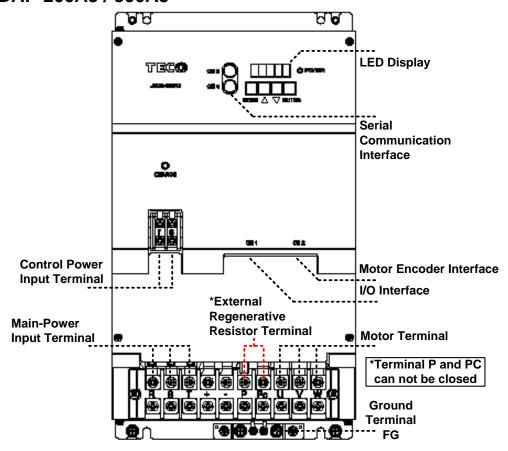
### JSDAP-50A3 / 75A3 / 100A3 /25B / 35B / 50B



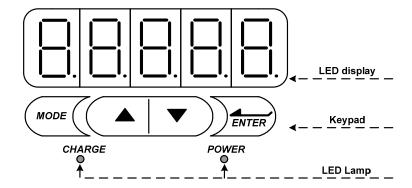
#### JSDAP-150A3 / 75B / 100B



### JSDAP-200A3 / 300A3



## **Key Board**



## 1-3 A Brief Introduction of Operation for Drives

There are many kinds of control-mode. The detail modes display as fellow:

	Name	Mode	Explanation
Position Mode (External Pulse Command)		Pe	Position control for the servo motor is achieved via an external pulse command. Position command is input from CN1.
Single	Ooiiiiiaiia)		Position control for the servo motor is achieved via by 16 commands stored within the servo controller. Execution of the 16 positions is via Digital Input signals.
Mode	Speed Mode	S	Speed control for the servo motor can be achieved via parameters set within the controller or from an external analog -10 ~ +10 Vdc command. Control of the internal speed parameters is via the Digital Inputs. A maximum of three steps speed can be stored internally.
	Torque Mode	Т	Torque control for the servo motor can be achieved via parameters set or from an external analog -10 ~ +10 Vdc command.
		Pe-S	Pe and S can be switched by digital-input-contact-point.
		Pe-T Pi-S	Pe and T can be switched by digital-input-contact-point.
N	Multiple Mode		Pi and S can be switched by digital-input-contact-point.
· '			Pi and T can be switched by digital-input-contact-point.
			S and T can be switched by digital-input-contact-point.
		Pe-Pi	Pe and Pi can be switched by digital-input-contact-point.

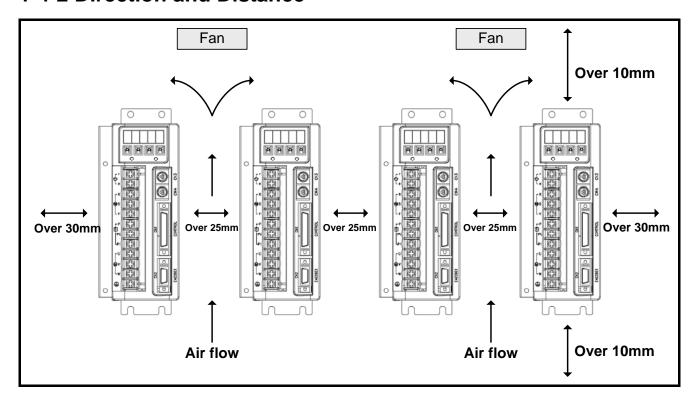
## 1-4 Conditions for Installation of Drives

## 1-4-1 Environmental Conditions

The product should be kept in the shipping carton before installation. In order to retain the warranty coverage, the AC drive should be stored properly when it is not to be used for an extended period of time. Some storage suggestions are:

- Ambient Temperature: 0 ~ + 55 °C; Ambient Humidity: Under 90% RH (Under the condition of no frost).
- Stored Temperature: 20 ~ + 65 °C; Stored Humidity: Under 90%RH (Under the condition of no frost).
- Vibrating: Under 0.5 G.
- Do not mount the servo drive or motor in a location where temperatures and humidity will exceed specification.
- To avoid the isolation.
- To avoid the erosion of grease and salt.
- To avoid the corrosive gases and liquids.
- To avoid the invading of airborne dust or metallic particles.
- When over 1 Drives are installed in control panel, enough space have to be kept to get enough air to prevent the heat; the fan also must be installed, to keep the ambient temperature under 55 °C.
- Please Install the drive in a vertical position, face to the front, in order to prevent the heat.
- To avoid the metal parts or other unnecessary things falling into the drive when installing.
- The drive must be stable by M5 screws.
- When there were the vibrating items nearby, please using vibration-absorber or installing anti-vibrationrubber, if the vibration can not be avoided.
- When there is any big-size magnetic switch, welding machines or other source of interference. Please
  install the filter. When the filter is installed, we must install the insulation transformer.

## 1-4-2 Direction and Distance



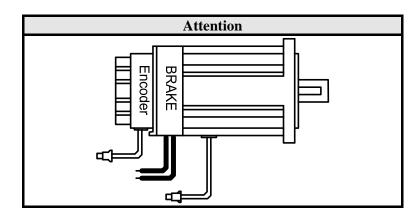
## 1-5 Conditions for Installation of Servo Motors

## 1-5-1 Environmental Conditions

- Ambient Temperature: 0 ~ + 40 °C; Ambient humidity: Under 90% RH (No Frost).
- Storage Temperature: 20 ~ + 60 °C; Storage temperature: Under 90%RH (No Frost).
- Vibration: Under 2.5 G.
- In a well-ventilated and low humidity and dust location.
- Do not store in a place subjected to corrosive gases, liquids, or airborne dust or metallic particles.
- Do not mount the servo motor in a location where temperatures and humidity will exceed specification.
- Do not mount the motor in a location where it will be subjected to high levels of electromagnetic radiation.

#### 1-5-2 Method of Installation

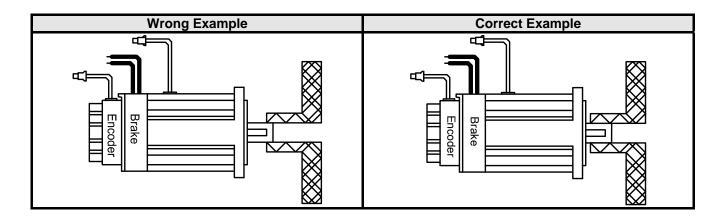
1. Horizontal Install: Please let the cable-cavity downside to prevent the water or oil or other liquid flow into the servo motor.



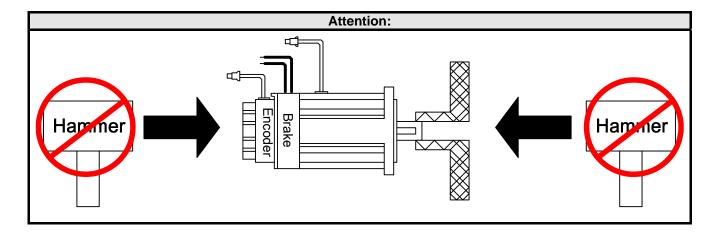
2. Vertical Install: If the motor shaft is side-up installed and mounted to a gear box, please pay attention to and avoid the oil leakage from the gear box.

## 1-5-3 Notice for install motor

- 1. Please using oil-seal-motor to avoid the oil from reduction gear flowing into the motor through the motor shaft.
- 2. The cable need to be kept dry.
- 3. Please fixing the wiring cable certainly, to avoid the cable ablating or breaking.
- 4. The extending length of the shaft shall be enough, otherwise there will be the vibration from motor operating.



5. Please do not beat the motor when installing or taking it apart. Otherwise the shaft and the encoder of backside will be damaged.

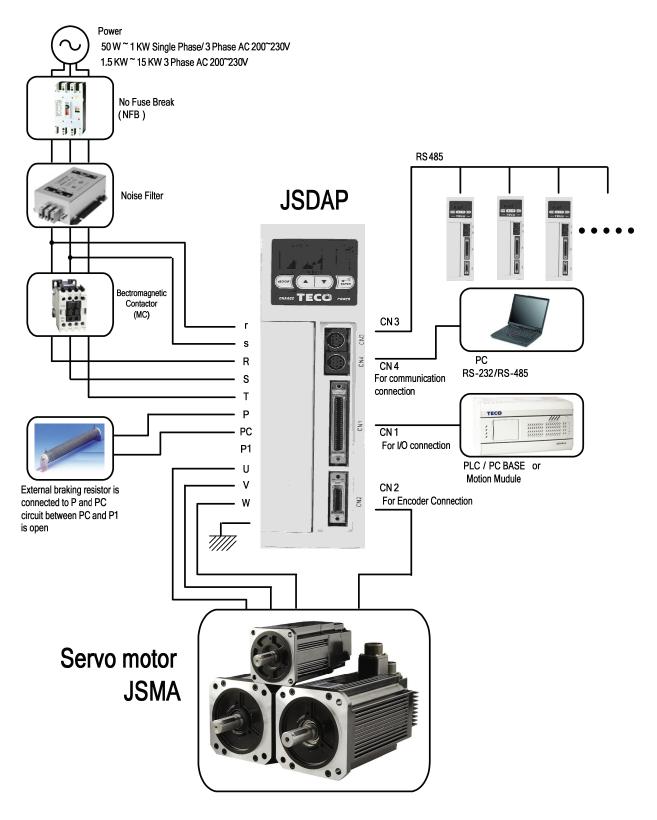


## **Chapter 2 Wiring**

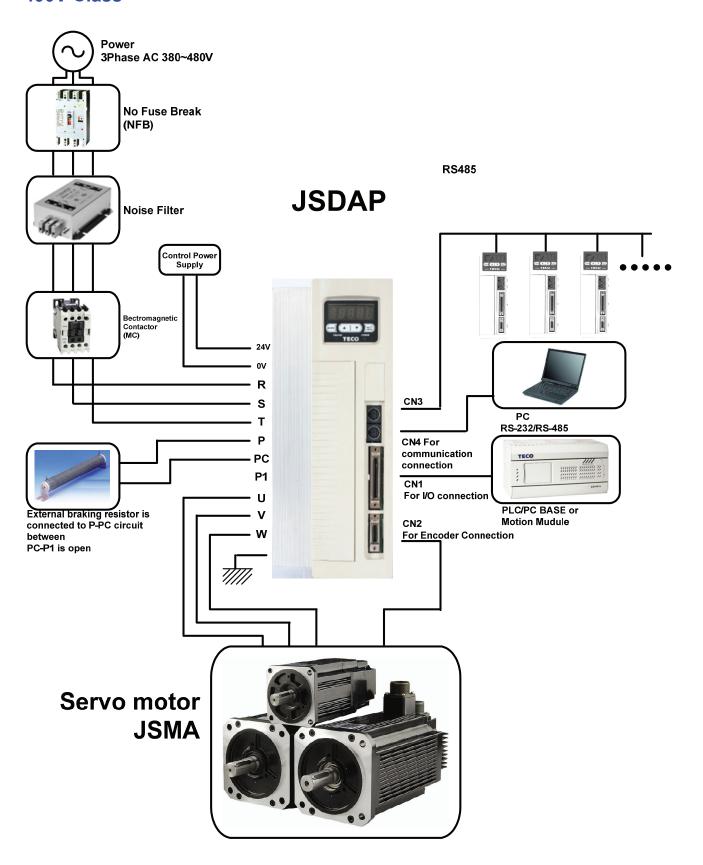
## 2-1 Basic Wiring for Servo System

## 2-1-1 Wiring for Main Circuit and Peripheral Devices

## 200V Class



## **400V Class**



## 2-1-2 Wiring for Servo Drives

- The wire material must go by "Wiring Specifications."
- Wiring Length: Command Input Wire: Less than 3m.

Encoder Input Wire: Less than 20m.

The Wiring goes by the shortest length.

- Please wire according to the standard wiring schema. Don't connect if no using.
- Please use the NFB to meet IEC (or UL Certification) between power supplier and servo drive.
- In the addition of supplying max. voltage, the capability of short circuit current must below 5000Arms, If there
  is possibility.
- Drive output terminals (U,V,W) must be connected to motor correctly. Otherwise the servo motor will abnormally function.
- Shielded cable must be connected to FG terminal.
- Don't install the capacitor or Noise Filter at the output terminal of servo drive.
- At the control-output-signal relay, the direction of surge absorb diode must be correctly connected, otherwise
   it can not output signal, and cause the protect loop of emergency-stop abnormal.
- Please do these below to avoid the wrong operation from noise:
- Please install devices such as the insulated transformer and noise filter at the input power.
- Keep more than 30 cm between Power wire (power cable or motor cable...etc.) and signal cable, do not install them in the same conduit.
- Please set "emergency-stop switch" to prevent abnormal operation.
- After wiring, check the connection-situation of each joint (ex: loose soldering, soldering point short, terminal order incorrect...etc.). Tighten the joints to confirm if surly connected to the servo drive, if the screw is tight.

  There can not be the situations such as cable break, cable pulled and dragged, or be heavily pressed.
  - \* Especially pay attention to the polarity between servo motor wiring and encoder.
- There is no necessary to add extra regeneration resistance under general situation. If there is any need or problem, please connect to distributor or manufacturer.

## 2-1-3 Specifications of Wiring

Co	Connection Terminal					s and	Wire S	pecifi	cations	s mm²	(AWG	)
Connection Terminal	Mark (Sign)	Name of Connect Terminal	10	15	20	30	50	75	100	150	200	300
	R, S, T	Main Power Terminal	1.25 (16) 2.0 (14)			3.5 (12)		5.5 (10)	8.0 (8)	22.0 (4)		
	U, V, W	Motor Terminal				2.0 (14)		3.5 (12)	5.5 (10)	8.0 (8)	14.0 (6)	22.0 (4)
Terminal	R,s	Power-Control Terminal					25 16)					
	P · Pc	External regeneration resistance terminal	1.25 (16)			2.0 (14)	3.5 (12)	5.5 (10)	8.0 (8)	22.0 (4)		
FG ≟		Ground		Over 2.0(14)								

С	onnection Te	erminal	Servo Drives and Wire Specifications									
Connection Terminal	Position Number	Position Name	10	15	20	30	50	75	100	150	200	300
CN1 Joint Control Signal	26,27	Speed Command / Limit; Torque Command / Limit (SIC/ TIC)										
	30,31	Analog Monitor Output (MON 1 & MON 2)	0.2mm <sup>2</sup> or 0.3mm <sup>2</sup> -> Twisted-pair-cable connecting to the Analog Grounding wire (including shield cable)						the			
	33,34	Power Output +15V & -15V										
	28,29,32 Analog Ground Terminal (AG)											
	1~12	General Analog Input (DI)	0.2mm <sup>2</sup> or 0.3mm <sup>2</sup> -> Twisted-pair-cable connecting to the I/O Grounding wire (including shield cable)									
	18~25	General Analog Output (DO)										
	43	Home Signal Output (ZO)										
	47,44	DI PW Command Point / DO Common (DICOM / DOCOM)	Point / DO Common									
	45,46, 48	24V Power & I/O Ground (IP24 / IG24)										
	49	Absolute Encoder Power Supply (BAT+)										

Ce		:	Servo	Drive	s and	Wire	Specif	ication	ıs			
Connection Terminal	Position Number	Position Name	10	15	20	30	50	75	100	150	200	300
	14~17	Position Command Input (Pulse Sing / /Pulse /Sing)										
	35~40	Encoder Signal Output (PA · /PA · PB · /PB · PZ · /PZ)										
	41,42	24V Open Collector Sign Input (EXT1 \ EXT2)										
0110	1,2	PW Output Terminal 5V (+5E)										
CN2 Joint of motor	3,4	PW Grounding Terminal (GND)	0.2mm <sup>2</sup> or 0.3mm <sup>2</sup> -> Twisted-pair-cable (including shield cable)						nield			
		Encoder Signal Input (A · /A · B · /B · Z · /Z)										
CN3	1,4,5,7	Data transfer & receive	e 0.2mm <sup>2</sup> or 0.3mm <sup>2</sup> -> Twisted-pair-cable (including shield							nield		
CN4 Communication	3	Communication grounding wire	cable)									
connector	2,6,8	Floating	_						_			

P.S.: 1. Please pay attention to the NFB and the capacity of noise filter when using multi Servo Drives.
2. CN1 -> 50 Pins (3M Co.)
3. CN2 -> 20 Pins (3M Co.)
4. CN3/CN4-> 8 Pins Mini-Din type

## 2-1-4 Motor Terminal Layout

## Table of Motor-Terminal Wiring

### (1) General Joint:

Terminal Symbol	Color	Signal
1	Red	U
2	White	V
3	Black	W
4	Yellow / Green	FG
Brake control wire	Fine White 1	0V
Diake Collioi wile	Fine White 2	DC +24V

### (2) Military Specifications Joint (No Brake):

Terminal	Color	Signal	
А	Red	U	
В	White	V	
С	Black	W	
D	Green	FG	

#### (3) Military Specifications Joint (Brake):

Terminal	Color	Sig	nal	
В	Red	L	U	
G	White	V	V	
Е	Black	٧	V	
С	Green	F	G	
А	Fine White 1	BK	0V	
F	Fine White 2	control wire	DC +24V	

P.S.: The military joint with BK of servo motor has 9 Pins; and the encoder joint has also 9 Pins. Please confirm before wiring.

## • Table of Motor-Encoder Wiring

### > For 15 bits / 17 bits Encoders

## (1) General Joint:

Terminal Symbol		lor		ınal	
Terrimar Symbol	15bits	17bits	15bits	17bits	
1	Red	White	+5V	VCC	
2	Bla	ack	0V	GND	
3	Brown		VB+		
4	Brown/ Black		VB-		
5	Bl	ue	S	SD	
6	Blue/ Black	Purple	/S	SD	
7	-	· <del>-</del>	-		
8	-	-	-		
9	Shi	ield	F	G	

## (2) Military Specifications Joint

Terminal Symbol	Co			ınal	
Terminal Symbol	15bits	17bits	15bits	17bits	
В	Red	White	+!	+5V	
I	Bla	ack	0	0V	
А	Brown		VB+		
С	Brown/ Black		VB-		
Н	Bli	ue	s	D	
D	Blue/ Black	Purple	/S	SD	
G	_	_	_		
E	-	-	_		
F	Shi	eld	F	G	

## > For 2500 / 8192 ppr Encoders

## (1) General Joint:

Terminal Symbol	Color	Signal
1	Red	+5V
2	Black	0V
3	Blue	А
4	Blue/ Black	/A
5	Green	В
6	Green/ Black	/B
7	Yellow	Z
8	Yellow/ Black	ΙZ
9	Shield	FG

## (2) Military Specifications Joint

Terminal Symbol	Color	Signal
В	Red	+5V
1	Black	0V
A	Blue	А
С	Blue / Black	/A
Н	Green	В
D	Green / Black	/B
G	Yellow	Z
E	Yellow / Black	/Z
F	Shield	FG

## 2-1-5 TB Terminal

Name	Terminal Sign	Detail
	r	200V  Connecting to external AC Power.
Control circuit power input	S	> Single Phase 200~230VAC +10 ~ -15% 50/60Hz ±5%
terminal	24V	400V
	0V	<ul> <li>Connecting to external DC Power.</li> <li>Single Phase 24VDC ±10%.</li> </ul>
Main simultana	R	200V ➤ Connecting to external AC Power.
Main circuit power input terminal	S	Single / 3 Phase 200~230VAC +10 ~ -15% 50/60Hz ±5% 400V
	Т	<ul> <li>Connecting to external AC Power.</li> <li>Three Phase 380~480VAC ±10% 50/60Hz ±5%</li> </ul>
External regeneration resistance terminal	Р	Please refer to <b>Cn012</b> to see resistance value, when using external regeneration resistance. After installing regeneration resistance, set the
Regeneration terminal common point	PC	resistance power in Cn012. *If no using external regeneration resistance, PC-P1 need be close, P doesn't be connected.
Internal regeneration resistance terminal	P1	*When using external regeneration, equip regeneration resistance between PC-P, do not connect P1 terminal.
Mater never entruit	U	Motor terminal wire is <b>red</b>
Motor-power output terminal	V	Motor terminal wire is <b>white</b>
	W	Motor terminal wire is <b>black</b>
Motor-case grounding terminal	FG	Motor terminal wire is green or yellow-green.

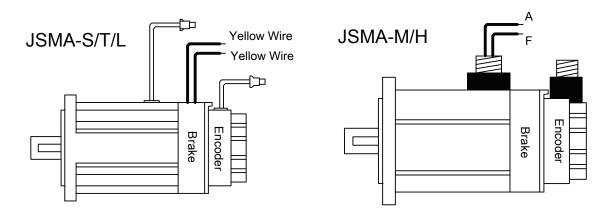
## **TB Terminal Tightening Torque**

	Max. Tightening Torque (kgf-cm / in-lbs						
Servo Pack Model	Control circuit terminal(r, s)	Main circuit terminal(R, S, T)					
JSDAP-10A	10 /	8.7					
JSDAP-15A	10 / 8.7						
JSDAP-20A	10 / 8.7						
JSDAP-30A	10 / 8.7						
JSDAP-50A3	16 / 13.9						
JSDAP-75A3	16 / 13.9						
JSDAP-100A3	16 / 13.9						
JSDAP-150A3	18 / 15.6	30 / 26					
JSDAP-200A3	15 / 13	30 / 26					
JSDAP-300A3	15 / 13 30 / 26						

## 2-1-6 Wiring for Mechanical Brake

#### **Uninstall BRAKE:**

- JSMA-S/L/T series: Use Red wire and yellow wire connecting to DC +24V voltage(No polarity)
- JSMA-M/H series: BK outputs from A & F of Motor Power Joint, servo motor can operate normally after uninstalling.



## 2-1-7 MCCB/Fuse/Filter Recommended Specification

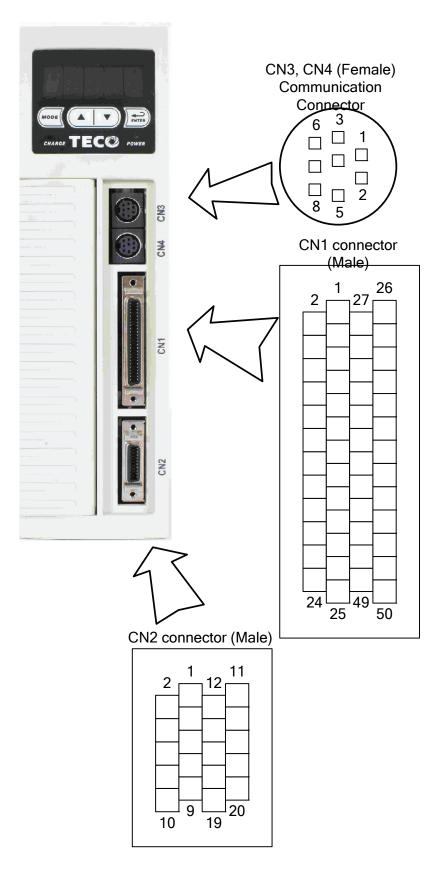
- Please use the MCCB and Fuse to meet IEC (or UL Certification) between power supplier and servo drive.
- Any noise issue which occurred during servo drive operation could be avoided by using filter.

#### **Recommended Specification**

Servo pack	мссв		Fuse	Filter		
Model	MICCB	Rating	Suggestion	Suggestion		
JSDAP-15A	10A	20A	Bussmann 20CT	Schaffner FN3258-7-45		
JSDAP-20A	15A	20A	Bussmann 20CT	Schaffner FN3258-7-45		
JSDAP-30A	15A	20A	Bussmann 20CT	Schaffner FN3258-16-45		
JSDAP-50A3	30A	40A	Bussmann 40FE	Schaffner FN3258-16-45		
JSDAP-75A3	30A	40A	Bussmann 40FE	Schaffner FN3258-16-45		
JSDAP-100A3	50A	63A	Bussmann 63FE	Schaffner FN3258-30-47		
JSDAP-150A3	50A	63A	Bussmann 63FE	Schaffner FN3258-42-47		
JSDAP-200A3	75A	100A	Ferraz Shawmut A50QS100-4	Schaffner FN3258-42-47		
JSDAP-300A3	125A	100A	Ferraz Shawmut A50QS100-4	Schaffner FN3258-75-47		

## 2-2 I/O Terminal

There are 4 group terminal, which control signal terminal (CN1), encoder terminal (CN2) and communication connector(CN3/CN4). The diagram below displays all positions for the terminal.



## 2-2-1 Output Signals from the Servo pack

(1) Diagram of CN1 Terminal:

Nu Po	Name	Function									
Position c	DI-2		1	DI-1	SON ON	27	TIC	Speed Control Torque Limit	26	SIC	Speed Control Speed Command /Torque Control Speed Limit
2	DI-2	ALRS	3	DI-3	PCNT PI/P Switch	27	TIC	/Torque control Torque Command	28	AG	Analog Signal Ground Terminal
4	DI-4	CCWL				29	AG	Analog Signal Ground Terminal			Analog Monitor
6	DI-6	TLMT	5	DI-5	CWL	31	MON2	Analog Monitor	30	MON1	Output 1
			7	DI-7	CLR			Output 2	32	AG	Analog Signal Ground Terminal
8	DI-8	LOK	9	DI-9	EMC	33	+15V	+15V PW output	34	-15V	-15V PW Output
10	DI-10	SPD1			LINIC	35	PA	Encoder output A Phase		.00	
12	DI-12	MDC	11	DI-11	SPD2	37	PB	Encoder	36	/PA	Encoder Output / A Phase
12	DI-12		13			37	ГБ	output B Phase	38	/PB	Encoder Output / B Phase
14	Pulse	Position Pulse Command Input(+)			Position Pulse	39	PZ	Encoder output Z Phase			
16	Sign	Position Symbol Command	15	/Pulse	Command Input(-)	41	EXT1	24V Open Collector Pulse command	40	/PZ	Encoder Output / Z Phase
		Input(+)	17	/Sign	Position Symbol Command Input(-)			input Home	42	EXT2	24V Open Collector Sign input
18	DO-1	Servo Ready	19	DO-2	ALM	43	ZO	Signal Output	44	DOCOM	DO Common
20	DO-3	Zero Speed				45	IP24	+24V PW Output			+24V PW
22	DO-5	Torque Limit(LM)/	21	DO-4	INP	47	DICOM	DI PW	46	IG24	Ground Terminal
		ALRS CodeO(AO)	23 DO-6	DO-6	PC / (A1)	.,		Point  Absolute Encoder Power Supply	48	IG24	+24V PW Ground Terminal
24	DO-7	Drive Limit(ST)/ ALRS Code2(A2)		<b></b>	DAGE DI COLL	49					
			25	DO-8	BASE BLOCK/ (A3)				50		

#### P.S.:

- 1. If there is unused terminal, please do not connect it or let it be the relay terminal.
- 2. The Shielded Wire of I/O cable should connect to the ground.

## (2) CN1 Signal Name and Explanation:

## (a) General I/O Signal:

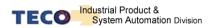
### **Explanation of General I/O Signal Function**

Signal	Function Symbol	Pin No.	Wired Mode	Signal	Function Symbol	Pin No.	Wired Mode	
Position Pulse	Pulse	14		Encoder Output A-Phase	PA	35		
Command Input	/Pulse	15	103	Encoder Output / A Phase	/PA	36	104	
Position Symbol	Sign	16	103	Encoder Output B-Phase	РВ	37		
Command Input	/Sign	17		Encoder Output /B-Phase	/PB	38	104	
Open Collector Position Command	EXT1	41	IO3	Encoder Output Z-Phase	PZ	39		
Power Input.	EXII			/Z-Phase	/PZ	40		
Speed Control Speed Command/ Torque	SIC	26		Analog Signal Ground Terminal	AG	28,29,32		
Control Speed Limit	0.0	20		+15Vdc Output Terminal	+15V	33		
Speed Control Torque Limit / Torque control Torque Command	TIC	27	IO5	-15Vdc Output Terminal	-15V	34		
DO Common	DOCOM	44		Digital input Com Terminal	DOCOM	47		
Analog Monitor Output 1	MON1	30	100	+24Vdc Output	IP24	45		
Analog Monitor Output 2	MON2	31	106	+24Vdc Com Terminal	IG24	46,48		
Home Signal Output	ZO	43	IO2	Power supply for absolute encoder	BAT+	49		

#### **Explanation of General I/O Signal Function**

Signal Name	Function Symbol	Mode	I/O Operation and Function					
Position Pulse Command	Pulse		The Driver can receive 3 kinds of Command below:					
Input	/Pulse	De	. (Pulse)+ (Sign)					
Position Sign Command	Sign	Pe	. (CCW)/ (CW)Pulse					
Input	/Sign		. AB Phase pulse					
Open Collect Position Command PW Input	OPC	Pe	When open collect input in position command, <b>OPC</b> and <b>IP24</b> can be close, and using internal <b>24V</b> power and resistor.					
Speed Analog command Input	SIC	S	In Speed Mode, when external speed command is operated at SPD1=0, SPD2=0, input the voltage range: -10V~+10V, Sn216 can be set input voltage: ±10V's Motor output speed.					
Torque Analog Command Input		Т	In Torque Mode, input the voltage range -10~+10V, Tn103 ca be set input voltage ±10V's motor output torque.					
Torque Control Speed Limit Command		Т	In Torque Mode, when external speed limit is operated at input connect point SPD1=0 & SDP2=0(P.S), input voltage range: 0~+10V, 10V's speed limit stands for motor's ratio speed.					
CCW Torque Limit Command	TIC	S	In Speed Mode, when external torque limit is be used at input connect point <b>TLMT=1(P.S.)</b> , input voltage range: <b>0~+10V</b> , to input 10V will limit the motor CCW torque having 300% of ratio torque.					
Analog Monitor Output 1	MON1	ALL	Operating the motor to control the current speed to transform the voltage output in accordance with the rate (±10V/1.5 times ratio speed) CCW stands for positive voltage, CW negative voltage.					
Analog Monitor Output 2	MON2	ALL	Operating the motor to control the current torque to transform the voltage output in accordance with the rate (±10V/3.5 times ratio torque) CCW torque stands for positive voltage, CW negative voltage.					
Encoder Output A Phase	PA							
Encoder Output / A Phase	/PA		Outputting the Motor Encoder Signal through pulse per rotation					
Encoder Output B Phase	РВ		handle. The pulse quantity of every rotating can be set in					
Encoder Output / B Phase	/PB	ALL	Cn005. When "1" is set in Cn004, it is CCW rotation from the motor load					
Encoder Output Z Phase	PZ		terminal direction, and A Phase gets 90 degree ahead B Phase.					
Encoder Output / Z Phase	/PZ		Signal Output is Line Driver.					
Home Signal Output	ZO							
Analog Signal Ground Terminal	AG	ALL	Analog signal grounding: CN1 - > Pin 28、29、32.					
+15V PW Output Terminal	+15V	ALL	To provide ±15V output power (Max. 10mA), which can be used					
-15V PW Output Terminal	-15V	ALL	in servo drive – external voltage command. Suggestion: Using the variable resistance which is more than $3k\Omega$ .					
DI PW Common Terminal	DICOM	ALL	Digital input power supply common terminal.					
DO PW Common Terminal	DOCOM	ALL	Digital output power supply common terminal.					
+24V PW Output	IP24	ALL	+24V power output terminal (Max. 0.2A).					
+24V PW Ground Terminal	IG24	ALL	+24V power grounding terminal					
Power supply for absolute encoder	BAT+	ALL	Power supply for absolute encoder. If user had not battery module, user can use this pin to supply power to absolute encoder. The range of power supply is 3.3V~3.65V.					

**P.S.:** "1" stands for "close loop with **IG24**"; "0" stands for "open loop with **IG24**". PW is abbreviation of Power



#### (b) Digital I/O Signal:

For many kinds of application, the digital input/output terminal layout of all operation mode are accordingly different. In order to provide more functions, our drives can provide multi terminal layout settings. Users can set these functions for application.

Digital input terminal layout provides 13 (**Pin1~13**) programmable terminal; digital output terminal provides 4 (**Pin18~21**) programmable terminals. The diagram below shows the default digital input/output terminal placement and functions. Please refer to 5-6-1 to check related parameters setting.

#### **Default Digital Input Terminal placement Functions and Wired Mode**

Signal	terminal	Function Sign	Pin No.	Wired Mode	Signal	terminal	Function Sign	Pin No.	Wired Mode
Servo ON	DI-1	SON	1		Servo Lock	DI-8	LOK	8	
Alarm reset	DI-2	ALRS	2		Emergency Stop	DI-9	ЕМС	9	
PI/P Switch	DI-3	PCNT	3		Internal speed command / Limit select 1	DI-10	SPD1	10	
CCW Operation Limit	DI-4	CCWL	4	IO1	Internal speed command / Limit select 2	DI-11	SPD2	11	IO1
CW Operation Limit	DI-5	CWL	5		Control Mode Switch	DI-12	MDC	12	
External Torque Limit	DI-6	TLMT	6		Reverse Direction Speed Command	DI-13	SPDINV	13	
Pulse error amount delete	DI-7	CLR	7			_			

### **Default Digital Input Terminal Layout Functions and Wired Mode**

Signal	terminal	Function Sign	Pin No.	Wired Mode	Signal	terminal	Function Sign	Pin No.	Wired Mode
Servo ready	DO-1	RDY	18		Torque limit/ Alarm code A0	DO-5	LM/A0	22	
Alarm	DO-2	ALM	19		P action / Alarm code A1	DO-6	PC/A1	23	
Zero speed	DO-3	zs	20	IO2	Operation limit/ Alarm code A2	DO-7	ST/A2	24	IO2
Fix position	DO-4	INP	21		Base Block/ Alarm code A3	DO-8	BB/A3	25	

### **Digital Input Function**

(Except CCWL and CWL are high electric potential, other terminal layout are low electric potential. Please refer to 5-6-1 to see related parameters)

Signal Name	Function Sign	Mode	I/O Function						
Servo On	SON	ALL	Ser SOI	vo OFF. <b>N</b> (servo	Attention: on) can ne	Before power on, ot be operated to a			
Abnormal Reset	ALRS	ALL	abn <b>cau</b>	ormality.	But the	abnormality of en n again. Please re	stop-situation from of coder or memory will eset power after the		
PI/P switch	PCNT	Pi/Pe/S	PCN	T and IG	24 close l		speed loop control gration control.		
CCW Operation limit	CCWL	ALL		Connect to CCW over travel detector: CCWL and IG24 close loop; open loop with IG24 -> CCW over travel operates.					
CW Operation limit	CWL	ALL	open	Connect to CW over travel detector: CWL and IG24 close loop; open loop with IG24 -> CW over travel operates.					
External torque limit	TLMT	Pi/Pe/S	to sta	<b>TLMT</b> and <b>IG24</b> close loop will cause the motor-output-torque-limit to stay in the command-voltage range of torque-limit-terminal-layout ( <b>PIC</b> 、 <b>NIC</b> ).					
Pulse error amount delete	CLR	Pi/Pe		When <b>CLR</b> and <b>IG24</b> close loop, delete the pulse amount in the Position Error Counter.					
Servo lock	LOK	S		oosition o			orm speed control mode the motor at the last		
Emergency stop	EMC	ALL		he rotatir			cy stop -> Servo Off and ide if the dynamic Brake		
				SPD2	SPD1	Speed Command (Speed Mode)	Speed Limit Command (Torque Mode)		
Internal speed command / limit				0	0	External command(SIN)	External limit(PIC)		
select 1 Internal speed	SPD1 SPD2	S/T		0	1	Sn201	Tn105		
command / limit	J. 52			1	0	Sn202	Tn106		
select 2				1	1	Sn203	Tn107		
			"1": C	Close loo	d setting a p with <b>IG2</b> p with <b>IG2</b>	<u>.</u> 4			

### **Digital Input Function Explanation**

(Except CCWL and CWL are the high electric potential, other terminal layout are the low electric potential, please refer to 5-6-1 to check related parameters setting)

Signal Name	Function Symbol	Mode	I/O Function						
Control Mode Switch	MDC	Pe/S/T	When <b>MDC</b> and <b>IG24</b> close loop, current control mode will transform into default control mode, please refer to <b>Cn001</b> .						
Position Command Limit	INH	Pe	When <b>INH</b> and <b>IG24</b> close loop, position command input does not operate (do not accept external pulse command).						
Speed Command Counter Wise	SPDINV	S	When SPDINV and IG24 close loop in speed mode, setting rotating speed will become counter-wise rotating speed.						
Gain Select	G-SEL	Pi/Pe/S	When <b>G-SEL</b> and <b>IG24</b> close loop, first stage control gain switch to the second control gain.						
Electric Gear ratio Numerator 1~2	GN1 GN2	Pi/Pe	Selectric gear ratio: select explanation:    GN2						
Internal Position Command Trigger	PTRG	Pi	When <b>PTRG</b> and <b>IG24</b> close loop (positively-triggered), the motor will select related position command to operate in accordance with the terminal layout <b>POS1~POS4</b> .						
Internal Position Command Hold	PHOLD	Pi	When <b>PHOLD</b> and <b>IG24</b> close loop(positively-triggered), the motor will stay holding.						
Home	SHOME	Pi/Pe	When <b>SHOME</b> and <b>IG24</b> close loop(positively-triggered), HOME function operates						
External Origin	ORG	Pi	When <b>ORG</b> and <b>IG24</b> close loop(positively-triggered), server will use this as external reference point for home position returning.						

### **Digital Input Function Explanation**

(Except CCWL and CWL are the high electric potential, other terminal layout are the low electric potential, please refer to 5-6-1 to check related parameters setting)

Signal Name	Function Symbol	Mode					I/O Fund	tion	
	-		Int	ernal	positio	on com	nmand s	elect :	
			РО	S1	POS2	POS3	POS4	POS5	Internal Position
				, +	_				Command select
					0	0	0	0	Pn317, Pn318
					0	0	0	0	Pn320, Pn321
					0	<u>1</u> 1	1	0	Pn323, Pn324 Pn326, Pn327
					1	0	0	0	Pn329, Pn330
					1	0	1	0	Pn332, Pn333
					1	1	0	0	Pn335, Pn336
					1	1	1	0	Pn338, Pn339
			1		0	0	0	0	Pn341, Pn342
					0	0	1	0	Pn344, Pn345
					0	1	0	0	Pn347, Pn348
	POS1		1		0	1	1	0	Pn350, Pn351
Internal Position	POS2				1	0	0	0	Pn353, Pn354
Command select 1~5	POS3	Pi	1		1	0	1	0	Pn356, Pn357
	POS4		1		1	1	0	0	Pn359, Pn360
	POS5				1	1	1	0	Pn362, Pn363
Torque Command Counter Clock Wise	TRQINV	Т							orque mode, setting counter wise output.
			Exter	nal to	orque co	omman	d direction	n select	: 
				RS2	2 RS	1		Statem	ent
				0	0	No t	orque co	mmand	input
External torque	RS1	-		0	1	Acc	ording to	torque c	ommand
command direction select	RS2			1	0		osite dire	ection for	currently torque
				1	1	-	orque co	mmand	input
					short w				

### **Digital Output Function Explanation**

(The terminal layout here from this explanation are all the low electric potential, please refer to 5-6-1 to check parameter settings)

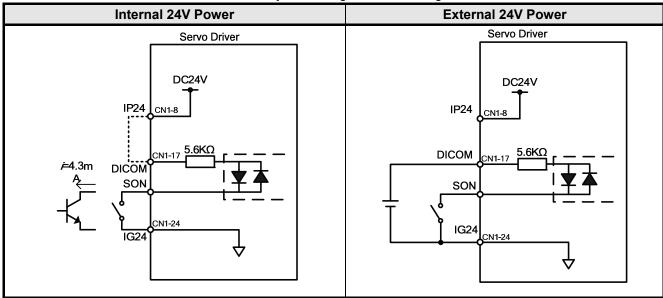
Signal Name	Function Symbol	Mode	I/O Function
Servo Ready	RDY	ALL	Main power and control power input are normal. Under the situation of no alarm, terminal layouts <b>RDY</b> and <b>IG24</b> close loop.
Alarm	ALM	ALL	If normally operates, the terminal layouts <b>ALM</b> and <b>IG24</b> open loop. When alarm occurs, protection-function operates, the terminal and <b>IG24</b> close loop.
Zero Speed	ZS	S	When the motor speed is less than the speed from <b>Sn215</b> , the terminal layout <b>ZS</b> and <b>IG24</b> close loop.
BK Signal	ВІ	ALL	When <b>Cn008</b> is set "1" or "3" and the servo on, the terminal layout <b>BI</b> and <b>IG24</b> close loop; when servo off, terminal layout and <b>IG24</b> open loop. (When this terminal layout is generally applied, it is the Brake relay, which is connected to control motor).
In Speed	INS	S	When the motor speed has achieved the setting speed from Cn007, INS and IG24 close loop.
In Position	INP	Pi/Pe	When the amount of position error counter is less than the amount range which is set in <b>Pn307</b> , <b>INP and IG24</b> close loop.
Home	HOME	Pi/Pe	When HOME is accomplished, <b>HOME</b> and <b>IG24</b> close.
Torque Reach signal	INT	ALL	When the output torque reached the setting value of Tn108, <b>INT</b> and <b>IG24</b> close.
Limiting Torque/ Alarm No. 0	LM/A0	ALL	When motor output torque is limited by internal torque limit amount (Cn010&Cn011) or external torque limit command (PIC&NIC). LM/A0 and IG24 close loop. When alarm occurs, this terminal layout is alarm code output A0.
P in Action / Alarm No.1	PC/A1	Pe/Pi/S	When speed loop is ratio(P)-control, <b>PC/A1</b> and <b>IG24</b> close loop. When alarm occurs, this terminal layout is alarm code output <b>A1</b> .
Server in Limiting/ Alarm No.2	ST/A2	ALL	When CCW or CW operation-limit occurs, <b>ST/A2</b> and <b>IG24</b> close loop. When alarm occurs, this terminal layout is alarm code output <b>A2</b>
Base Block/ Alarm No.3	Base Block/ Alarm No.3  BB/A3  ALL		When servo motor has not be operated, <b>BB/A3</b> and <b>IG24</b> close loop. When alarm occurs, this terminal layout is alarm code output <b>A3</b>

#### (3) CN1 Interface Circuit and Wire Mode:

The diagram below introduces all interface circuit of CN1 and wire-method of host controller.

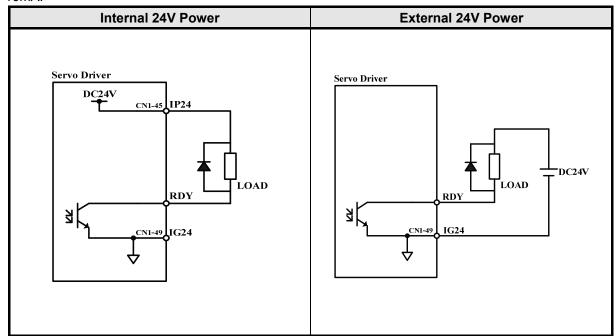
#### (a) Digital input interface circuit (IO1):

Digital input interface circuit can be operated by relay or collector transistor circuit. The relay should be the low electric current, in order to avoid the faulty contacting. External voltage: 24V.



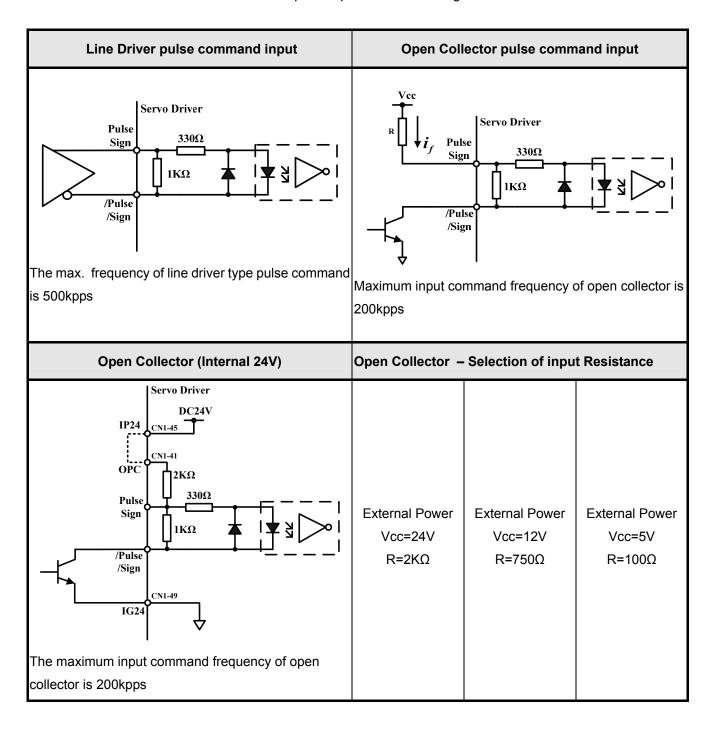
#### (b) Digital Output Interface Circuit (IO2):

When using external power, please attention to the power polarity. Adverse polarity will case circuit damage. Digital output is "Open Collector". The maximum of external voltage is 24V; and the maximum electric current is 10mA.



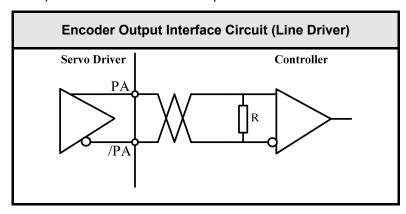
#### (C) Pulse Command Input Interface Circuit(IO3):

Suggesting to use the input method of Line Driver to send the pulse command. The maximum input command frequency is 500kpps. Using the input method of Open Collector will cause the decrease of input command frequency, the maximum input command frequency is 200kpps. The servo provides only 24V power, and other power should be prepared. Adverse polarity of power will cause the servo damage. The maximum of External power (Vcc) is 24V limited. Input current is about 8~15mA. Please refer to the examples below to select resistance. Please refer to 5-4-1 to check pulse input command timing.



### (d) Encoder Output Interface Circuit (IO4):

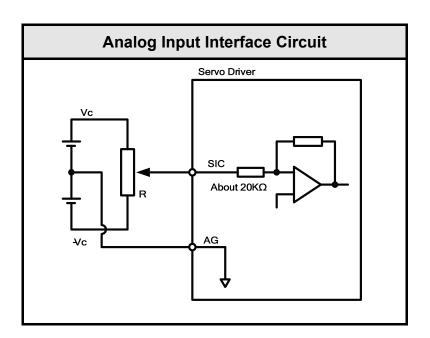
Encoder output interface circuit is the output method of Line Driver, please let end terminal resistance( $R=200\sim330\Omega$ ) connect to Line Receiver input terminal.



#### (e) Analog Input Interface Circuit (IO5):

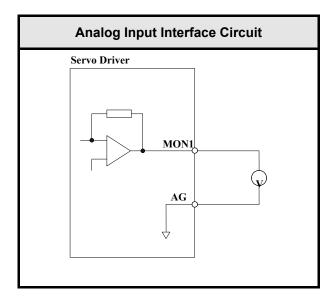
There is sometimes ripple inside the servo internal power. Adverse external power polarity will cause severe damage. Maximum external power voltage (Vc) should be less than 12V; terminal input voltage should not more than 10V. Over voltage will cause damage. When using internal power of server, user need to choose the resistance (suggestion: more than  $3K\Omega$ ), which maximum current is less than 10mA.

SIC Input impedance:  $15K\Omega$  PIC Input impedance:  $40K\Omega$  NIC Input impedance:  $20K\Omega$ 



### (f) Analog Output Interface Circuit (IO6):

The maximum current of analog output is 5mA, so user needs to choose the device, which Impedance is larger.



# 2-2-2 Encoder Connector (CN2) Terminal Layout

## (1) Diagram of CN2 Terminal:

### (a) Diagram of Fewer Wiring Type Encoder:

Pin	Terminal	Function								
No.	Layout	Tunction	1	+5V	PW Output				11	 
2	+5V	PW Output	1		Terminal	12			11	
	,5,	Terminal	3	0V	PW Grounding	12			13	 
4	0V	PW Grounding			Terminal	14			13	
	0 7	Terminal	5	A	Encoder / A	11			15	 
6	/A	Encoder / A		71	Phase Input	16			13	
	/11	Phase Input	7	В	Encoder / B	10			17	
8	/B	Encoder / B	,	Б	Phase Input	18		17	17	
	/ <b>B</b>	Phase Input	9	9 Z	Encoder / Z	10			19	 
10	/Z	Encoder / Z			Phase Input	20	FG	Shielded Wire	19	
10	Phase Input			20		Grounding				

### (b) Diagram of 15 bits / 17 bits Encoder:

Pin	Terminal	Function				_					
No.	Layout	runction	1	Vcc	Power Supply					VB+	Battery(+)
2			1		Output	12	VB-	Battery(-)	11	<b>V D</b> ·	Buttery(+)
			3	GND	Ground	12	VD-	Dattery(-)	13	SD	Serial Data
4				GND	Ground	14	/SD	Serial Data	13	SD	output(+)
,			5			11	750	output(-)	15		
6						16			13		
			7			10			17		
8			,			18			17		
			9			10			19		
10						20			1)		
	_					20					

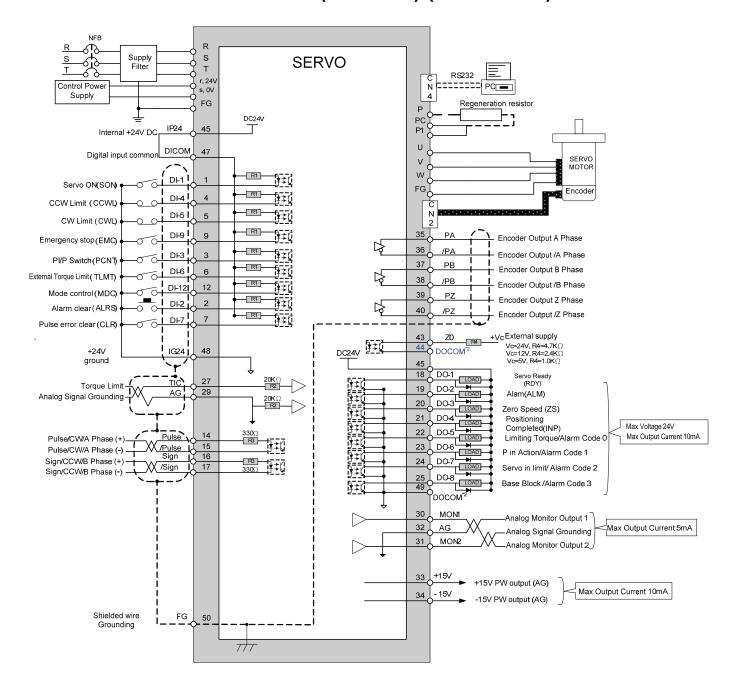
P.S.: Do not wire to the terminal, which is un-operated.

## (2) Name and Explanation of I/O Signal:

				Encoder Outp				
Pin No.	Signal Name		Gene	ral Joint	Plug-in Joint	Terminal Layout Function		
			9 wires (fewer wiring)	15 wires (non-fewer wiring)	Output No.			
1 2	Power output + Terminal	+5V	white	Red	В	5V Power for encoder (provided from driver). When the cable is more than 20m, user should separately use 2 cables to avoid decreasing voltage of		
3 4	Power output - Terminal	0V	Black	Black	I	encoder. When the cable is more than 30m, please contact to the distributorship.		
5	A Phase encoder	Α	Green	Green	Α	Encoder A Phase: From motor terminal		
6	input A	/A	Blue	Green White	С	to the driver.		
7	B Phase encoder	В	Red	Gray	Н	Encoder B Phase: From motor terminal		
8	input	/B	Pink	Gray white	D	the driver.		
9	Z Phase encoder	Z	Yellow	Yellow	G	Encoder Z Phase: From motor terminal		
10	input	/Z	Orange	Yellow white	Е	to the driver.		
11	U Phase encoder	U		Brown		When using fewer-wiring-type motor,		
12	input	/U		Brown white		do not wire.		
13	V Phase encoder	V		Blue		When using fewer-wiring-type motor,		
14	input	N		Blue white		do not wire.		
15	W Phase encoder	W		Orange		When using fewer-wiring-type motor,		
16	input /W		Orange white			do not wire.		
17 18 19	No operated					Please do not wire.		

# 2-3 Typical Circuit Wiring Examples

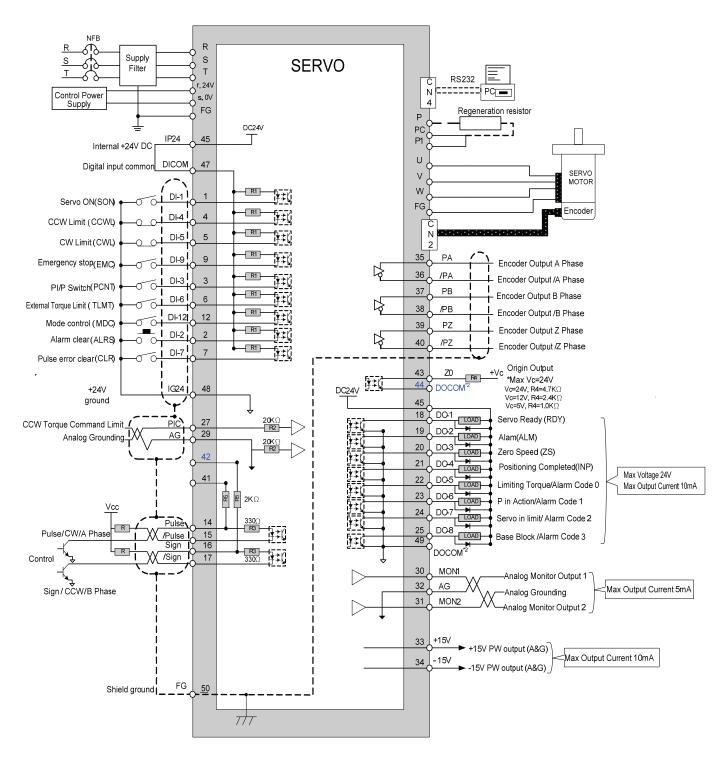
# 2-3-1 Position Control Mode (Pe Mode) (Line Driver)



Notes: 1. Pe mode =External pulse positioning command

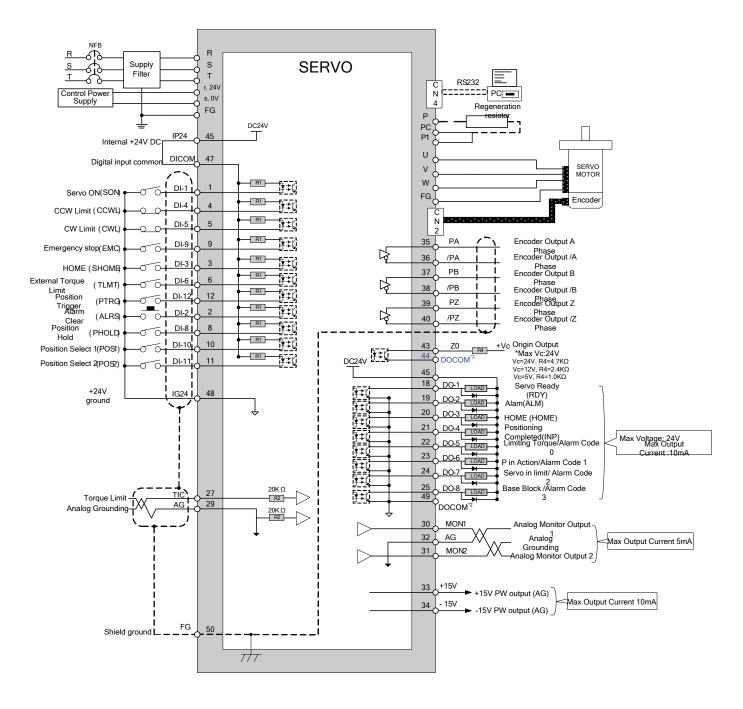
2. DOCOM means common port of digital input

# 2-3-2 Position Control Mode (Pe Mode) (Open Collector)



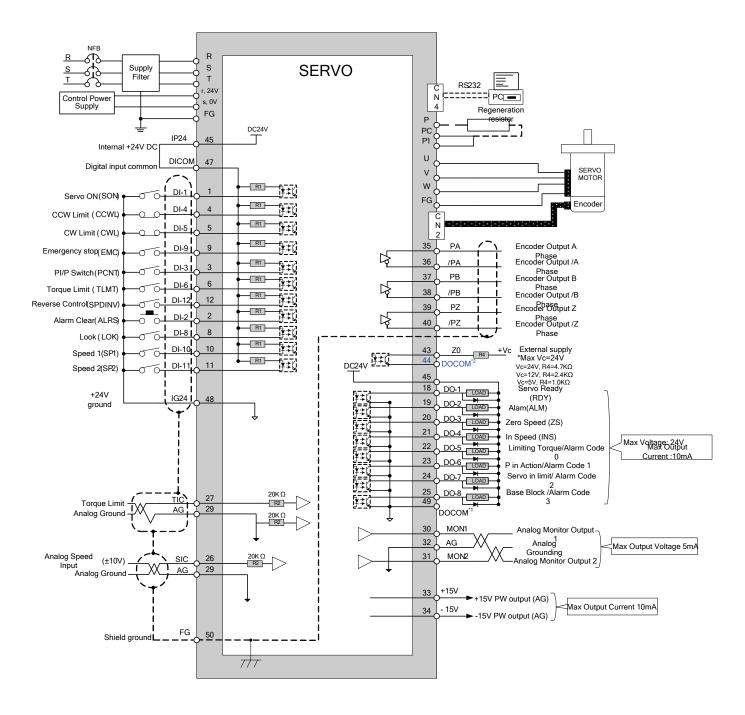
Notes: 1. Pe mode =External pulse positioning command
2. DOCOM means common port of digital input

# 2-3-3 Position Control Mode (Pi Mode)



Notes: 1. Pe mode =External pulse positioning command 2. DOCOM means common port of digital input

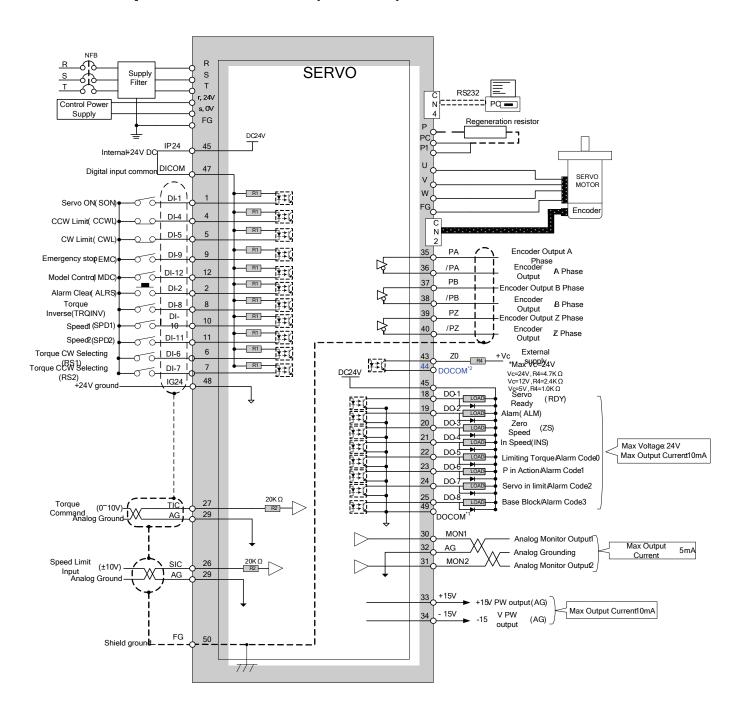
# 2-3-4 Speed Control Mode (S Mode)



Notes: 1. Pe mode =External pulse positioning command

2. DOCOM means common port of digital input

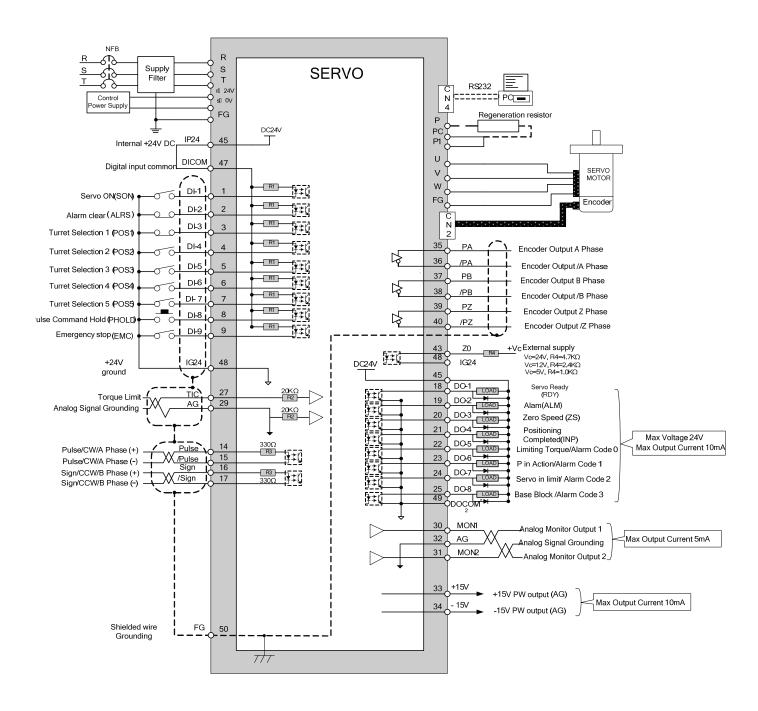
# 2-3-5 Torque Control Mode (T Mode)



Notes: 1. Pe mode =External pulse positioning command

2. DOCOM means common port of digital input

# 2-3-6 Turret Mode (Pt Mode)



Notes: 1. DOCOM means common port of digital input

(While internal power supply has been used, DOCOM must be connect to IG24)

# **Chapter 3 Panel Operator / Digital Operator**

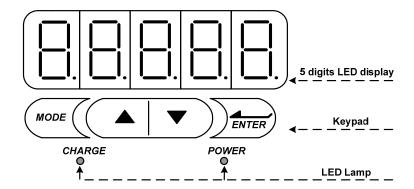
# 3-1 Panel Operator on the Drives

The operator keypad & display contains a 5 digit 7 segment display, 4 control keys and two status LED displays.

Power status LED (Green) is lit when the power is applied to the unit.

**Charge LED** (Red) Indicate the capacitor 's charge status of main circuit. power on to light up Charge LED and gradual dark when internal power capacitors are discharged complete.

Do NOT wire or assemble to the servo drive before Charge LED is off.



Key	Name	Function Keys Description
MODE	MODE/SET	To select a basic mode, such as the status display mode, utility function mode, parameter setting mode, or monitor mode.     Returning back to parameter selection from data-setting screen.
<b>A</b>	INCREMENT	Parameter Selection.     To increase the set value.
•	DECREMENT	3. Press ▲ and ▼ at the same time to clear ALARM.
ENTER	DATA SETTING & DATA ENTER	To confirm data and parameter item.     To shift to the next digit on the left.     To enter the data setting (press 2 sec.)

After power on, MODE button can be used to select 9 groups of parameter.

By pressing the Mode key repeatedly once at a time you can scroll trough the displays below.

Step	Key	<b>LED Display after Operation</b>	Description
1	Power on		Drive status parameters.
2	MODE		Diagnostic parameters.
3	MODE		Alarm parameters.
4	MODE		System Control parameters.
5	MODE		Torque Control parameters.
6	MODE		Speed Control parameters.
7	MODE		Position Control parameters.
8	MODE		Quick set up parameters.
9	MODE	HUZI	Multi function I/O ( programmable Inputs/Outputs) Parameters.
10	MODE		Return to Drive status parameters.

Once the first parameter in a parameter group is displayed use **Increment** or **Decrement** keys to select the required parameter then use **Enter** key in order to view and alter the parameter setting, once this is done then press **Enter** key again to save the change.

Notes: On each parameter display the first digit will be flashing, the enter key can be used to move between digits.

Example procedures are shown below: -

Ex: Setting Speed Parameter Sn203 to 100rpm.

Step	Key	<b>LED Display after Operation</b>	Description
1	Power On		Display status of servo drive
2	MODE		Press MODE-Key 6 times to select Sn 201
3	•		Press INCRMENT- Key twice Sn203 is displayed.
4	ENTER		To view the Sn203 preset value by press <b>ENTER-Key</b> for 2 seconds
5	ENTER		Shift to the second digit by press <b>ENTER- Key</b> once
6	ENTER		Shift to next Digit by press <b>ENTER-Key</b> once again
7	•		Change the digit preset value by press the <b>DECREMET-Key</b> twice
8	ENTER		To save the altered preset value, Press the <b>ENTER- Key</b> for 2 seconds until " <b>SET</b> "is displayed briefly and then display is returned to parameter Sn203

Following example shows the sequence where a parameter preset value is displayed.

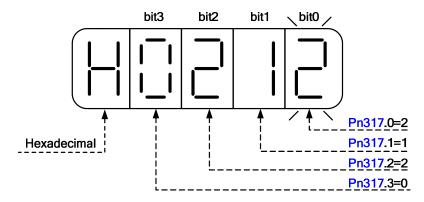
When no change is made and it is skip back to the original parameter by pressing the Mode-Key.

Step	Key	<b>LED Display after Operation</b>	Description
1	Power ON	-	When power on drive status parameter will display
2	MODE		Pressing <b>MODE-Key</b> 6 times, Sn 201 will be displayed.
3	<b>A</b>		Pressing INCRMENT- Key twice Sn203 is displayed.
4	ENTER		To view the Sn203 preset press <b>ENTER-Key</b> for 2 seconds.
5	MODE		No change is made and LED display return to last select parameter Sn203, press MODE-Key once skip

Some of the data entry in this drive are in the format shown below, for these data the Most significant digit will be shown by the Capital letter "H" as shown below.

Ex: Home search function in position mode **Pn317 = 0212.** Each digit of this preset for **Pn317** parameter defines a selection for a specific function.

Bit0 corresponds to a selection for parameter Pn 317.0 and bit1 setting for Pn 317.1 ... etc. Parameter Pn 365 Format for the 5 digits data value is shown below:



#### **Display of Positive and Negative values:**

Description of Positive/Negative Display	Display of Positive	Display of Negative
For negative numbers with 4 digits or less, the negative sign is	3000	-3000
displayed In the most significant digit as shown.  Ex: <b>Sn201</b> (Internal Speed Command 1).		
For negative numbers with 5 digits the negative sign is indicated by	30000	-30000
displaying <b>all the 5 decimal points</b> on the display.  Ex: <b>Pn317</b> (Internal Position Command 1- Rotation number)		

#### Setting a negative value.

(1) If the negative value has 4 digits or less follow the steps in the example below:

Ex: Sn201(Internal speed command 1)= preset speed of 100 to -100 rpm.

Step	Key	LED Display after Operation	Description
1	Power ON		On" power on " <b>Drive Status</b> parameter is displayed.
2	MODE		Pressing <b>MODE-Key</b> 5 times, Sn 201 will be displayed.
3	ENTER		To view the Sn201 preset press <b>ENTER-Key</b> for 2 seconds.
4	ENTER		To move to the most significant digit press the <b>ENTER-Key</b> 4 times.
5	or		Use <b>INCREMENT Or DECREMENT</b> key until the minus sign ( _ ) is displayed. You can toggle between – and + by this key.
6	ENTER		To save the altered preset value, Press the <b>ENTER- Key</b> for 2 seconds until " <b>SET</b> "is displayed briefly and then display is returned to parameter Sn201.

If the negative value has 5 digits follow the steps in the example below:

Ex: Pn317 (internal position preset command 1) set to a negative value -10000 revolutions.

Step	Control Keys	<b>LED Display after Operation</b>	Description
1	Power On		On" power on " <b>Drive Status</b> parameter is displayed.
2	MODE		Pressing <b>MODE-Key</b> 8 times, position parameter Pn 301 will be displayed.
3	<b>A</b>		Use <b>INCREMENT- Key</b> to display Pn317.
4	ENTER		To view the Pn317 preset press <b>ENTER-Key</b> for 2 seconds.
5	ENTER		To move to the most significant digit press the <b>ENTER-Key</b> 4 times.
6	•		Press <b>DECREMENT-Key</b> once to set the most significant digit To 1. And press the <b>DECREMENT-Key</b> once again. All 5 decimal points will light up to indicate a negative number.
7	ENTER		To save the altered preset value, Press the <b>ENTER- Key</b> for 2 seconds until " <b>SET</b> "is displayed briefly and then display is returned to parameter Pn 317.

### Alarm Reset from the Keypad.

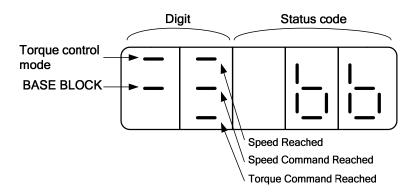
All alarm displays can be cleared from the keypad without a need for an external Alarm clear (Reset) signal.

Ex. Under voltage Alarm AL-01.

Step	Control Key	LED Display after Opertion	Description
1	Alarm		Under voltage Alarm AL-01 is displayed.
2	<b>▲ ▼</b>		To clear Alarm:- Remove input contact <b>SON</b> (Servo On). Then press <b>INCREMENT-Key</b> and <b>DECREMENT-Key</b> at the same time. The display will show RESET briefly and then returns back to parameter display.

The LED display contains status code and the digit of LED, the LED shows different meaning in Torque/Speed control mode and Position control mode, the statement is below.

### (1) Speed and Torque control mode:

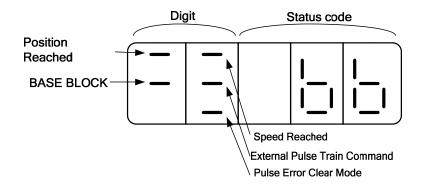


The following table describes the digit and status code.

Digit	Description			
Digit	Digit Lighting	Digit Off		
BASE BLOCK	Servo OFF	Servo ON		
Speed Reached	Motor speed was greater than	Motor speed was less than		
(INS)	Cn007(Speed reached preset)	Cn007(Speed reached preset)		
Speed Command Speed command was greater than		Speed command less than		
Reached	Cn007(Speed reached preset)	Cn007(Speed reached preset)		
<b>Torque Command</b> Torque command was greater than 0%		Torque command was less than 0% of		
Reached	of rated torque.	rated torque.		

Status Code	Description		
BASE BLOCK Servo OFF (Motor hasn't established the magnetic flux)			
-  -  -	Servo drive running Servo ON (Motor is establishing the magnetic flux)		
	CCW direction banned Input contact(CCWL) operation.		
	CW direction banned Input contact(CWL) operation.		

## (2) Position control mode:



The following table describes the digit and status code.

Digit	Description			
Digit	Digit Lighting	Digit Off		
BASE BLOCK	Servo OFF	Servo ON		
Position Complete	Position error was less than	Position error was greater than		
(INP)	Pn307(Position complete value)	Pn307(Position complete value)		
Speed Reached	Motor speed was greater than	Motor speed was less than Cn007		
(INS)	Cn007(Speed reached preset)	(Speed reached preset)		
External Pulse Train Command	External Pulse Train Command	Internal Pulse Command		
		Land Orated DIR/Dulas and alam)		
Pulse Error Clear	Input Contact <b>CLR</b> (Pulse error clear)	Input Contact CLR(Pulse error clear)		
Mode	opration	Disable		

Status Code	Description	
	BASE BLOCK Servo OFF(Motor hasn't established the magnetic flux)	
-  -  -	Servo drive running Servo ON(Motor is establishing the magnetic flux)	
	CCW direction banned Input contact(CCWL) operation.	
-  -	CW direction banned Input contact(CWL) operation.	

# 3-2 Signal Display

# 3-2-1 Status Display

The following parameters can be used to display drive and motor Status.

Parameter Signal	Displayed	Unit	Description
Un-01	Actual motor speed	rpm	Actual Motor Speed is displayed in rpm.
Un-02	Actual motor torque		It displays the torque as a percentage of the rated torue. Ex: 20 are displayed. It means that the motor torque output is 20% of rated torque.
Un-03	Regenerative load ratio	%	Value for the processable regenerative power as 100%.
Un-04	Accumulated load ratio	%	Value for the rated torque as 100%.
Un-05	Max load rate	%	Max value appeared on accumulated load rate
Un-06	Speed command	rpm	Speed command is displayed in rpm.
Un-07	Position error counter value		Error between position command value and the actual position feedback.
Un-08	Position feedback pulse counter	pulse	The accumulated number of pulses from the motor encoder.
Un-09	External voltage command	V	External analog voltage command value in volts.
Un-10	Main circuit Vdc Bus Voltage	V	DC Bus voltage in Volts.
Un-11	External speed limit command value		Display external speed limit command value in rpm.
Un-12	External CCW Torque limit command value	%	Ex: Display 100. Means current external CCW torque limit command is set to 100 %.
Un-13	External CW Torque limit command value	%	Ex: Display 100. Means current external CW toque limit command is set to 100%.
Un-14	Motor feed back – Rotation value (absolute value)	pulse	After power on, it displays motor rotation number as an absolute value.
Un-15	Motor feed back – Less then 1 rotation pulse value(absolute value)	pulse	After power on, it displays the pulse number for less than a revolution of the motor as an absolute value.
Un-16	Pulse command – rotation value(absolute value)		After power on, it displays pulse command input rotation number in absolute value.
Un-17	Pulse command – Less then 1 rotation pulse value(absolute value)		After power on, it displays pulse command input for less than a rotation. pulse value is an absolute value.
Un-18	Torque command	%	It displays the torque command as a percentage of the rated torque.  Ex: Display. 50.Means current motor torque command is 50% of rated torque.
Un-19	Load inertia	x0.1	When <b>Cn002.2=0</b> (Auto gain adjust disabled), it displays the current preset load inertia ratio from parameter <b>Cn025</b> . When <b>Cn002.2=1</b> (Auto gain adjust enabled), it displays the current estimated load inertia ratio.
Un-20	Digital Output status(Do)	_	The status of digital output represented in hexadecimal. Ex : H00XX (0000 0000 Do-8/7/6/5 Do-4/3/2/1)
Un-21	Digital input status(Di)	_	The status of digital input represented in hexadecimal. Ex: HXXXX (000Di-13 Di-12/11/10/9 Di-8/7/6/5 Di-4/3/2/1)

Parameter Signal	Displayed	Unit	Description
Un-21	Pulse command – rotation value(absolute value)	rev	After power on, it displays pulse command input rotation number in High Byte value.
Un-22	Position feedback	pulse	2500/8192 ppr Encoder feedback.
Un-23	15 bits encoder position feedback Less than 1 rotation	pulse	it displays absolute position for an incomplete rotation.
Un-24	Communication encoder position feedback of multi-rotations	rev	it displays absolute position for multi-rotations
Un-25	17 bits encoder position feedback Less then 1 rotation(Low Byte)	pulse	it displays absolute position for an incomplete rotation as Low Byte value.
Un-26	17 bits encoder position feedback Less then 1 rotation(High Byte)	pulse	it displays absolute position for an incomplete rotation as High Byte value.
Un-27	15bits/17bits encoder status	_	15 bits/17bits encoder status feedback.
Un-28	Torque command	%	It displays the torque command as a percentage of the rated torque.  Ex: Display. 50.Means current motor torque command is 50% of rated torque.
Un-29	Load inertia	x0.1	When Cn002.2=0(Auto gain adjust disabled), it displays the current preset load inertia ratio from parameter Cn025. When Cn002.2=1(Auto gain adjust enabled), it displays the current estimated load inertia ratio.
Un-30	Digital Output status(Do)	_	The status of digital output contact (Do) represented in hexadecimal. Ex: H00XX (0000 0000 Do-8/7/6/5 Do-4/3/2/1)
Un-31	Digital Input status(Di)	_	The status of digital input contact (DI) represented in hexadecimal.  Ex: HXXXX (000Di-13 Di-12/11/10/9 Di-8/7/6/5 Di-4/3/2/1)
Un-32	Present Fault Monitor by modbus communication (only for modbus)		
Un-33	Speed detection of fixed filtering (only for modbus)		
Un-34	Torque detection of fixed filtering(only for modbus)		

# 3-2-2 Diagnostic function

The following diagnostics parameters are available:

Parameter Signal	Name and Function
dn-01	Control mode display
dn-02	Output terminal status
dn-03	Input terminal status
dn-04	Software version (CPU version)
dn-05	JOG mode operation
dn-06	Reserve function
dn-07	Auto offset adjustment of external analog command voltag
dn-08	Servo model code
dn-09	ASIC software version display
dn-10	Absolute Encoder Rotation Value Reset

# dn-01 (Control Mode Display)

Access dn-01 to display the selected control mode.

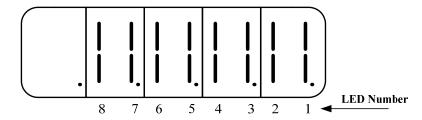
Control mode display description is listed in the table below:

Control Mode	dn-01 ( Control mode display)
Torque control - T	
Speed control - S	
Position control	
(External pulse command) - Pe	
Position/Speed control switch - Pe/S	PE-5
Speed/Torque control switch - S/T	
Position/Torque control switch - Pe/T	PE-F
Position control	
(Internal position command) - Pi	
Internal Position / Speed control	
switch - Pi/S	
Internal Position / Speed control	
switch - Pi/T	

#### dn-02 (Output terminal status)

Use dn-02 to check the status of output terminals.

Output status display is described below:



When output terminal signal has a low logic level (close loop with IG24),

the corresponding LED will be on.

When output terminal signal has a high logic level (open loop with IG24),

the corresponding LED will be off.

Table below shows the functions of the digital outputs.

**DO-1~DO-4** are programmable outputs. Default settings are shown below.

**DO-5~DO-8** are fix function outputs. (non-programmable)

For programmable output list see section 5-6-1.

LED No.	Output terminal number	Default function
1	DO-1	RDY
2	DO-2	ALM
3	DO-3	ZS
4	DO-4	INP
5	DO-5	LM/A0
6	DO-6	PC/A1
7	DO-7	ST/A2
8	DO-8	BB/A3

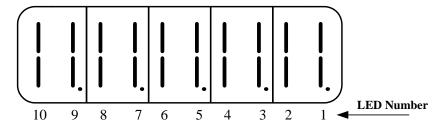
Note: To set the logic state (High or Low) of for programmable digital outputs refer to section 5-6-1.

For the DO-5~DO-8 (non-programmable) terminals are active when logic is low.

### dn-03 (Input terminals status)

Use dn-03 to check the status of Input terminals.

Digital Input status display is described below:



When Input terminal signal has a low logic level (close loop with **IG24**), the corresponding LED will be on. When Input terminal signal has a high logic level (open loop with **IG24**), the corresponding LED will be off. Table below shows the functions of the digital input.

 $DI-1 \sim DI -10$  are programmable Inputs. Default settings are shown below.

For programmable function list see section 5-6-1.

LED Number	Input terminal number	Default function
1	DI-1	SON
2	DI -2	ALRS
3	DI -3	PCNT
4	DI -4	CCWL
5	DI -5	CWL
6	DI -6	TLMT
7	DI -7	CLR
8	DI -8	LOK
9	DI -9	EMC
10	DI -10	SPD1

### dn-04 (Version of Software)

Use **dn-04** to view the current software version of the Servo drive.

Software version can be checked as below:

Step	Keys	LED Display	Description
1	Power On		On" power on <b>Drive Status</b> is displayed.
2	MODE		Press <b>MODE-Key</b> twice to view diagnostics parameter dn-01.
3	<b>(</b>		Press INCREMENT-Key 3 times to display dn-04.
4	ENTER		Press <b>ENTER-Key</b> for 2 seconds to view the software version. (Software version: 2.00)
5	MODE		Press <b>MODE-Key</b> once to return to dn-04 and parameter selection.

## dn-05 (JOG Operation)

Use dn-05 to JOG the motor. Jog is activated by following the steps below:

Note: JOG speed is in accordance with setting of Sn201(internal speed command 1).

Ensure that the required speed is set in Sn201 before executing this function.

Warning: Motor will be agitated run as soon as JOG command is activated.

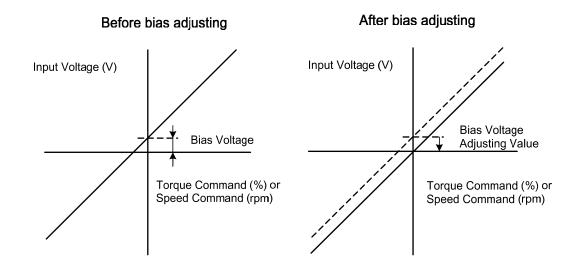
without the need for SON input (Servo On signal).

Step	Key	LED display	Description
1	Power on		On" power on <b>Drive Status</b> is displayed.
2	MODE		Press <b>MODE-Key</b> once to view diagnostics parameter dn-01.
3	<b>A</b>		Press INCREMENT-Key 4 times to display dn-5.
4	ENTER		Press <b>ENTER-Key</b> for 2 seconds to enter <b>JOG MODE.</b> Motor will power on immediately.
5			Press <b>INCREMENT-Key</b> , motor will run in the pre-defined positive direction.
6	•		Press <b>DECREMENT-Key</b> , motor will run in the pre-defined negative direction.
7	MODE		Press <b>MODE-Key</b> once to return to dn-05 and parameter selection.  Motor stoped the excitation immediately.

### dn-07 (Auto offset adjustment of external analog command voltage)

If the external torque or speed analog command is set to 0V and the motor is rotating slowly, this is due to analog input zero offset, use **dn-07** to auto adjust this offset and stop the motor rotating. Follow the steps below:

Step	Key	LED Display	Description
1		t between analog comma before proceeding.	and terminal SIN(CN1-26) and Analog Ground terminal
2	Power on		On" power on " <b>Drive Status</b> is displayed.
3	MODE		Press <b>MODE-Key</b> twice into diagnostics parameter dn-01.
4			Press INCREMENT-Key 6 times to display dn-7.
5	ENTER		Press ENTER-Key for 2 seconds to enter dn-07
6	•		Press INCREMENT-Key once to set to 1 (Enable auto offset adjustment).
7	ENTER		To save the altered preset value and activate auto offset adjust, Press the <b>ENTER- Key</b> for 2 seconds until " <b>SET</b> "is displayed briefly and then display is returned to parameter dn-07. To save this offset value, please select parameters Tn104 or Sn217 as required and press the ENTER-Key. Tn107 for analog torque command. Sn217 for analog speed command.



## dn-08 (Servo motor Model Code display)

Use **dn-08** to display servo motor code and check the servo drive and motor compatibility according to the table below.

If the dn08 preset is not according to the list below then contact your supplier.

The motor model code is stored in parameter Cn30.

### **200V Class**

dn-08 Display	Drive Model	Matau Madal	Motor S	tandards	Encoder
Cn030 Setting	JSDAP	Motor Model	Watt(KW)	Speed(rpm)	Specification
H1011		JSMA-(P)SCP5AB			2500
H1015		JSMA-PSCP5A5	0.05	3000	15 bit(ABS)
H1017	100(1)	JSMA-PSCP5A7			17 bit
H1021	10A(1)	JSMA- (P)SC01AB			2500
H1025		JSMA-PSC01A5	0.1	3000	15 bit(ABS)
H1027		JSMA-PSC01A7			17 bit
H1101		JSMA-PSC02AB			2500
H1102		JSMA-PSC02AH	0.2	3000	8192
H1105		JSMA-PSC02A5			15 bit(ABS)
H1107		JSMA-PSC02A7			17 bit
H1111		JSMA- (P)SC01AB	0.1	3000	2500
H1115		JSMA-PSC01A5			15 bit(ABS)
H1117	4544)	JSMA-PSC01A7			17 bit
H1121	15A(1)	JSMA-PLC03AB			2500
H1122		JSMA-PLC03AH		2000	8192
H1125		JSMA-PLC03A5	0.3	3000	15 bit(ABS)
H1127		JSMA-PLC03A7			17 bit
H1141		JSMA-SC04AB			2500
H1142		JSMA-SC04AH	0.4 (Rated 3.5A)	3000	8192
H1145		JSMA-SC04A5			15 bit(ABS)

dn-08 Display	Drive Model	Motor Model	Motor S	tandards	Encoder
Cn030 Setting	JSDAP	Wiotor Wiodei	Watt(KW)	Speed(rpm)	Specification
H1147		JSMA-SC04A7	0.4 (Rated 3.5A)		17 bit
H1151		JSMA- (P)SC04AB			2500
H1152	15A(1)	JSMA- (P)SC04AH	0.4	3000	8192
H1155		JSMA-PSC04A5	(Rated 3.5A)		15 bit(ABS)
H1157		JSMA-PSC04A7			17 bit
H1211		JSMA-PLC08AB			2500
H1212		JSMA-PLC08AH	0.75		8192
H1215		JSMA-PLC08A5	0.73		15 bit(ABS)
H1217		JSMA-PLC08A7			17 bit
H1221		JSMA-SC04AB			2500
H1222		JSMA-SC04AH	0.4 (Rated 3.5A)	3000	8192
H1225		JSMA-SC04A5			15 bit(ABS)
H1227		JSMA-SC04A7			17 bit
H1231	204	JSMA- (P)SC08AB			2500
H1232	20A	JSMA-PSC08AH	0.75		8192
H1235		JSMA-PSC08A5	0.75		15 bit(ABS)
H1237		JSMA-PSC08A7			17 bit
H1241		JSMA-PMA05AB		1000	2500
H1252		JSMA-PMH05AH	0.55		8192
H1255		JSMA-PMH05A5	0.55	1500	15 bit(ABS)
H1257		JSMA-PMH05A7			17 bit
H1261		JSMA- (P)SC04AB	0.4	3000	2500
H1262		JSMA- (P)SC04AH	(Rated 3.5A)	3000	8192

dn-08 Display	Drive Model	Matau Madal	Motor S	tandards	Encoder
Cn030 Setting	JSDAP	Motor Model	Watt(KW)	Speed(rpm)	Specification
H1265	004	JSMA-PSC04A5	0.4	3000	15 bit(ABS)
H1267	<b>20A</b>	JSMA-PSC04A7	(Rated 3.5A)	3000	17 bit
H1311		JSMA- (P)SC08AB			2500
H1312		JSMA-PSC08AH	0.75	3000	8192
H1315		JSMA-PSC08A5	0.75	0000	15 bit(ABS)
H1317		JSMA-PSC08A7			17 bit
H1321		JSMA-PMA10AB			2500
H1322		JSMA-PMA10AH		1000	8192
H1325		JSMA-PMA10A5	1.0	1000	15 bit(ABS)
H1327		JSMA-PMA10A7			17 bit
H1331		JSMA-PMB10AB	1.0	2000	2500
H1332	30A	JSMA-PMB10AH			8192
H1335	OUA	JSMA-PMB10A5		2000	15 bit(ABS)
H1337		JSMA-PMB10A7			17 bit
H1341		JSMA-PMH10AB			2500
H1342		JSMA-PMH10AH		1500	8192
H1345		JSMA-PMH10A5		1300	15 bit(ABS)
H1347		JSMA-PMH10A7	1.0		17 bit
H1351		JSMA-PMC10AB	1.0		2500
H1352		JSMA-PMC10AH		3000	8192
H1355		JSMA-PMC10A5		3000	15 bit(ABS)
H1357		JSMA-PMC10A7			17 bit

dn-08 Display	Drive Model		Motor S	tandards	Encoder
Cn030 Setting	JSDAP	Motor Model	Watt(KW)	Speed(rpm)	Specification
H1511		JSMA-PMA15AB			2500
H1512		JSMA-PMA15AH		1000	8192
H1515		JSMA-PMA15A5		1000	15 bit(ABS)
H1517		JSMA-PMA15A7			17 bit
H1521		JSMA-PMB15AB			2500
H1522		JSMA-PMB15AH	1.5	2000	8192
H1525		JSMA-PMB15A5	1.3	2000	15 bit(ABS)
H1527		JSMA-PMB15A7			17 bit
H1531		JSMA-PMC15AB		3000	2500
H1532	50A3	JSMA-PMC15A5H			8192
H1535		JSMA-PMC15A5			15 bit(ABS)
H1537		JSMA-PMC15A7			17 bit
H1541		JSMA-PMB20AB		2000	2500
H1542		JSMA-PMB20AH			8192
H1545		JSMA-PMB20A5			15 bit(ABS)
H1547		JSMA-PMB20A7	2.0		17 bit
H1551		JSMA-PMC20AB	2.0		2500
H1552		JSMA-PMC20AH		3000	8192
H1555		JSMA-PMC20A5		3000	15 bit(ABS)
H1557		JSMA-PMC20A7			17 bit
H1711		JSMA-PMB30AB			2500
H1712	75A3	JSMA-PMB30AH	3.0	2000	8192
H1715		JSMA-PMB30A5			15 bit(ABS)

dn-08 Display	Drive Model	Matau Madal	Motor S	tandards	Encoder
Cn030 Setting	JSDAP	Motor Model	Watt(KW)	Speed(rpm)	Specification
H1717		JSMA-PMB30A7		2000	17 bit
H1721		JSMA-PMC30AB			2500
H1722		JSMA-PMC30AH		3000	8192
H1725	75A3	JSMA-PMC30A5	3.0	3000	15 bit(ABS)
H1727	7343	JSMA-PMC30A7	3.0		17 bit
H1732		JSMA-PMH30AH			8192
H1735		JSMA-PMH30A5		1500	15 bit(ABS)
H1737		JSMA-PMH30A7			17 bit
H1822		JSMA-PMH44AH	4.4	- 1500	8192
H1825		JSMA-PMH44A5			15 bit(ABS)
H1827	100A3	JSMA-PMH44A7			17 bit
H1832	100A3	JSMA-PHH30AH	3.0		8192
H1835		JSMA-PHH30A5			15 bit(ABS)
H1837		JSMA-PHH30A7			17 bit
H1922		JSMA-PMH55AH			8192
H1925		JSMA-PMH55A5	5.5		15 bit(ABS)
H1927	45010	JSMA-PMH55A7		4500	17 bit
H1932	150A3	JSMA-PHH44AH		1500	8192
H1935		JSMA-PHH44A5	4.4		15 bit(ABS)
H1937		JSMA-PHH44A7			17 bit

dn-08 Display	Drive Model	Motor Model	Motor S	tandards	Encoder
Cn030 Setting	JSDAP	Wiotor Wioder	Watt(KW)	Speed(rpm)	Specification
H1A12		JSMA-PMH75AH			8192
H1A15		JSMA-PMH75A5	7.5		15 bit(ABS)
H1A17	200A3	JSMA-PMH75A7		1500	17 bit
H1A22	200A3	JSMA-PHH55AH		1500	8192
H1A25		JSMA-PHH55A5	5.5		15 bit(ABS)
H1A27		JSMA-PHH55A7			17 bit
H1B12		JSMA-PMH110AH			8192
H1B15		JSMA-PMH110A5	11.0		15 bit(ABS)
H1B17		JSMA-PMH110A7			17 bit
H1B22		JSMA-PMH150AH			8192
H1B25	300A3	JSMA-PMH150A5	15.0	1500	15 bit(ABS)
H1B27		JSMA-PMH150A7			17 bit
H1B32		JSMA-PHH75AH			8192
H1B35		JSMA-PHH75A5	7.5		15 bit(ABS)
H1B37		JSMA-PHH75A7			17 bit

## **400V Class**

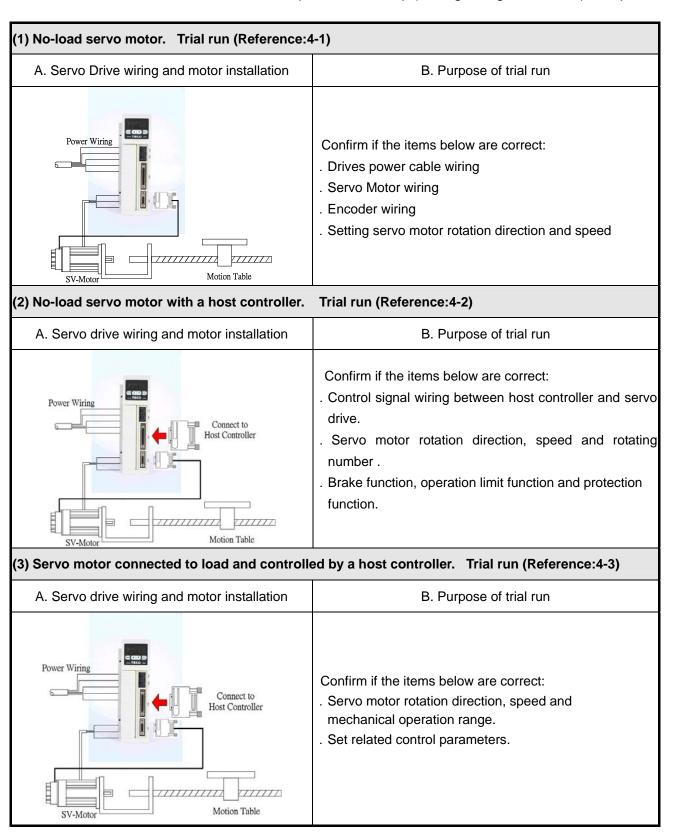
dn-08 Display	Drive Model	Motor Model	Motor S	tandards	Encoder
Cn030 Setting	JSDAP	Wiotor Wiodei	Watt(KW)	Speed(rpm)	Specification
H1211		JSMA-PMB10BB			2500
H1212		JSMA-PMB10BH	1.0	2000	8192
H1215		JSMA-PMB10B5	1.0	2000	15 bit(ABS)
H1217		JSMA-PMB10B7			17 bit
H1231		JSMA-PMB15BB			2500
H1232	25B	JSMA-PMB15BH	1.5	2000	8192
H1235		JSMA-PMB15B5	1.5	2000	15 bit(ABS)
H1237		JSMA-PMB15B7			17 bit
H1251		JSMA-PMB20BB		2000	2500
H1252		JSMA-PMB20BH	2.0		8192
H1255		JSMA-PMB20B5			15 bit(ABS)
H1257		JSMA-PMB20B7			17 bit
H1311		JSMA-PMB20BB	2.0	2000	2500
H1312		JSMA-PMB20BH			8192
H1315		JSMA-PMB20B5			15 bit(ABS)
H1317		JSMA-PMB20B7			17 bit
H1331		JSMA-PMB30BB			2500
H1332	35B	JSMA-PMB30BH	3.0	2000	8192
H1335	000	JSMA-PMB30B5	3.0	2000	15 bit(ABS)
H1337		JSMA-PMB30B7			17 bit
H1341		JSMA-PMH30BB			2500
H1342		JSMA-PMH30BH		1500	8192
H1345		JSMA-PMH30B5	3.0		15 bit(ABS)
H1347		JSMA-PMH30B7			17 bit

dn-08 Display	Drive Model	Matan Madal	Motor S	tandards	Encoder
Cn030 Setting	JSDAP	Motor Model	Watt(KW)	Speed(rpm)	Specification
H1401		JSMA-PMB30BB			2500
H1402		JSMA-PMB30BH	3.0	2000	8192
H1405		JSMA-PMB30B5	3.0	2000	15 bit(ABS)
H1407		JSMA-PMB30B7			17 bit
H1411		JSMA-PMH30BB			2500
H1412	50B	JSMA-PMH30BH	3.0	1500	8192
H1415	3013	JSMA-PMH30B5	3.0	1300	15 bit(ABS)
H1417		JSMA-PMH30B7			17 bit
H1421		JSMA-PMH44BB		1500	2500
H1422		JSMA-PMH44BH	4.4		8192
H1425		JSMA-PMH44B5			15 bit(ABS)
H1427		JSMA-PMH44B7			17 bit
H1501		JSMA-PMH44BB	4.4	1500	2500
H1502		JSMA-PMH44BH			8192
H1505		JSMA-PMH44B5			15 bit(ABS)
H1507	75B	JSMA-PMH44B7			17 bit
H1511	735	JSMA-PMH55BB			2500
H1512		JSMA-PMH55BH	5.5	1500	8192
H1515		JSMA-PMH55B5	0.0	1300	15 bit(ABS)
H1517		JSMA-PMH55B7			17 bit
H1611		JSMA-PMH75BB			2500
H1612	100B	JSMA-PMH75BH	7.5	1500	8192
H1615	IVUB	JSMA-PMH75B5	7.5	1500	15 bit(ABS)
H1617		JSMA-PMH75B7			17 bit

## **Chapter 4 Trial Operation**

Before proceeding with trial run, please ensure that all the wiring is correct.

Trial run description below covers the operation from keypad and also from an external controller such as a PLC. Trial run with external controller speed control loop (analog voltage command) and position



control loop (external pulse command).

## 4-1 Trial Operation for Servomotor without Load

To carry out a successful trial run follow the steps below and ensure that drive wiring is correct and as specified.

## 🔔 Warning

In order to prevent potential damage, prior to trial run ensure that the driven mechanism, couplings and belts etc are disconnected from the motor.

#### 1. Installation of servo motor.

Ensure that the motor is installed securely so that there is no movement and vibration during trial run.

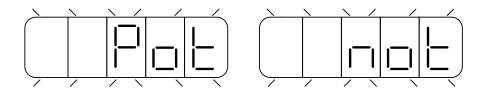
#### 2. Wiring.

Check servo drive , motor power connections and motor encoder connection.

No control signal wiring is required of this stage thus remove connector (CN1) from the servo drive.

#### 3. Servo drive power.

Apply power to servo drive. If the display showed any Alarm message as below, please refer to chapter 8 to identify the cause.



The above is caused by Input terminals **CCWL** (Counter clockwise Limit) and **CWL** (Clockwise Limit) being activated at the same time. See (the default setting of high or low input logic state according to the description in section 5-6-1). Because of the alarm, the servo can not operate normally.

Set the parameter Cn002.1=1 to disable the drive limit function temporarily during trial run period.

### Steps for setting parameter Cn002.1 ( CCWL &CWL Rotation limit selection).

Setp	Keys	LED Display	Description
1	Power on	- 10	On" power on " <b>Drive Status</b> is displayed.
2	MODE		Press MODE-Key 4 times to display Cn001.
3			Press INCREMENT-Key once to display Cn002.
4	ENTER	HUUUÜ	Press ENTER-Key for 2 secs to display the preset value of Cn002. Note: Cn 002 includes 4 digits corresponding to Cn002.0,Cn002.1,Cn002.2 & Cn002.3.
5	ENTER		Press ENTER-Key once to move to the 2 <sup>nd</sup> digit for (Cn 002.1).
6	•		Press <b>INCREMENT- Key</b> once to adjust the 2 <sup>nd</sup> digit to 1. Disable the function of external limits CCWL and CWL.
7	ENTER		To save the setting value by Press the <b>ENTER- Key</b> for 2 seconds until " <b>SET</b> "is displayed briefly and then display is returned to parameter Cn-002.

After accomplish these steps, reset the power. If there are any other alarms then refer to section **8-2 (Clearing Alarms)**. Once there is no alarms then operate the drive again. If any of the alarms can not be cleared, please contact your local supplier for assistance.

#### 4. Mechanical Brake Release.

When a brake type servo motor is used then must release the brake before starting trial run by applying 24vdc voltage to brake terminals.

## 5. Keypad Trial run (JOG function).

Jog function can be used to check if motor speed and rotation direction is correct.

Parameters Sn 201(internal speed command 1) and Cn004 (motor rotation direction selection)

Can be used to set the required speed and direction.

#### Warning!

Set the required JOG speed before the trial run otherwise the motor will run at the default speed set in parameter Sn201(internal speed command 1).

#### Warning!

Regardless of external SON (servo on) is active of not, Servo motor will get excitation as soon as JOG is activated.

## Steps for setting JOG function:

Step	Keys	LED Display	Description
1	Power on		On" power on " <b>Drive Status</b> is displayed.
2	MODE		Press <b>MODE-Key</b> twice to view diagnostics parameter dn-01.
3			Press INCREMENT-Key 4 times to display dn-5.
4	ENTER		Press ENTER-Key for 2 seconds to enter JOG MODE.  Motor will power on immediately.
5			Press <b>INCREMENT-Key</b> , motor will run in the pre-defined positive direction.
6	•		Press DECREMENT-Key, motor will run in the pre-defined negative direction.
7	MODE		Press <b>MODE-Key</b> once to return to dn-05 and parameter selection.  Motor power will be turned off immediately.

## 4-2 Trial Operation for Servo motor without Load from Host Reference

Check and ensure that all power connections to the drive and motor and control signal connection between the host controller and the drive are correct. Motor must be mechanically disconnected from the load.

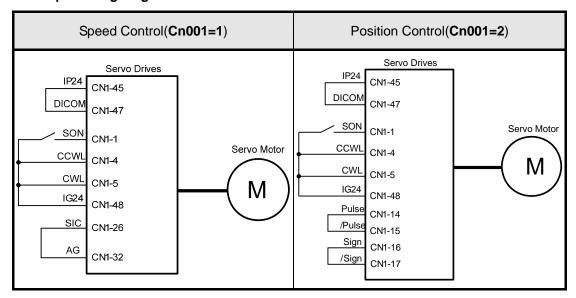
Following section describes the trial run when using a host controller such as a PLC.

Two trial runs have been discussed. Speed control mode (Section B) and Position control mode (Section C).

Section A shows the connections and SON signal (servo on) requirements for both trial runs.

#### A. Launching Servo motor

#### **Example wiring diagram:**



## a. Disable Analog Input command terminals.

**Speed control mode:** Link analog input terminal SIN to 0V terminal (AG).

**Position control mode:** Link external pulse command terminals "Pulse" to "/Pulse" and "Sign" to "/Sign".

#### b. Enable Servo ON Signal

Connect **SON** terminal to IG 24 (0V) terminal (Digital Ground).

On drive power up servo will be turned on. Now check for any Alarms. If any alarms then refer to Chapter 8-2 for how to reset the Alarms.

## <u></u> . Warning

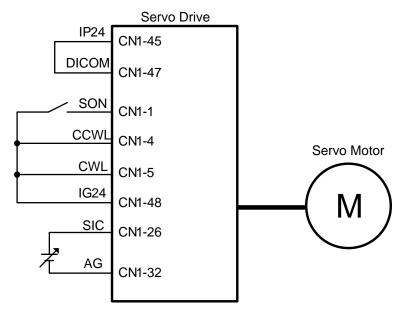
- To control the motor operating and stop, please input Torque/Speed/Position command after Servo ON.
- When input Torque/Speed/Position command, Please do not control the motor operating and stop by using servo on signal.

#### B. Trial run in Speed control mode(Cn001=1).

#### 1. Wiring check:

Check and ensure that all power cable and control signal connections are correct as shown below.

To be able to adjust the speed for test connect a potentiometer between terminals SIN (analog input voltage) and AG (Analog Ground). Set the analog input voltage to 0V. (No speed reference).



#### 2. Apply Servo on.

Apply power to the drive and activate (**SON**) signal by switching SON terminal to IG24 (input digital Ground). If the motor rotates slowly, while the speed analog input voltage is 0 volts

then use dn-07 function to auto offset adjustment for the analog input value. (refer to section 3-2-2).

#### 3. Check the relationship between motor speed and the analog input speed command.

Increase the analog speed input voltage gradually (by potentiometer) and monitor the actual motor speed by parameter **Un0-01**.

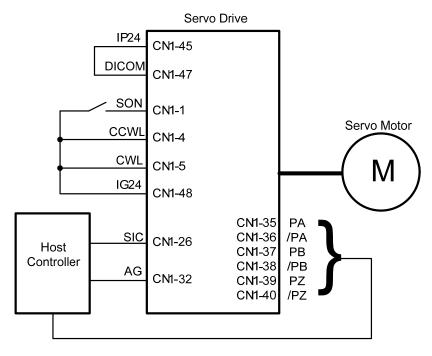
Check if motor rotation direction is correct and if necessary set it by parameter Cn004.

Check for correctness of analog speed command ratio in relation to the preset in parameter (Sn216) and analog speed command limit as set in parameter (Sn218).

Finally, switch off **SON signal** (turn off the servo motor).

#### 4. Connection with a host controller.

Check and ensure that the wiring for the servo drive and host controller, speed analog signal input (SIN), and encoder output (PA, /PA, PB, /PB, PZ, /PZ) are all correct and according to the diagram below:



#### 5. Confirm the rotation number and encoder output of Servo Motor.

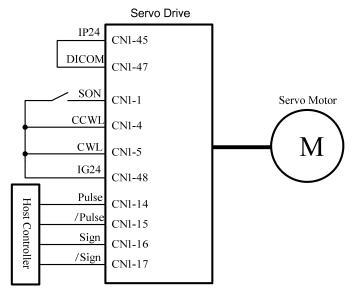
Use parameter Un-14 to check if the Motor feed back (number of revolutions) per minute is correct and the same as number of revolutions sent by the host controller.

If there is any difference then check and make sure that parameter Cn005 (Encoder ppr) is set correctly. Once this is complete remove SON signal to switch off power to the motor.

#### C. Position control mode trial run (Cn001=2).

#### 1. Wiring:

Check and ensure that all power connections to the drive and motor and control signal connections are correct as diagram below.



#### 2. Setting electronic gear ratio.

Set electronic gear ratio parameters Pn302~Pn306 as required for the positioning application. (refer to section 5-4-3).

Note: Electronic gear ratio parameter can be used to scale the command output pulse.

This would be useful in transmission applications where move distance per move command pulse has to be scaled due to mechanical requirements.

#### 3. Apply Servo on.

Apply power to the drive and activate (SON) signal by switching SON terminal to IG24 (input digital Ground).

#### 4. Confirm motor speed, direction and number of revolutions.

Apply a low-speed pulse command from the host controller to the servo drive so that the servo motor operates at low-speed.

- Compare the number of pulses per revolution from parameters Un-15 (motor feed back pulse ppr) and Un-17 (Input command ppr) these should be the same.
- Compare the number of revolutions using parameters Un-14 (motor feed back rotation number) and Un-16 (pulse command rotation number) these should be the same.

If there are differences then adjust electronic gear ratio parameters **Pn302~Pn306** as required and test again until the result is satisfactory.

If the direction of motor rotation is incorrect then check and if necessary set parameter Pn 301.0 (position pulse command types).

Also check and if necessary set parameter Pn314 (Position command direction selection).

Once the test result is correct then remove SON signal. (Power to the motor is switched off).

# 4-3 Trial Operation with the Servo motor Connected to the Machine

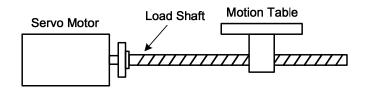
## 🔔 Warning

Servo drive parameters must be set correctly otherwise damage to machinery and potential injury may result.

Do not close to the machine after temporary power loss, the machine may restart unexpected.

## Please take the measures highlighted in the section below before trial run with load.

- Consider the Mechanical system requirements and set the parameters appropriate for control by the host controller.
- Ensure that the rotation direction and speed are suitable for the Mechanical system.



#### Steps required for Trial run.

- 1. Ensure that the ServoDrive Power is off.
- 2. Connect the servo motor to the load shaft.

Refer to Chapter 1-5 to check the installation guidelines for the servo motor.

3. Gain adjustment for the servo control loop.

Refer to Chapter 5-5 for details.

4. Trial run with a host controller.

Run command is to be signaled by the host controller.

Refer to Chapter 4-2 to choose the required trial run mode (Speed control or position control modes) according to the application and set and adjust the parameters if necessary for the application.

5. Repeat adjusting and record the set parameter values.

Repeat steps 3 and 4 until the mechanical system is operating satisfactorily then record the Gain value and the parameters changes for the future use.

## **Chapter 5 Control Functions**

## **5-1 Control Mode Selection**

There are three control modes in the servo drive, torque, speed and position modes can be selected individually or as a combination according to the selection table below:

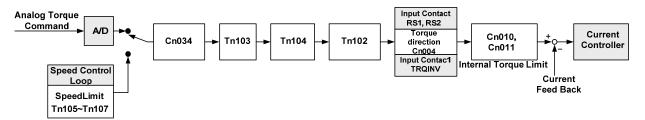
Parameter	Name	Setting	Description	Default Value	Control Mode
		0	Torque control  To use one analog voltage command signal to control torque. Please refer to 5-2.		
		1	Speed control Input contacts SPD1 and SPD2 can be used to select 4		
			-steps of speed. Please refer to section <b>5-3-1</b> .		
			Position control (External pulse command)		
		2	Four separate selectable pulse command types are possible to control position. Please refer to section <b>5-4-1</b> .		
			Position / Speed control switch		
		3	Input contact <b>MDC</b> can be used to switch between position & speed control. Please refer to section <b>5-6-2</b> .		
			Speed / Torque control switch		
		4	Input contact <b>MDC</b> can be used to switch between speed		
			& torque control. Please refer to section <b>5-6-2</b> .		
*•	Control	de 5	Position / Torque control switch Input contact MDC can be used to switch between		
Cn001	mode selection		position & torque control. Please refer to <b>section 5-6-2</b> .	2	ALL
		6	Position control (internal position command)		
			Input contacts POS 1~POS 4 can be used to select 16		
			programmable preset position commands to control position. Please refer to <b>5-4-2</b> .		
			Internal Position / Speed control switch		
		7	Input contact <b>MDC</b> can be used to switch control mode between position and speed, please refer to <b>chapter 5-6-2</b> .		
			Internal Positin / Torque control switch		
		8	Input contact MDC can be used to switch control mode		
		0	between position and torque, please refer to <b>chapter 5-6-2</b> .		
		9	Tool Turret mode Please refer to 5-7.		
		А	Internal/External Position switching Input contactor MDC can be switch between internal		
			and external position. Please refer to <b>5-7</b> .		

New setting will become effective after re-cycling the power.

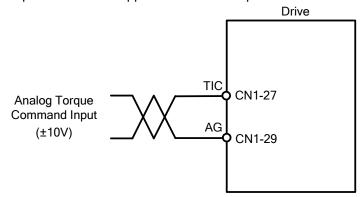
## 5-2 Torque Mode

Torque mode is used in applications such as printing machines, coil wiring machines, injection molding machines and specific application that requiring torque control.

Diagram below shows the torque control process diagram.



Analog voltage torque command is applied to the drive input terminals as shown below:



Caution!

Care should be taken in selection of required torque direction CW/CCW.

Please refer to Chapter 5-2-4.

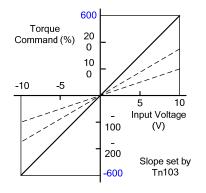
## 5-2-1 Analog Torque Command Ratio

Analog torque command ratio can be used to adjust the relationship between Input voltage torque command and actual torque command.

Parameter	Name	Default	Unit	Setting range	Control Mode
Tn103	Analog torque command ratio	300	%/10V	0~600	Т

Setting example: refer to the following diagram.

- 1. With Tn103 set to 300, a torque command input voltage of 10V, corresponds to 300% of rated torque. For input voltage of 5V, actual torque command will be 150% of rated torque.
- 2. With Tn03 set to 200, a torque command input voltage of 10V, corresponds to 200% of rated torque. For input voltage of 5V, actual torque command will be 100%.

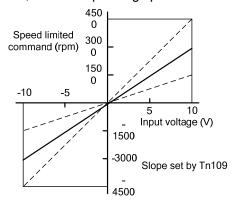


## 5-2-2 Analog Speed Limit Proportion

Parameter	Name	Default	Unit	Setting range	Control Mode
Tn109	Analog Speed Limited Proportion	3000	rpm	100   4500	Т

## Setting example:

- (1) If **Tn103** is set to 3000, the corresponding speed limited to the input voltage of 10V is 3000 rpm; if the input voltage is 5V, the corresponding speed should be limited to 1500 rpm.
- (2) If **Tn103** is set to 2000, the corresponding speed limited to the input voltage of 10V is 2000 rpm; if the input voltage is 5V, the corresponding speed should be limited to 1000 rpm.



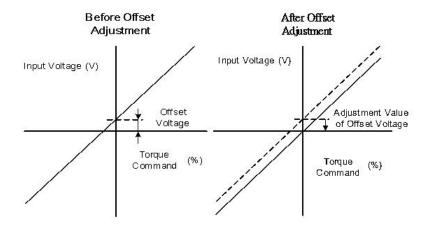
## 5-2-3 Adjusting the Analog Torque Command Offset

For a torque command of 0V, motor could possibly be rotating slowly.

To rectify this effect by adjust offset value in parameter **Tn104** or use auto offset adjust feature. (Please refer to section **3-2-2**).

Note: To check and set the offset to zero, insert a link between analog torque command contact SIN (CN1-26) and analog ground contact AG (CN1-29).

Parameter	Name	Default	Unit	Setting range	Control mode
Tn104	Analog torque command offset	0	mV	-10000~10000	Т



## 5-2-4 Torque Command Linear Acceleration and Deceleration

A smooth torque command can be achieved by enabling acceleration/Deceleration parameter Tn101.

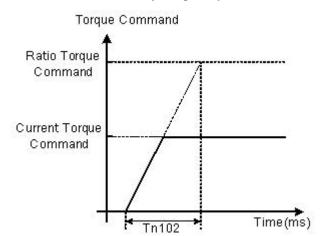
Parameter	Name	Setting	Description	Setting range	Control mode
		0	Disable	•	
★ Tn101	Linear acceleration/ deceleration method	1	Enable	0	Т
			Enable Torque command smooth accel/decel time Constant.	2	

Torque command acceleration/deceleration time is the time taken for the torque to rise from zero to the required level by Tn102.

As per diagram below:-

Parameter	Name	Default	Unit	Setting Range	Control mode
★ Tn102	Linear acceleration /deceleration time period	1	msec	1~50000	Т

New setting will become effective after re-cycling the power.



### Setting examples:

(1) To achieve 50% of rated torque output in 10msec:

$$Tn102 = 10 (msec) \times \frac{100\%}{50\%} = 20 (msec)$$

(2) To achieve 75% of rated torque output in 10msec:

$$Tn102 = 10 (msec) \times \frac{100\%}{75\%} = 13 (msec)$$

## 5-2-5 Definition of Torque Direction

In torque mode, torque direction can be defined by one of the following three methods.

- (1) Input contacts **RS1**, **RS2**. (Torque command CW/CCW selectable by programmable input)
- (2) Parameter **Cn004**. (Motor rotation direction)
- (3) Input contact **TRQINV**. (reverse torque command)

#### Caution!

All 3 methods can be active at the same time.

User must ensure that correct selections are made for these three selections.

Input Contact RS2 RS1		Description	Control
		Description	mode
0	0	Zero torque	
0	I I	Rotation in the current torque command direction	Т
1	0	Reverse the current torque command direction	
1	1	Zero torque	

Note: RS2 and RS1 contact status "1" (ON) and "0" (OFF).

Please check 5-6-1 to set the required high /Low signal levels ( PNP/NPN) .

Parameter Signal	Name	Setting	Descr	Description				
		No.	Torque Control	Speed Control				
Motor rotation direction (load end)  Cn004	direction (load end)	0	Counter Clockwise(CCW)	Counter Clockwise (CCW)				
	1	Clockwise(CW)	Counter Clockwise (CCW)	S/T				
	CW	2	Counter Clockwise (CCW)	Clockwise (CW)				
		3	Clockwise (CW)	Clockwise (CW)				

Input contact TRQINV	Description	Control mode
0	Rotation in current torque command direction	т
1	Reverse torque command direction	'

Note: Input contacts status "1" (ON) and "0" (OFF).

Please refer to 5-6-1 to set the required high /Low signal levels ( PNP/NPN) selection.

## 5-2-6 Internal Torque Limit

In torque Control mode, user can set internal torque limit values as required.

Set as below:-

Parameter	Name	Default	Unit	Setting range	Control mode
	CCW Torque	300			
Cn010	command limit	250	%	0~300	ALL
		200			
Cn011	CW Torque command limit	-300	%	-300~0	ALL
		-250			
		-200			

## 5-2-7 Limiting Servomotor Speed during Torque Control

In torque control, input contacts SPD1 and SPD2 can be used for selecting one of the two methods below for setting speed limits.

- (1) External Analog command ( Default) Signal is applied to terminals PIC & AG ( pins 27& 29 on CN1)
- (2) Selection of Three presentable Limits (Tn105~Tn107) according to the table below.

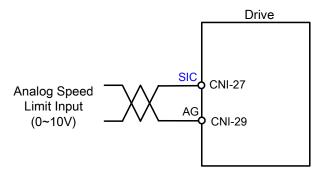
Caution! For achieving smooth speed response please refer to section 5-3-6.

Input contact SPD2	Input contact SPD1	Speed limit command	Control mode
0	0	External analog command SIC(CN1-26)	
0	1	Internal speed limit1 Tn105	Т
1	0	Internal speed limit2 Tn106	
1	1	Internal speed limit3 Tn107	

Note: Input contacts status "1" (ON) and "0" (OFF).

Please check 5-6-1 to set the required high /Low signal levels (PNP/NPN) selection.

Below is the external analog speed limit command wiring diagram:

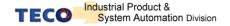


Internal presentable speed limit parameters for torque control mode are listed below:

These preset limits apply to both CW & CCW directions.

Parameter	Name	Default	Unit	Setting range	Control mode
Tn105	Internal speed limit 1	100	rpm	0~3000	T
Tn106	Internal speed limit 2	200	rpm	0~3000	T
Tn107	Internal speed limit 3	300	rpm	0~3000	T

P.S also refer to page 6-11 for detail.

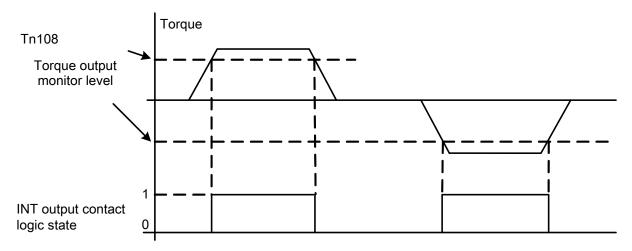


## **5-2-8 Additional Torque Control Functions**

## **Torque Output Monitor**

When the torque level in CW or CCW directions becomes greater than the value set in **Tn108** (torque level monitor value), the output contact **INT** is active.

Parameter	Name	Default	Unit	Setting range	Control mode
Tn108	Torque output monitor level	0	%	0~300	ALL



Note: Input contacts status "1" (ON) and "0" (OFF).

Please check 5-6-1 to set the required high /Low signal levels (PNP/NPN) selection.

## Torque Smoothing Filter

Torque vibration can be diminution by setting an appropriate value in Cn034 (Torque command smoothing filter), In the other hand, this will cause a delay in the response time of the torque loop.

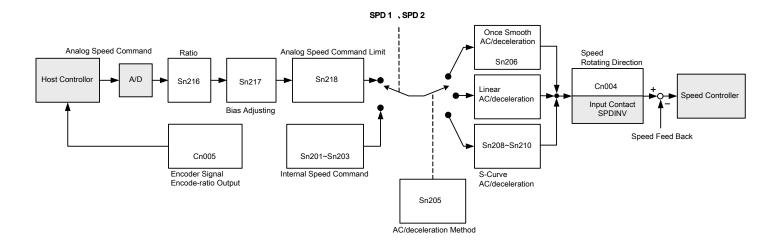
Parameter	Name	Default	Unit	Setting range	Control mode
Cn034	Torque smoothing filter	500	Hz	0~5000	ALL

## 5-3 Speed Mode

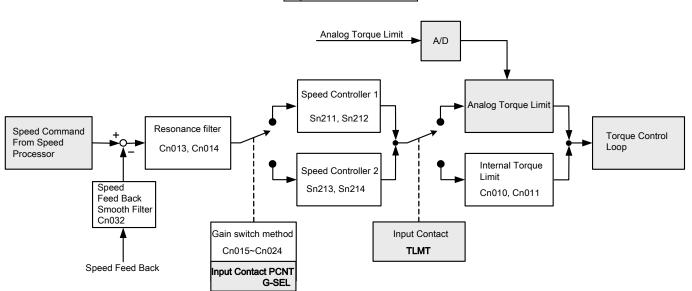
Speed Mode is necessary for applications that require precisely speed control, such as weaving, drilling and CNC type machines. Diagrams below shows the speed control system in two parts. First stage shows **Speed processing and conditioning** and the second stage shows the **Speed controller** 

With PI/P control modes, and controller1&2 selection and interface with torque control stage.

## **Speed Command Processor**



## Speed Controller



## 5-3-1 Selection for Speed Command

In Speed control, input contacts SPD1 and SPD2 can be used for selecting one of the two methods below for setting speed limits.

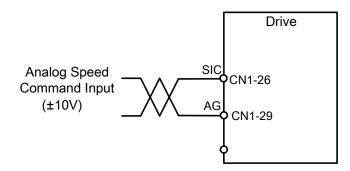
- (1) External Analog command (Default) : Analog signal is input from terminals SIC & AG (pins 26& 29 on CN1)
- (2) Internal speed command: Selection of Three presentable Limits according to the table below.

Input Contact SPD2	Input Contact SPD1	Speed Command	Control Mode
0	0	External analog command SIC(CN1-26)	
0	1	Internal speed command 1 Sn201	S
1	0	Internal speed command 2 Sn202	
1	1	Internal speed command 3 Sn203	

Note: Input contacts status "1" (ON) and "0" (OFF).

Please check 5-6-1 to set the required high /Low signal levels (PNP/NPN) selection.

Diagram below shows the external analog speed command wiring:



Internal presetable speed limit parameters for speed command mode are listed below: These preset limits apply to both CW & CCW directions.

Parameter	Name	Default	Unit	Setting range	Control mode
Sn201	Internal speed command 1	100			
Sn202	Internal speed command 2	200	rpm	-4500~4500	S
Sn203	Internal speed command 3	300			

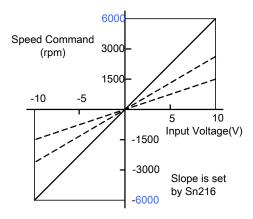
## 5-3-2 Analog Speed Command Ratio

Analog speed command ratio can be used to adjust the relationship between Input voltage speed command and actual speed command.

Parameter	Name	Default	Unit	Setting range	Control mode
Sn216	Analog speed command ratio	Rated Speed	rpm/10V	100~6000	S

Setting Example:

- (1) With **Sn216 set to** 3000, a speed command input voltage of 10V, corresponds to 3000rpm; for an input voltage of 5V speed command will be 1500rpm.
- (2) With **Sn216** set to 2000, a speed command input voltage of 10V, corresponds to 2000rpm, for an input voltage of 5 volts speed command will be 1000rpm.



## 5-3-3 Adjusting the Analog Reference Offset

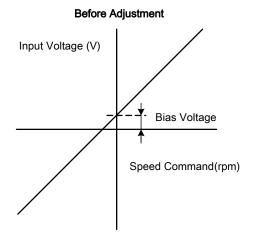
For a speed command of 0V, motor could possibly be rotating slowly.

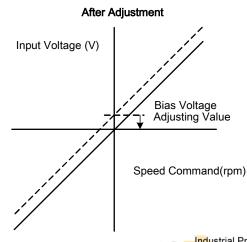
To rectify this effect by adjust offset value manually in parameter Sn217 or use auto offset adjust feature. (Please refer to section 3-2-2).

Note: To check and set the offset to zero, insert a link between analog torque command contact SIC (CN1-26) and analog ground contact AG (CN1-29).

Parameter	Name	Default	Unit	Setting range	Control mode
Sn217	Analog speed command offset adjust	0	mV	-10000~10000	S

Refer to the following diagrams:





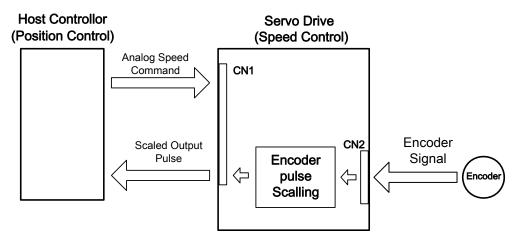
## 5-3-4 Analog Reference for Speed Command Limit

A maximum limit for analog speed can be set by Sn218.

Parameter	Name	Default	Unit	Setting range	Control mode
Sn218	Analog speed command limit	Rated rpm x 1.02	rpm	100~4500	S

## 5-3-5 Encoder Signal Output

Servo motor encoder pulse signal can be output to a host controller to establish an external control loop.



Set the required encoder Pulse Per Revolution (PPR) in parameter Cn005.

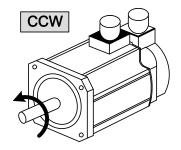
Default output value is the actual encoder PPR.

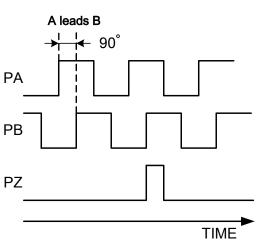
Parameter	Name	Default	Unit	Setting range	Control mode
★ Encoder pulse Cn005 output scale		2500	pulse	1~ Encoder PPR	ALL
	•	8192			
	output scale	32768			

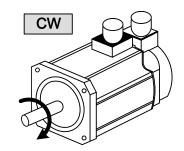
New setting will become effective after re-cycling the power.

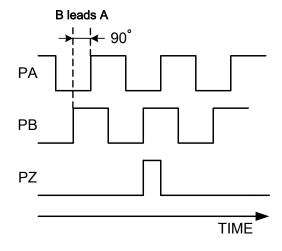
Encoder pulse output terminal description:

Pin	Name	Pin NO. of CN1	Control mode
PA	Encoder pulse output A Phase signal	CN1-35	
/PA	Encoder pulse output /A Phase signal	CN1-36	
PB	Encoder pulse output B Phase signal	CN1-37	ALL
/PB	Encoder pulse output /B Phase signal	CN1-38	ALL
PZ	Encoder pulse output Z Phase signal	CN1-39	
/PZ	Encoder pulse output /Z Phase signal	CN1-40	









## 5-3-6 Smoothing the Speed Command

Sn205 can be used to eliminate speed overshoot and motor vibration by selecting one of the acceleration /deceleration methods which is suitable for the application from the table below.

Parameter	Name	Setting	Description	Control mode	
	Speed	0	Disable accel/decel smooth function		
0-205	command	1	Smooth accel/decel according to parameter Sn206	S	
311205	Sn205 accel/decel smooth		Linear accel/decel according to parameter Sn207	5	
		method 3	3	S-curve accel /decel according to parameter Sn208	

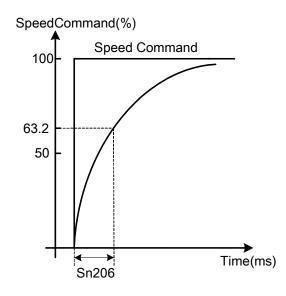
Above three methods of Acceleration/deceleration are described below.

## (1)Speed command smooth ac/deceleration:

Set **Sn205=**1 to enable the use of speed command smooth acceleration/deceleration function.

Parameter	Name	Default	Unit	Setting range	Control mode
Shoun	Speed command smooth accel/decel time Constant	1	msec	1~10000	S

Smooth acceleration/deceleration time corresponds to the time in which the speed command increases from 0 to 63.2% as shown in diagram below.



### Setting example:

(1) To achieve 95% of speed command output in 30msec:

Set 
$$Sn206 = \frac{30(msec)}{-\ln(1-95\%)} = 10(msec)$$

(2) To achieve 75% of speed command output in 30msec:

Set 
$$Sn206 = \frac{30(msec)}{-\ln(1-75\%)} = 22(msec)$$

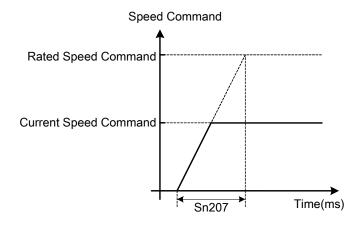
In= Natural log

### (2) Speed command linear acceleration/deceleration function:

Set Sn205=2 to enable the use of speed command linear acceleration/deceleration function.

Parameter	Name	Default	Unit	Setting range	Control mode
Sn207	Speed command linear accel/decel time constant	1	msec	1~50000	S

Linear acceleration/deceleration time corresponds to the time in which the speed increases (linearly) from zero to the rated speed. As shown in the diagram below.



## Setting examples:

(1) To achieve 50% of rated speed output in 10msec:

Set Sn207 = 
$$10 \text{(msec)} \times \frac{100\%}{50\%} = 20 \text{(msec)}$$

(2) To achieve 75% of rated speed output in 10msec:

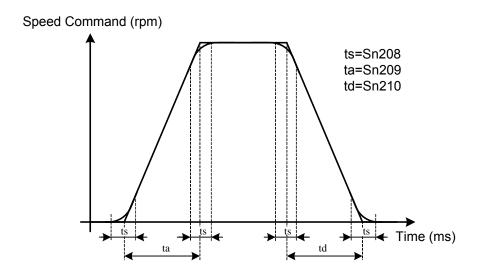
Set Sn207 = 
$$10 \text{(msec)} \times \frac{100\%}{75\%} = 13 \text{(msec)}$$

## **S-Curve Speed Command Acceleration/Deceleration:**

Set **Sn205=3** to enable the use of S-Curve speed command ac/deceleration function.

Parameter	Name	Default	Unit	Setting range	Control mode
Sn208	S-Curve speed command accel/decel time setting	1	msec	1~1000	S
Sn209	S-Curve speed command acceleration time setting	200	msec	0~5000	S
Sn210	S-Curve speed command deceleration time setting	200	msec	0~5000	S

In applications where normal acceleration/deceleration on ramp up or ramp down bring in vibration of the mechanical system. S- curve acceleration/deceleration parameters could help to reduce vibration as diagram below:



Caution! Setting Rule:  $\frac{t_a}{2} > t_s$ ,  $\frac{t_d}{2} > t_s$ 

## 5-3-7 Setting Rotation Direction

Motor rotation direction in speed mode can be set by parameter **Cn004 (Motor rotation direction)** and input contact **SPDINV** according to the tables below.

### Caution!

Both methods can be operated at the same time.

Ensure that these parameters are set correctly for the required direction.

Parameter	Name	Setting	Descr	Control mode	
	Motor rotation	No.	Torque control	Speed control	
	direction (observation from load side).	0	Counter Colckwise (CCW)	Counter Colckwise (CCW)	
Cn004	1 CCW	1	Colckwise (CW)	Counter Colckwise (CCW)	S/T
CW CW	CW O	2	Counter Colckwise (CCW)	Colckwise (CW)	
	3	3	Colckwise (CW)	Colckwise (CW)	

Input contact SPDINV	Description		
0	Rotation by speed command direction.	S	
1	Rotation by reverse speed command direction.	3	

Note: Input contacts status "1" (ON) and "0" (OFF).

Please check 5-6-1 to set the required high /Low signal levels (PNP/NPN) selection.

## 5-3-8 Speed Loop Gain

In speed mode there are two speed controller loops, with separate Gain (P) and Integral (I) functions. Speed controllers 1 or 2 can be selected by setting one of the multi- function input terminals, to selection G-SEL or by setting one of the parameters Cn20-Cn24 as required.

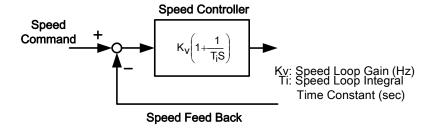
Please refer to section 5-3-11 section B for more details.

Parameter	Name	Default	Unit	Setting range	Control mode
Sn211	Speed loop gain 1	40	Hz	10~1500	Pe/Pi/S
Sn212	Speed loop integral time constant 1	100	x0.2 ms	1~5000	Pe/Pi/S
Sn213	Speed loop gain 2	40	Hz	10~1500	Pe/Pi/S
Sn214	Speed loop integral time constant 2	100	x0.2 ms	1~5000	Pe/Pi/S

Diagram below shows the speed controller.

Setting a high speed loop gain or a lower speed loop integral time provides a faster speed control response time.

For more details refer to section 5-5.



## 5-3-9 Notch Filter

The function of the Notch filter is to suppress mechanical system resonance.

Resonance occurs due to low mechanical system rigidity (high springiness) of transmission systems used with servo motors such as couplings, bearings, lead screws, etc.

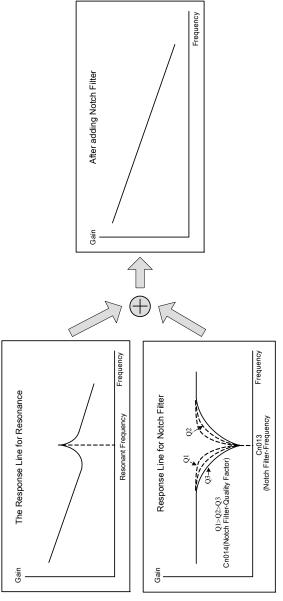
Enter the mechanical system vibration (resonance frequency) in parameter Cn013 (Notch Filter frequency) and adjust Cn014 to set the filter bandwidth scaling factor.

Lower the setting of Cn014 value, wider is the notch filter frequency bandwidth. The adjustment required depends on the application.

### Caution!

If Cn013 is set to "0" the Notch filter is disabled.

Parameter	Name	Default	Unit	Setting range	Control mode
Cn013	Notch Filter frequency	0	Hz	0~1000	Pi/Pe/S
Cn014	Notch Filter Band Width Scaling factor	7	Х	1~100	Pi/Pe/S



## 5-3-10 Torque Limit of Speed Control Mode

In speed mode, the motor torque limit input contact **TLMT** could be used to select one of the two methods below:

- Internal toque limit: Using default Cn010 (CCW Torque command limit) and Cn011 (CW Torque command limit).
- (2) External analog command: Using two separate analog voltage command signals at input terminals **TIC (CN1-27)** to limit CCW torque and CW torque.

As shown in the table below:

Input contact TLMT	CCW torque command limit source	CW torque command limit source	Control mode
0	Cn010	Cn011	ALL
1	External analog command TIC(CN1-27)	External analog command TIC(CN1-27)	Pi/Pe/S

Note: Input contacts status "1" (ON) and "0" (OFF).

Please check 5-6-1 to set the required high /Low signal levels (PNP/NPN) selection.

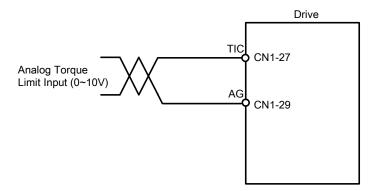
#### Caution!

To use external analog torque command limit, if analog torque command limit is greater than internal torque command limit, the internal torque command limit has the priority over external analog torque command limit.

Internal Torque command limit is set as below.

Parameter	Name	Default	Unit	Setting range	Control mode
Cn010	CCW torque command limit	300	%	0~300	ALL
		250			
		200			
Cn011	CW torque command limit	-300	-300~0		
		-250		ALL	
		-200			

The diagram below shows the external analog torque limit command wiring:



## 5-3-11 Gain Switched

## PI/P control mode selection (Section A) Automatic gain 1& 2 switch (Section B)

The selection of **PI/P control mode switch** and **Automatic gain 1& 2 switch** by parameters or from input terminals can be used in following conditions.

- (1) In speed control, to restrain acceleration/deceleration overshooting.
- (2) In position control, to restrain oscillations and decrease the adjusting time.
- (3) To decrease the possible noise caused by using Servo Lock function.

## (A) Switching between PI/P Control modes

Switch over from PI to P mode is determined by setting of parameter Cn015.0 and according to the selection options below:

Parameter Signal	Name	Setting	Description	Control mode	
Cn015.0	PI/P control mode switch	(1)	Switch from PI to P if the <i>torque</i> command is greater than <b>Cn016</b>		
		Switch from PI to P if the <b>speed</b> command is greater than <b>Cn017</b>			
		,	Switch from PI to P if the <i>acceleration</i> command is greater than <b>Cn018</b>	Pi/Pe/S	
			Switch from PI to P if the <b>position error</b> is greater than <b>Cn019</b>		
				Switch from PI to P by the input contact <b>PCNT</b> . Set one of the multi function terminals to option 03.	

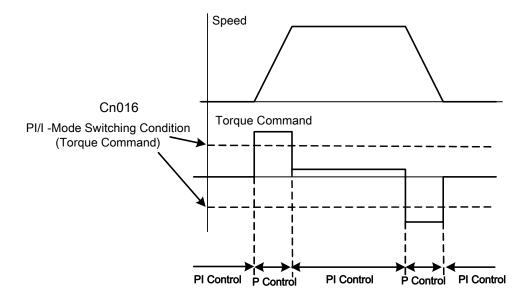
Parameter	Name	Default	Unit	Setting range	Control mode
Cn016	PI/P control mode switch by (torque command)	200	%	0~399	Pi/Pe/S
Cn017	PI/P control mode switch by (speed command)	0	rpm	0~4500	Pi/Pe/S
Cn018	PI/P control mode switch by (acceleration)	0	rps/s	0~18750	Pi/Pe/S
Cn019	PI/P control mode switch by (position error value)	0	pulse	0~50000	Pi/Pe/S

### (1) PI to P mode switch over by comparing Torque command.

When the *Torque command* is less than Cn016 PI control is selected.

When the *Torque command* is greater than **Cn016** P control is selected..

As shown in diagram below:

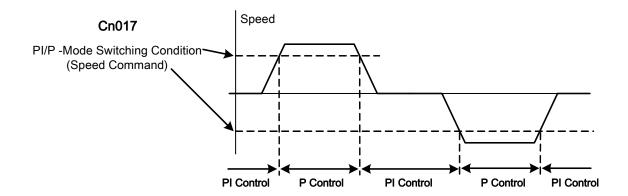


## (2) PI to P mode switch over by comparing Speed command.

When the **Speed command** is **less** than **Cn017** PI control is selected.

When the **Speed command** is **greater** than **Cn017** P control is selected.

As shown in diagram below:

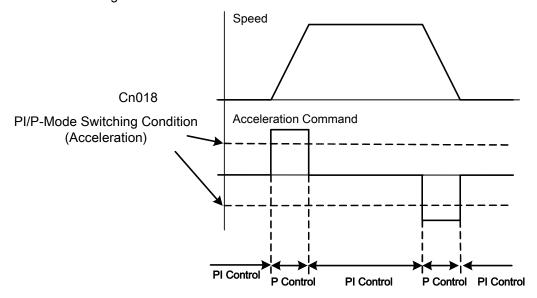


### (3) PI to P mode switch over by comparing Acceleration command.

When the Acceleration command is less than Cn018 PI control is selected.

When the *Acceleration command* is greater than Cn018 P control is selected.

As shown in diagram below:

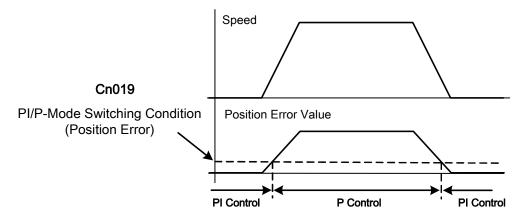


#### (4) PI to P mode switch over by comparing Position Error value.

When the Position Error value is less than Cn019 PI control is selected.

When the **Position Error value** is greater than **Cn019** P control is selected.

As shown in diagram below:



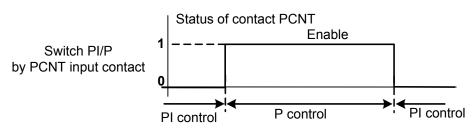
### (5) PI to P mode switch over by PCNT input contact.

When the **PCNT input contact** *is open* PI control is selected.

When the **PCNT** input contact is closed P control is selected.

Note: Input contacts status "1" (ON) and "0" (OFF).

Please check 5-6-1 to set the required high /Low signal levels (PNP/NPN) selection.



## (B) Automatic gain 1& 2 switching

Selection of **Automatic gain 1& 2 switch** with different *P&I Gains* is possible by setting Parameter Cn 015.1 to one of the selections listed in the table below.

Parameter Cn 020 can be use for setting a switch delay time between different gains. (Gain 1 and 2)

Parameter	Name	Setting	Description	Control Mode
Cn015.1	Automatic gain 1& 2 switch		Switch from gain 1 to 2 if <i>torque</i> command is greater than <b>Cn021</b> .	
		- 1	Switch from gain 1 to 2 if <b>speed</b> command is greater than <b>Cn022</b> .	
			Switch from gain 1 to 2 if <i>acceleration</i> command is greater than <b>Cn023</b> .	Pi/Pe/S
		3	Switch from gain 1to2 if <b>position error</b> value is greater than <b>Cn024</b> .	
		4	Switch from gain 1 to 2 by input contact <b>G-SEL</b> . Set one of the multi function terminals to option 15 of Hn501.	
Cn015.3	Automatic gain proportion switch	0	JSDAP new automatic gain proportion	ALL
C11015.3		1	JSDAP old automatic gain proportion	ALL

Parameter	Name	Default	Unit	Setting Range	Control Mode
Cn020	Automatic gain 1& 2 switch delay time.	0	x0.2 msec	0~10000	Pi/Pe/S
Cn021	Automatic gain 1& 2 switch condition (torque command)	200	%	0~399	Pi/Pe/S
Cn022	Automatic gain 1& 2 switch condition (speed command)	0	rpm	0~4500	Pi/Pe/S
Cn023	Automatic gain 1& 2 switch condition (acceleration command)	0	rps/s	0~18750	Pi/Pe/S
Cn024	Automatic gain 1& 2 switch condition (position error value)	0	pulse	0~50000	Pi/Pe/S

Note: Gain 1: is consisted of Pn 310 (position loop gain 1), Sn211(speed loop gain 1) and

**Sn212** (Speed loop integral time 1).

Gain 2: is consisted of Pn 311 (position loop gain 2), Sn213(speed loop gain 2) and

Sn214 (Speed loop integral time 2).

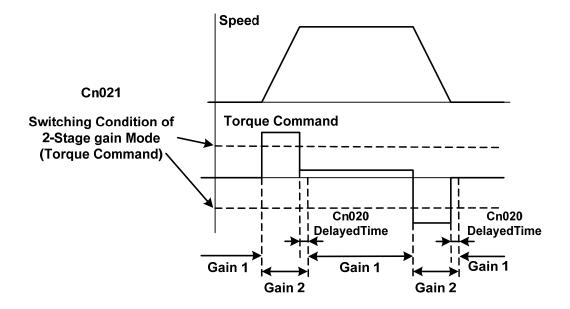
#### Automatic gain 1&2 switch condition (by torque command).

When torque command is less than Cn021, Gain 1 is selected.

When torque command is greater than Cn021, Gain 2 is selected

When **Gain 2** is active and torque command becomes less than **Cn021** system will automatically switch back to **Gain 1** the switch time delay can be set by Cn020.

As show in the diagram below:



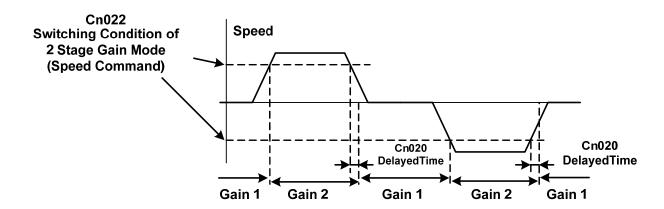
### Automatic gain 1&2 switch condition (by Speed command).

When speed command is less than Cn022 Gain 1 is selected.

When speed command is greater than Cn022 Gain 2 is selected.

When **Gain 2** is active and speed command becomes less than **Cn022** system will automatically switch back to **Gain 1** the switch time delay can be set by Cn020.

As show in the diagram below:



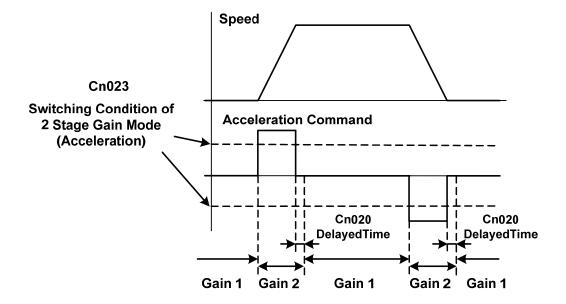
#### • Automatic gain 1&2 switch condition (by Acceleration command).

When acceleration command is less than Cn023 Gain 1 is selected.

When acceleration command is greater than Cn023 Gain 2 is selected.

When **Gain 2** is active and acceleration command becomes less than **Cn023** system will automatically switch back to **Gain 1** the switch time delay can be set by Cn020.

As show in the diagram below:



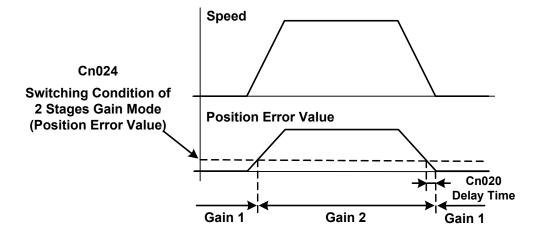
#### • Automatic gain 1&2 switch condition (by Position error value).

When position error value is less than Cn024 Gain 1 is selected.

When position error value is greater than Cn024 Gain 2 is selected.

When **Gain 2** is active and position error value becomes less than **Cn024** system will automatically switch back to **Gain 1** and the switch time delay can be set by Cn020.

As show in the diagram below:



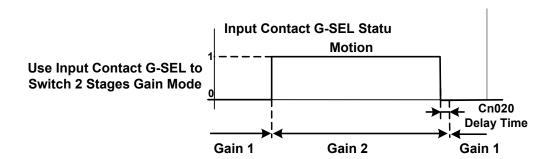
#### (5) Automatic gain 1&2 switch condition by G-SEL input contact.

When the G-SEL input contact is open Gain 1 is selected.

When G-SEL input contact is closed Gain 2 is selected.

When G-SEL input contact opens again then Gain 1 is selected and switch delay time can be set by Cn20.

As show in the diagram below:



Note: Input contacts status "1" (ON) and "0" (OFF).

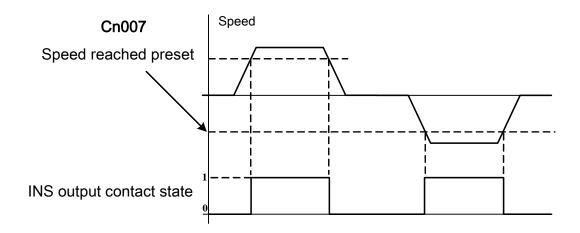
Please refer to 5-6-1 for setting required high /Low signal levels (PNP/NPN) selection.

### 5-3-12 Other Functions

When the speed level in CW or CCW directions becomes greater than the value set in **Cn007** (Speed reached preset), the output contact **INS** operates.

## Speed reached preset

Parameter Signal	Name	Default Unit		Setting Range	Control Mode
Cn007	Speed reached preset	Rated rpm × 1/3	rpm	0~4500	S/T



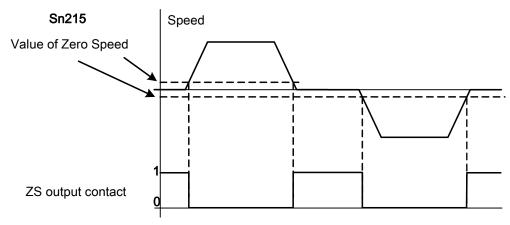
Note: Input contacts status "1" (ON) and "0" (OFF).

Please check section 5-6-1 to set the required high /Low signal levels (PNP/NPN) selection.

## Zero Speed preset

When the speed is less than the speed set in Sn215 (Value of ZS), the output contact **ZS** operates.

Parameter Signal	Name	Default	Unit	Setting Range	Control Mode	
Sn215	Value of zero speed	50	rpm	0~4500	S	

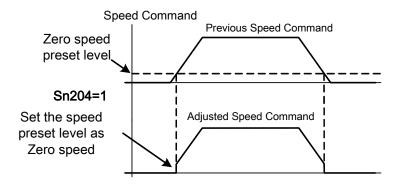


Note: Input contacts status "1" (ON) and "0" (OFF)

Please check section 5-6-1 to set the required high /Low signal levels (PNP/NPN) selection.

To Zero the speed command according to preset level in Sn215 set Sn204 to selection 1.

Parameter Signal	Name	Setting	Description	Control Mode
Sn204	Zero Speed	0	No action	S
Sn204 Selection	selection	1	Regard Speed command as Zero. (According to Sn215 setting).	_



## Servo Lock

In speed mode: the Servo Lock is used to lock servo motor when input voltage command is not at 0V. When input contact **LOK** operates: The control mode changes to internal position control mode, it temporarily stop motor rotation. Please refer to section **5-6-1** for setting input contact **LOK** function.

## Speed Feedback Smooth Filter

When there is system abnormal vibration or noise, Set **Cn032** (speed feed back smoothing filter) to restrain vibration or noise. Addition of this filter will delay the speed response of servo system.

Parameter Signal	Name	Default	Unit	Setting Range	Control Mode
Cn032	Speed feed back smoothing filter	500	Hz	0~2500	Pe/Pi/S

## 5-4 Position Mode

Position control mode is used for high-precision applications on machinery such as machine tools.

The Position control mode offers *two methods* of control.

- External pulse input position command
- Internal position command.

In external pulse command input mode, the positioning command is signaled to the drive by a host Controller to achieve a fixed position.

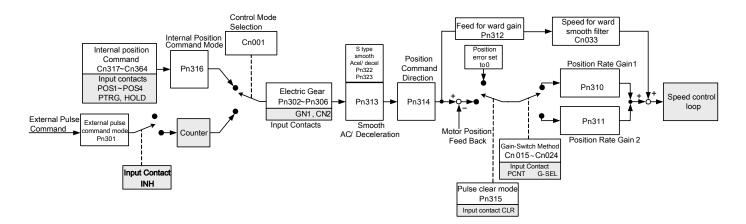
In internal position command mode, 32 preset position commands can be set by parameters (Pn401~Pn496), and can be activated by use of input contacts POS1 ~ POS5.

Set parameter Cn001 (control mode selection) as required according to the table below.

Parameter Signal	Name	Setting	Description	Control Mode
			Position control (External pulse command)	
⋆●	Control mode	2	Using one pulse command signal to control position. Please refer to 5-4-3.	ALL
Cn001	selection		Position control (Internal pulse command)	ALL
		6	Use input contacts to select 16 programmable preset position commands. Please refer to 5-4-2.	

New setting will become effective after re-cycling the power.

The diagram below shows the position loop control. Detailed functions are described in the following chapters.



## **5-4-1 External Pulse Command**

Four types of external position pulse command signals can be interfaced,

These can be selected from the list below.

Position pulse signal logic can be selected Positive or negative as required.

Parameter Signal	Name	Setting	Description	Control Mode	
		0	(Pulse)+(Sign)		
★ Pn301.0	Position pulse	1	(CCW)and (CW) pulse	Pe	
	command selection	2	AB-Phase Pulsex2	re	
		3	AB-Phase Pulsex4	ı	
★ Pn301.1	Position pulse	0	Positive Logic		
	command logic selection	1	Negative Logic	Pe	
D=200	Pulse command	0 	Pulse command smoothing filter.	De	
Pn329	smoothing filter timing	2500 ms	Timing of filter can be set by this parameter.	Pe	
Pn330	Pulse command	0 	Pulse command moving filter	Do	
	moving filter timing	250 ms	Timing of filter can be set by this parameter.	- Pe	

New setting will become effective after re-cycling the power.

Position pulse	Positive	Logic	Negative Logic		
command types	CCW Command	CW Command	CCW Command	CW Command	
(Pulse)+	Pulse /Pulse		Pulse /Pulse		
(Sign)	Sign L /Sign —	Н	Sign H /Sign	L	
(CCW)/	Pulse //Pulse	L	Pulse //Pulse	Н	
(CW) Pulse	Sign L /Sign —		Sign — H /Sign		
AB-Phase Pulse	Pulse //Pulse		Pulse //Pulse		
	Sign /Sign		Sign /Sign		

Two types of pulse command can be connected, (Open collector) and (Line driver).

Please refer to **section 2-2-1** for the pulse wiring method.

Pulse command timing should be in accordance with the time sequence standard below.

Pulse Command Types	Time Sequence Diagram of Pulse Command	Time Standard
(Pulse)+ (Sign)	Pulse Sign	Line Driver: $t1, t2 \le 0.1 \mu s$ $t3 > 3 \mu s$ $\tau \ge 1.0 \mu s$ $(\tau/T) \le 50\%$ OpenCollector: $t1, t2 \le 0.2 \mu s$ $t3 > 3 \mu s$ $tsin = 2.0 \mu s$ $(\tau/T) \le 50\%$
(CCW)/ (CW) Pulse	Pulse Sign	LineDrive: $t1, t2 \le 0.1 \mu s$ $t3 > 3 \mu s$ $\tau \ge 1.0 \mu s$ $(\tau/T) \le 50\%$ OpenCollector: $t1, t2 \le 0.2 \mu s$ $t3 > 3 \mu s$ $\tau \ge 2.0 \mu s$ $(\tau/T) \le 50\%$
AB-Phase Pulse	Pulse Sign	LineDrive: $t1, t2 \leq 0.1 \mu s$ $\tau \geq 1.0 \mu s$ $(\tau/T) \leq 50\%$ OpenCollector: $t1, t2 \leq 0.2 \mu s$ $\tau \geq 2.0 \mu s$ $(\tau/T) \leq 50\%$

Position command can be disabled (Inhibited) by extrernal input contact INH.

Input Contact INH	Description	Control Mode
0	Position Pulse command enabled	Pe
1	Position Pulse command disabled	16

Note: Input contacts status "1" (ON) and "0" (OFF)

Please check section 5-6-1 to set the required high /Low signal levels ( PNP/NPN) selection.

## **5-4-2 Internal Position Command**

In internal position command mode, 32 preset position commands can be set by parameters (Pn401~Pn496), and can be activated by use of input contacts POS1 ~ POS5.

Preset positions are programmable and can be selected according to the table below:

Position Command	POS5	POS4	POS3	POS2	POS1	Position Comma	and Parameter	Position Speed Parameter	
P1	0	0	0	0	0	Rotation Number	Pn401	Pn403	
	U	U	U			Pulse Number	Pn402	111403	
DO	0	0	0	0	4	Rotation Number	Pn404	D= 406	
P2	0	0	0	0	1	Pulse Number	Pn405	- Pn406	
Da	0	0	0	4	_	Rotation Number	Pn407	D= 400	
P3	0	0	0	1	0	Pulse Number	Pn408	Pn409	
D4	0	0	_	4	4	Rotation Number	Pn410	D= 440	
P4	0	0	0	1	1	Pulse Number	Pn411	- Pn412	
5.5			4		_	Rotation Number	Pn413	D 445	
P5	0	0	1	0	0	Pulse Number	Pn414	- Pn415	
<b>D</b> 0			_		_	Rotation Number	Pn416	5 440	
P6	0	0	1	0	1	Pulse Number	Pn417	- Pn418	
	_	_	_		_	Rotation Number	Pn419		
P7	0	0	1	1	0	Pulse Number	Pn420	Pn421	
	_	_		_		Rotation Number	Pn422		
P8	0	0	1	1	1	Pulse Number	Pn423	- Pn424	
						Rotation Number	Pn425		
P9	0	1	0	0	0	Pulse Number	Pn426	- Pn427	
						Rotation Number	Pn428	Pn430	
P10	0	1	0	0	1	Pulse Number	Pn429		
						Rotation Number	Pn431	- Pn433	
P11	0	1	0	1	0	Pulse Number	Pn432		
						Rotation Number	Pn434		
P12	0	1	0	1	1	Pulse Number	Pn435	Pn436	
						Rotation Number	Pn437		
P13	0	1	1	0	0	Pulse Number	Pn438	Pn439	
						Rotation Number	Pn440		
P14	0	1	1	0	1	Pulse Number	Pn441	Pn442	
						Rotation Number	Pn443		
P15	0	1	1	1	0	Pulse Number	Pn444	Pn445	
_						Rotation Number	Pn446	_	
P16	0	1	1	1	1	Pulse Number	Pn447	Pn448	
D47	1	_	_	_	_	Rotation Number	Pn449	D=454	
P17		0	0	0	0	Pulse Number	Pn450	- Pn451	
P18	1	0	0	0	1	Rotation Number	Pn452	Pn454	
1 10			,		'	Pulse Number	Pn453	1 11707	
P19	1	0	0	1	0	Rotation Number	Pn455	Pn457	
	1					Pulse Number	Pn456		
P20	1	0	0	1	1	Rotation Number Pulse Number	Pn458 Pn459	Pn460	
	1					Rotation Number	Pn461		
P21	'	0	1	0	0	Pulse Number	Pn462	Pn463	
DOO	4	0	4	0	4	Rotation Number	Pn464	Dr. 466	
P22	1	0	1	0	1	Pulse Number	Pn465	Pn466	

Position Command	POS5	POS4	POS3	POS2	POS1	Position Comman	d Parameter	Position Speed Parameter				
P23	1	0	1	1	0	Rotation Number	Pn467	Pn469				
F23	ı	U	ı		0	Pulse Number	Pn468	F11409				
P24	1	0	1	1	1	Rotation Number	Pn470	Pn472				
F 24	ı	U	ı		ı	Pulse Number	Pn471	F11472				
P25	1	1	0	0	0	Rotation Number	Pn473	Pn475				
F25	'		U	U	U	Pulse Number	Pn474	F11473				
P26	1	1	0	0	1	Rotation Number	Pn476	Pn478				
F20	ı	ı	J	U		Pulse Number	Pn477	F11470				
P27	1	1	0	1	0	Rotation Number	Pn479	Pn481				
121		ı	0		1	•	•	•	•	0	Pulse Number	Pn480
P28	1	1	0	1	1	Rotation Number	Pn482	Pn484				
1 20			•		<u> </u>		Pulse Number	Pn483	F11404			
P29	1	1	1	0	0	Rotation Number	Pn485	Pn487				
F29	ı	ı	ı	U	0	Pulse Number	Pn486	F11 <del>4</del> 07				
P30	1	1	1	0	1	Rotation Number	Pn488	Pn490				
1 30			•	U		Pulse Number	Pn489	111490				
P31	1	1	1	1	0	Rotation Number	Pn491	Pn493				
FJI	ľ	ľ	•	•	J	Pulse Number	Pn492	F11 <del>4</del> 33				
P32	1	1	1	1	1	Rotation Number	Pn494	Pn496				
1 32	ľ	ı	ı	•	•	Pulse Number	Pn495	F 11 <del>4</del> 30				

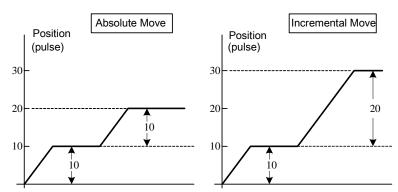
For **internal positioning** mode there are two types of moves **incremental** move or **absolute** move, selectable byparameter **Pn316** as below.

Parameter Signal	Name	Setting	Description	Control Mode
*	Internal position	0	Absolute mode	D:
Pn316	command mode selection	1	Incremental mode	Pi

### New setting will become effective after re-cycling the power.

Example below shows the difference between absolute and incremental moves.

For two pulse commands of 10 pulse position pulse command and followed with another 20 pulse, the traveled positions will be different.

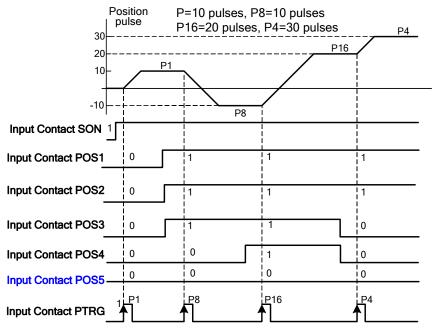


### PTRG. (Position Trigger).

Once any preset position is selected by input contacts **POS1~POS5** then require a trigger signal **(PTRG)** from the input contact, enable **PTRG to** start operation.

Diagram below shows an example for 4 different absolute encoders.

#### Absolute moves



Note: Input contacts status "1" (ON) and "0" (OFF)

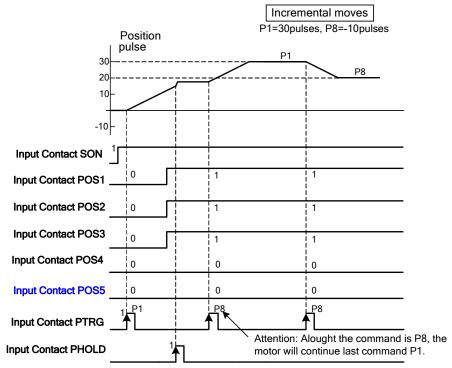
Please check section 5-6-1 to set the required high /Low signal levels (PNP/NPN) selection.

#### **PHOLD.** (Position Hold)

The Position command can be inhibited (Held) at any time by input contact signal **PHOLD**.

Once PHOLD is initiated the motor will decelerate and stop.

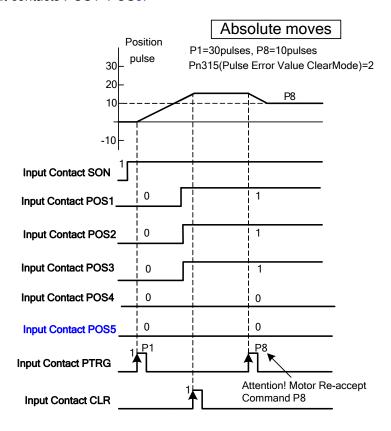
As soon as the input contact **PTRG** is triggered again the original position command will be Completed. Diagram below shows PHOLD function with incremental encoder.



### CLR (Clear position command).

If the CLR input is activated when a position command is in process then the motor will stop immediately and the remaining positioning pulses will be cleared. Parameter Pn315 must be set to 1 or 2 as required (refer to section 5-4-7).

Once the PTRG input contact is activated again then a new position command will be started according to the selection of input contacts POS1~POS5.



Note: Input contacts status "1" (ON) and "0" (OFF)

Please check section 5-6-1 to set the required high /Low signal levels (PNP/NPN) selection.

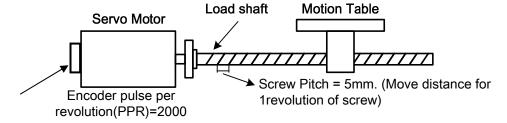
### 5-4-3 Electronic Gear

Electronic gear ratio parameter can be used to scale the command output pulse.

This would be useful in transmission applications where move distance per move command pulse has to be scaled due to mechanical requirements.

Diagram and notes below describe the electronic gear ratio effect.

Example of a transmission device and calculations that show the required number of pulses from a host controller to move the table by 10mm.



Calculations without Electronic Gear Ratio	Calculations with Electronic Gear Ratio
1. One rotation of ball screw = Table move distance of	For Calculating the number of pulses command required,
5mm.	Setting of Electronic gear ratio see next chapter.
2. If the table is required to move 10mm, then Ball	Electronic gear ratio can be set according to the required
screw needs to rotate by (10mm ÷ 5 mm/rev)= 2	move distance per move command pulse.
Revs	For example:
3. Command pulses required to cause one revolution:-	1. One Pulse command = Move distance of 1µm.
= Encoder ppr × ( Internal multiplication factor).	2. If the Motion Table needs to move 10mm,
= 2000 ppr x 4 = 8000 pulses.	Then the required command pulses from a Host Controller
<b>4.</b> So the Command pulses required to move 10mm (2	is
revs):-	= 10mm ÷ 1μm / Pulse.= 10000 Pulses.
= 8000 pulses x 2 (revs) = 16000 Pulses.	Once the move distance per pulse and the Electronic gear ratio is known then the required number of pulse
Number of command pulses for an specific move distance can be calculated according to the formula below:  = Number of Ball Screw Revs x (Encoder ppr x 4).	command can be calculated.

### **Electronic Gear Ratio Calculation**

Follow the Steps below:

### 1. Define the requirements of the positioning system

Establish the following:

- Move distance per one revolution of load shaft.
- Servo motor Encoder ppr (Pulse Per Revolution). (please refer to section 1-1-2 Servo Motor Standards).
- Motor / load Shaft deceleration ratio.

### 2. Move distance per one move command pulse.

Define the move distance caused by the transmission system as a result of, one move command pulse from the host controller.

Ex: When 1 Pulse Command move =  $1\mu$ m

If the Host Controller gives a move command of 2000 pulses, the transmission device will move by:

2000pulse  $\times 1$ um/pulse = 2mm (The Electronic Gear Ratio must be set correctly).

#### 3. Calculate the Electronic Gear Ratio

Calculate the Electronic Gear Ratio according to the formula below:-

If the deceleration ratio between motor and load shaft is  $\frac{n}{m}$ 

(m = Motor Rotating number, n= Load Shaft Rotating Value), Then the formula for Electronic Gear Ratio is:

#### Warning!

The calculated Electronic Gear Ratio must be according to the conditions below, otherwise the servo drive and motor will not function correctly.

$$\frac{1}{200} \le ElectroniceGearRatio \le 200$$

#### 4. Parameter Setting for Electronic Gear Ratio

Setting gear ratio Numerator and denominator parameters:

Numerator and denominator values of the calculated electronic gear ratio must be entered in the required parameters.

These two values have to be integer and with a value within the specified range in the table below.

Parameter Signal	Name	Default	Unit	Setting Range	Control Mode
Pn302	Numerator of Electronic Gear Ratio 1	1	Χ	1~50000	Pi/Pe
Pn303	Numerator of Electronic Gear Ratio 2	1	Χ	1~50000	Pi/Pe
Pn304	Numerator of Electronic Gear Ratio 3	1	Χ	1~50000	Pi/Pe
Pn305	Numerator of Electronic Gear Ratio 4	1	Χ	1~50000	Pi/Pe
★ Pn306	Denominator of Electronic Gear Ratio	1	Х	1~50000	Pi/Pe

<sup>★</sup> New setting will become effective after re-cycling the power.

This device provides 4 selections of Numerator for Electronic Gear Ratio.

Input contacts **GN1** and **GN2** can be used to select the required Numerator for the Electronic Gear Ratio

According to the following table.

Input Contact GN2	Input Contact GN1	Numerator of Electronic Gear Ratio	Control Mode
0	0	Numerator of Electronic Gear Ratio 1 Pn302	
0	1	Numerator of Electronic Gear Ratio 2 Pn303	Pi/Pe
1	0	Numerator of Electronic Gear Ratio 3 Pn304	
1	1	Numerator of Electronic Gear Ratio 4 Pn305	

Note: Input contacts status "1" (ON) and "0" (OFF)

Please check 5-6-1 to set the required high /Low signal levels (PNP/NPN) selection.

## **Electronic Gear Ratio setting examples**

#### **Setting Process Transmission System** 1. Main positioning specifications: a) Load Shaft(Ball Screw) pitch move distance per revolution= 5mm **Ball Screw** b) Motor Encoder ppr ( Pulse per revolution) = 2000pulses 2. Move distance per one pulse of move Command. Load shaft Motion Table Servo Motor Moving Distance of 1 Pulse Command =1µm 3. Calculation of the Electronic Gear Ratio: 2000 pulse/rev×4 ElectronicGear Ration = Distance of 1 Rotating for Ball $5mm/rev \div 1um/pulse = 5000$ Pulse Value of 1 Rotating for Screw = 5mm Encoder=2000pulse/rev 4. Set the parameter of Electronic Gear Ratio: Numerator of Electronic Gear Ratio = 8000 **Denominator** of Electronic Gear Ratio = 5000 1. Main positioning specifications: **Mechanical Disc** a) Deceleration Ratio=1/5 b) Load Shaft(Mechanical Disc)Move Value per one revolution=360° Motor Encoder ppr ( Pulse per revolution)= 2500 pulses 2. Move distance per one pulse of move Command. Load Shaft Deceleration Ratio-1/5 Distance for 1Pulse Command =0.1 3. Calculation of the Electronic Gear Ratio: $\frac{2500 \, pulse / \, rev \times 4}{\times 5} \times \frac{5}{=} \frac{50000}{1}$ Electronic Gear Ratio = $360^{\circ} \div 0.1^{\circ} / pulse^{-1}$ Servo Motor 4. Set the parameter of Electronic Gear Ratio: Numerator of Electronic Gear Ratio Pulse Value of Rotating for Encoder Denominator of Electronic Gear Ratio =3600 = 2500pulse/rev 1. Main positioning specifications: a) Deceleration Ratio=1/8 b) Load Shaft ( Idler) Move Value per revolution. $= 3.14 \times 100 \text{mm} = 314 \text{mm}$ c) Motor encoder ppr ( Pulse Per Revolution) = Transmission Belt 8192pulse 2. Move distance per pulse of move Command. Distance for 1Pulse Command =10µm 3. Calculation the Electronic Gear Ratio: Load Shaft Electronic Gear Ratio = $\frac{8192 pulse/rev \times 4}{314 mm \div 10 um/pulse} \times \frac{8}{1} = \frac{262144}{31400}$ Diameter of Idler=100mm Deceleration Ratio=1/8 4. Set the parameter of Electronic Gear Ratio: Reduction of the fraction to make the Numerator and Servo Motor Denominator less than 50000. Numerator of Electronic Gear Ratio Pulse Value of 1 Rotating for Encoder = 8192pulse/rev 32768 Denominator of Electronic Gear Ratio 3925

### 5-4-4 Smooth Acceleration

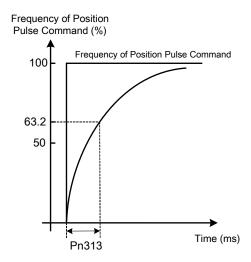
Using the **One Time Smooth Acceleration/Deceleration of Position Command**" It smoothes the position pulse command frequency.

Parameter Signal	Name	Default	Unit	Setting Range	Control Mode
<b>★</b> Pn313	External Position command Accel/Decel Time Constant	0	msec	0~10000	Pi/Pe

<sup>★</sup> New setting will become effective after re-cycling the power.

### Time Constant of Smooth Acceleration/Deceleration of Position Command defined for a cycle as below:

The require time of the Position Pulse Frequency started from 0 to 63.2%.



### Setting Examples:

(1) To achieve 95% of Position Pulse Command Frequency Output in 30msec:

$$Pn313 = \frac{30(msec)}{-\ln(1-95\%)} = 10(msec)$$

(2) To achieve 75% of Position Pulse Command Frequency Output in 30msec:

$$Pn313 = \frac{30(msec)}{-\ln(1-75\%)} = 22(msec)$$

Note: Above curve is a logarithmic

In = Natural log.

#### S-curve time constant of the Internal Position Command

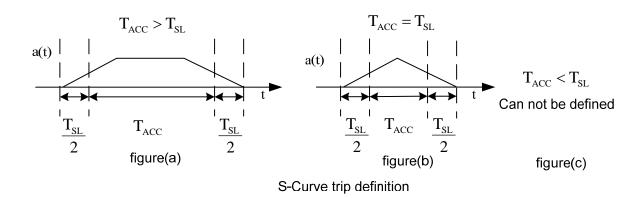
S-curve time constant generator can smoothen the command, it provides continuous speed and acceleration which not only better the motor characteristic of acc/dec but also helps the motor to operate more smoothly in machinery structure. S-curve time constant generator is only applicable to the mode of internal position command input. When position command input switch to external position pulse, the speed and acceleration are already constant, so it doesn't use the S-curve time constant generator.

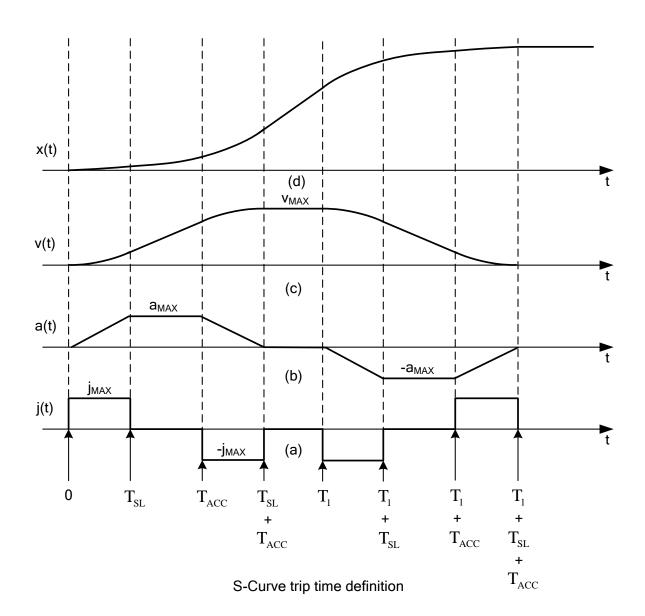
Parameter Signal	Name	Default	Unit	Setting range	Control mode
Pn322	S-curve Time Constant for Internal Position command(TSL) S-curve time constant generator can smoothen the command, it provides continuous speed and acceleration which not only better the motor characteristic of acc/dec but also helps the motor to operate more smoothly in machinery structure.S-curve time constant generator is only applicable to the mode of internal position command input. When position command input switch to external position pulse, the speed and acceleration are already constant, so it doesn't use the S-curve time constant generator.  Notice!  1. Setting rule: Pn323(TACC) ≥ Pn322(TSL).  2. When Pn322 = 0, S-Curve time constant disabled.	0	x0.4ms	0   5000	Pi
Pn323	S-Curve Time Constant for Internal Position command(TACC) Please refer to Pn322 statament		x0.4ms	1       5000	Pi

We define the input time parameter are TSL and TACC. It judges the acc/dec trip by the setted time parameter.

Figure (a) shows that when TACC > TSL, it will generate a constant acceleration region, and the time of acceleration is TACC – TSL.

Refered to figure (b), there is no constant acceleration region when TACC = TSL, and it can not be define on TACC<TSL.





### 5-4-5 Definition of Direction

In position mode, user can use Pn314 (Position Command Direction Definition) to define motor rotation direction. The setting is showed as follow:

Parameter Signal	Name	Setting	Description	Control Mode
*	Definition of position command direction (from motor load end)	0	Clockwise (CW)	Pi
Pn314	icew in the control of the control o	1	Counter Clockwise (CCW)	Pe

New setting will become effective after re-cycling the power.

## 5-4-6 Gain Adjustment

The table below shows the parameters for adjusting the position loop.

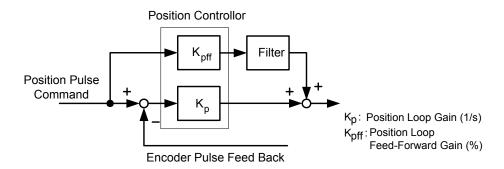
Two position loop gains can be selected from input contact terminals according to table below.

For selection methods refer to section. 5-3-11.

Parameter Signal	Name	Default	Unit	Setting Range	Control Mode
Pn310	Position Loop Gain1	40	1/s	1~1000	Pe/Pi
Pn311	Position Loop Gain 2	40	1/s	1~1000	Pe/Pi
Pn312	Position Feed-Forward Gain	0	%	0~100	Pe/Pi
Cn033	Speed Feed-Forward Smooth Filter	500	Hz	0~1000	Pe/Pi

Diagram below shows the position controller. Adjust a higher gain value can reduse response time. Position Feed-Forward Gain can also be used to shorten the positioning time.

Refer to section 5-5 for Position Loop Gain Adjustment methods.



### 5-4-7 Clear the Pulse Offset

In position control mode, **parameter Pn315** (Pulse Error clear mode) has three modes can be select. **CLR** input contact is used to clear the pulse error as required according to the list below.

Parameter	Name	Setting	Description	Control Mode
		0	When Input <b>CLR</b> contact, clears the pulse error value.	Pe
Pn315 Pulse Error ( Mode	Pulse Error Clear Mode	1	When Input <b>CLR</b> contact to cancels the position command, Stops the motor rotating, the pulse error value is cleared and mechanical Home signal is reset.	Pi Pe
		2	When Input <b>CLR</b> contact to cancels the position command, stops the motor rotating and the pulse error value is cleared.	Pi

Note: Input contacts status "1" (ON) and "0" (OFF)

Please check 5-6-1 to set the required high /Low signal levels (PNP/NPN) selection.

# **5-4-8 Homing Function**

Homing function is used to find and set a reference point for correct positioning.

To set a HOME reference position, one of input contacts ORG (external sensor input), CCWL, or CWL can be used.

An encoder Z phase (marker pulse) can also be used as home reference and can be search by CW or CCW direction. Following Home routine selections are available for setting parameter Pn 365.0.

Parameter	Name	Setting	Description	Control Mode
		0	Once the home routine is activated, motor will search for Home Position switch in 1 <sup>st</sup> preset speed in <b>CCW</b> direction.  Input contacts CCWL or CWL can be used as the Home Reference Switch.  Once Home reference switch is detected and complete, input contacts <b>CCWL</b> and <b>CWL</b> will act as limits input contact again. <b>Note:</b> When using this function, 1 or 2 setting of <b>Pn317.1</b> is not allowable. <b>Cn002.1</b> (CCWL & CWL Input terminal function) <b>must to set as 0.</b>	
		1	Once the home routine is activated, motor will search for Home Position switch in 1 <sup>st</sup> preset speed in <b>CW direction</b> . Input contacts CCWL or CWL can be used as the Home Reference Switch. Once Home reference switch is detected and complete, input contacts <b>CCWL</b> and <b>CWL</b> will act as limits input contact again.  Note: When using this function, 1 or 2 setting of <b>Pn317.1</b> is not allowable. <b>Cn002.1</b> (CCWL & CWL Input terminal function) <b>must to set as 0</b> .	
Pn317.0	On activation of Home input contact, Pn317.0 It sets the search	2	Once the home routine is activated, motor will search for Home Position switch in 1 <sup>st</sup> preset speed in <b>CCW direction</b> and sets the input contact ORG (external sensor input) as a Home reference when ORG contact is activated.  If <b>Pn317.1=2</b> , it will directly find the closest Rising-Edge of <b>ORG</b> to be the Home position (without a need for Home reference),then it	
	direction and Home reference. (Setting for home routine)	3	stops in accordance with <b>Pn317.3</b> setting.  Once the home routine is activated, motor will search for Home Position switch in 1 <sup>st</sup> preset speed in <b>CW direction</b> and sets the input contact ORG (external sensor input) as a Home reference when ORG contact is activated.  If <b>Pn317.1=2</b> , it will directly find the closest Rising-Edge of <b>ORG</b> to be the Home position (without a need for Home reference),then it	
	4	stops in accordance with <b>Pn317.3</b> setting.  Once the home routine is activated, motor will search for Home position in 1st preset speed in <b>CCW</b> direction and sets the Home reference  Servo drive start to find the Home position of the nearest Z phase. (No need for Home reference)  When using this function, set <b>Pn317.1=2</b> .  After finished setting of <b>Z</b> Phase to the Home position, for the stop method refer to the setting of <b>Pn317.3</b> .		
		5	Once the home routine is activated, motor will search for Home position in 1st preset speed in <b>CW</b> direction and sets the Home reference Servo drive start to find the Home position of the nearest Z phase. (No need for Home reference) When using this function, set <b>Pn317.1=2</b> . After finished setting of <b>Z</b> Phase to the Home position, for the stop method refer to the setting of <b>Pn317.3</b> .	

Parameter	Name	Setting	Description	Control Mode
	Once Reference Home switch or	0	Once the Home Reference switch or signal is detected, motor <b>reverses direction</b> in 2 <sup>nd</sup> speed to find the nearest <b>Z</b> Phase pulse and sets this as the Home position, then stops in accordance with <b>Pn317.3</b> setting method.	
	Signal, is found set search method for the Home	1	Once the Home Reference switch or signal is detected, motor <b>Continues in its direction</b> in 2 <sup>nd</sup> speed to find the nearest <b>Z</b> Phase pulse and sets this as the Home position, then stops in accordance with <b>Pn317.3</b> setting method.	Pi/Pe
	position.	2	When <b>Pn317.0=2</b> or <b>3</b> , it finds the rising edge of ORG to be the Home position, then stops in accordance with <b>Pn317.3</b> ;  When <b>Pn317.0=4</b> or <b>5</b> , it finds <b>Z</b> Phase pulse to be the Home, then stops in accordance with <b>Pn317.3</b> .	
		0	Homing routine is <b>Disabled</b> .	
Pn317.2	Setting of Home Routine Start method	1	On power up and activation of <b>Servo on</b> the home routine is started automatically.  This method is useful for applications that do not require repeated home routines. No external home reference switch is required.	Pi/Pe
		2	Use <b>SHOME</b> input contact to start a home routine. In position mode, <b>SHOME</b> can be used to start a home routine at any moment.	
Pn317.3	Stopping mode after finding	0	After detecting the Home signal, it <b>sets</b> this position to be the Home reference ( <b>Un-14</b> encoder feed back rotating number and <b>Un-15</b> encoder feed back pulse number are all 0), motor decelerates and stops.  Then it reverses direction in 2 <sup>nd</sup> speed to detect the Home Position again then it decelerates and stops.	Pi/Pe
(	Home signal.	1	After detecting the Home signal, it <b>sets</b> this position to be the Home reference ( <b>Un-14</b> encoder feed back rotating number and <b>Un-15</b> encoder feed back pulse number are all 0), motor decelerates and stops.	

# Home Mode selection table

Pn317.0 and Pn 317.1 selections can be made for each application as required according to the table below:-

Pn317.0 Pn317.1	0	1	2	3	4	5
0	•	•	•	•	×	×
1	×	×	•	•	×	×
2	×	×	•	•	•	•

<sup>●</sup> HOME routine available ➤ HOME routine not available.

# Additional Home routine parameters

Home search speed parameters 1st (Fast) and 2<sup>nd</sup> (Slow) speeds are set according to table below:

Parameter Signal	Name	Default	Unit	Setting Range	Control Mode
Pn318	1 <sup>st</sup> preset high speed of HOME	100	rpm	0~2000	Pi/Pe
Pn319	2 <sup>nd</sup> preset low speed of HOME	50	rpm	0~500	Pi/Pe

Parameters Pn320 and Pn 321 provide Home position offset feature for applications where the machine mechanical home position is a different position to the detected home position.

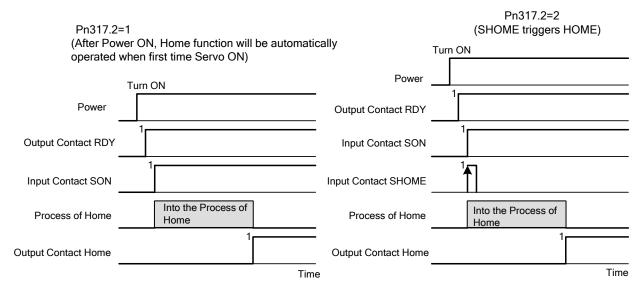
This offset can be achieved by setting the two parameters below.

Once the detected home position is found in accordance with **Pn317** (Home routine mode), and then it will search by number of revolutions and pulses set in Pn320 and Pn 321 to find the new off set Home position.

Parameter Signal	Name	Default	Unit	Setting Range	Control Mode
Pn320	HOME Position Offset. (No of Revolutions)	0	rev	-30000~30000	Pi/Pe
	HOME position Bias Pulse value (No of pulses)	0	pulse	-32767~32767	Pi/Pe

## **Home routine Timing Chart**

During the Home routine if the SON (Servo On) is not activated or any alarm happens, Home routine is stopped and Home Complete output contact is reset (Cleared).



Note: Input contacts status "1" (ON) and "0" (OFF)

Please check 5-6-1 to set the required high /Low signal levels (PNP/NPN) selection.

## **Home Routine Speed /Position Timing Charts**

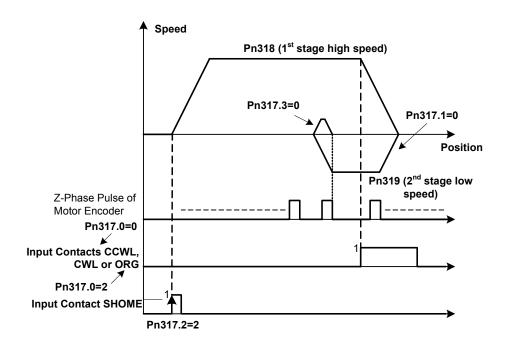
Following Sections Show the Speed/Position Timing charts according to Pn 317.0 and Pn317.1 selections.

Pn317.0 Pn317.1	0	1	2	3	4	5
0	(1)	(2)	(1)	(2)	×	×
1	×	×	(3)	(4)	×	×
2	×	×	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)

X No Home routine

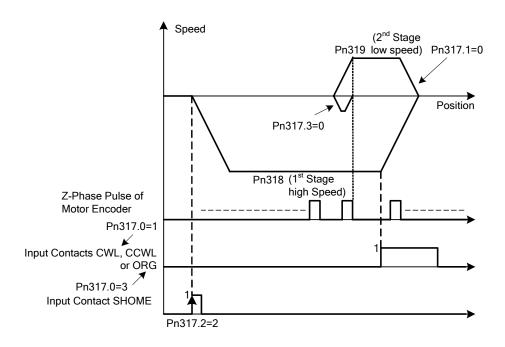
(1)

- Pn317.0=0 or 2 (After starting HOME routine, run CCW in 1<sup>st</sup> preset high speed for HOME Reference (CCWL, CWL or ORG).
- **Pn317.1=0**(After finding HOME Reference, **reverse direction** in 2<sup>nd</sup> preset low speed to search for the nearest **Z** Phase pulse to be set as the HOME position).
- Pn317.2=2(Input Contact SHOME to Start Home routine).
- Pn317.3=0(Reverse search for HOME position).



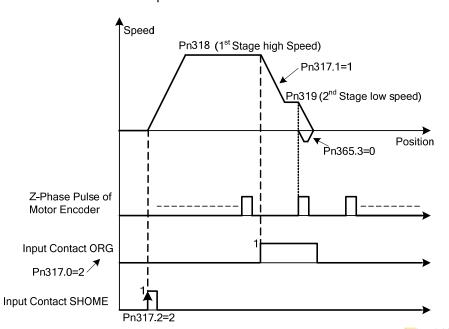
(2)

- Pn317.0=1or 3. After starting the HOME routine, run CW in 1<sup>st</sup> preset high speed to search for HOME Reference (CWL, CCWL or ORG).
- **Pn317.1=0**. After finding HOME Reference, **reverse direction** in 2<sup>nd</sup> preset low speed to search for the nearest **Z** Phase pulse to be set as the HOME position.
- Pn317.2=2. Input Contact SHOME Starts the Home routine.
- Pn317.3=0. Reverse search for HOME position.



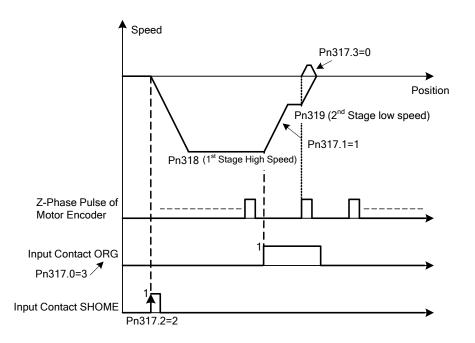
(3)

- Pn317.0=2. After starting HOME routine, run CCW in 1<sup>st</sup> preset high speed to search for HOME Reference (ORG).
- **Pn317.1=1.** After finding HOME Reference, **continues in the same direction** in 2<sup>nd</sup> preset low speed to find the nearest **Z** Phase to be set as the HOME position.
- Pn317.2=2 Input Contact SHOME Starts the HOME routine.
- Pn317.3=0 Reverse search for HOME position



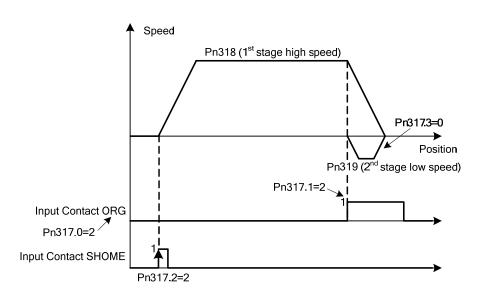
(4)

- Pn317.0=3(After Starting HOME routine, run CW in 1<sup>st</sup> preset high speed to search for HOME Reference.(ORG)
- **Pn317.1=1.** After finding HOME Reference, **continues in the same direction** in 2<sup>nd</sup> preset low speed to find the nearest **Z** Phase to be set as the HOME position.
- Pn317.2=2 Input Contact SHOME Starts the HOME routine.
- Pn317.3=0 Reverse search for HOME position



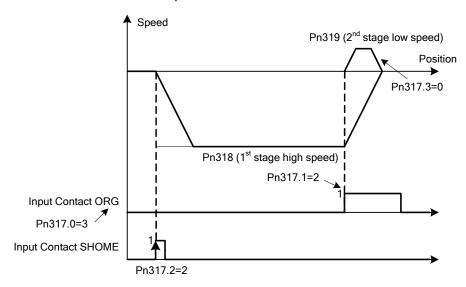
(5)

- **Pn317.0=2.** After Starting HOME routine, run C**CW** in 1<sup>st</sup> preset high speed to search for HOME Reference. (**ORG**).
- Pn317.1=2. After Finding the HOME Reference, the Rising Edge of ORG sets the HOME Position.
- Pn317.2=2 Input Contact SHOME Starts the HOME routine.
- Pn317.3=0 Reverse search for HOME position



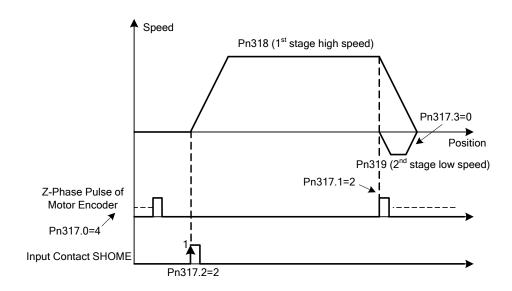
(6)

- **Pn317.0=3.** After Starting HOME routine, run **CW** in 1<sup>st</sup> preset high speed to search for HOME Reference. (**ORG**).
- Pn317.1=2. After Finding the HOME Reference, the Rising Edge of ORG sets the HOME Position.
- Pn317.2=2 Input Contact SHOME Starts the HOME routine.
- Pn317.3=0 Reverse search for HOME position



(7)

- **Pn317.0=4.** After Starting HOME routine, run **CCW** in 1<sup>st</sup> preset high speed to search for the nearest Z phase pulse.
- **Pn317.1=2.** After Finding the Z phase pulse, set this position as the HOME position.
- Pn317.2=2 Input Contact SHOME Starts the HOME routine.
- Pn317.3=0 Reverse search for HOME position



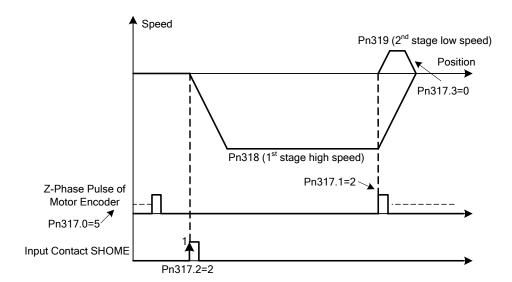
(8)

**Pn317.0=5.** After Starting HOME routine, run **CW** in 1<sup>st</sup> preset high speed to search for the nearest *Z* phase pulse.

**Pn317.1=2.** After Finding the Z phase pulse, set this position as the HOME position.

Pn317.2=2 Input Contact SHOME Starts the HOME routine.

Pn317.3=0 Reverse search for HOME position

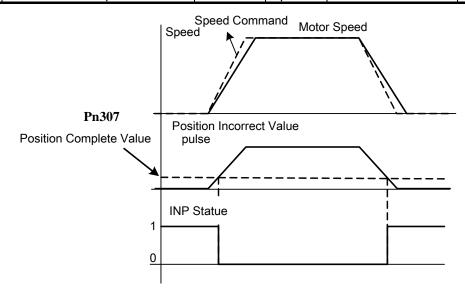


### **5-4-9 Other Position Functions**

## In position (Position Complete)

As long as the position **error value** (counts) is less than the pulse counts set in **Pn307** (Position Complete value) then **INP output contact** will be activated.

Parameter	Name	Default	Unit	Setting Range	Control Mode
Pn307	Position Complete value	10	pulse	0~50000	Pi/Pe



Note: Input contacts status "1" (ON) and "0" (OFF)

Please check 5-6-1 to set the required high /Low signal levels (PNP/NPN) selection.

## Position error alarm

When the Position error value is greater than the preset pulse value of **Pn308** (Positive position error level) or **Pn309** (Negative position error level) this will generate **AL-11** (**Position error**) signal.

Parameter	Name	Default	Unit	Setting Range	Control Mode
Pn308	Positive position error level	50000	pulse	0~50000	Pi/Pe
Pn309	Negative position error level	50000	pulse	0~50000	Pi/Pe

# 5-5 Gain Adjustment

The Servo controller provides 3 control loops as diagram shown below:

Control methods are: Current Control, Speed Control and Position Control.

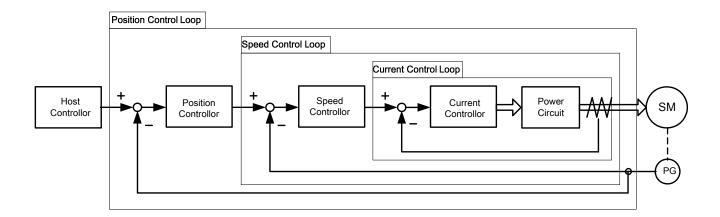


Diagram above shows the three control loops.

Current (Inner loop), Speed (middle loop) and position (outer loop).

Theoretically, the bandwidth of inner control loop must be higher than the bandwidth of the outer control loop, otherwise, the whole control system will become unstable, and cause vibration or abnormal response.

The relationship between the **band width** for these three control loops is as follows:

Current Loop (Inner) > Speed Loop (Middle) > Position Loop (outer).

The **default current control bandwidth** has already been set for optimum response, So **Only speed** and position control loop gains may be adjusted.

Table below shows the Gain adjustment parameters for the three control loops.

Parameter	Name	Default	Unit	Setting Range	Control Mode
Sn211	Speed Loop Gain 1	40	Hz	10~1500	Pe/Pi/S
Sn212	Speed Loop Integration Time Constant 1	100	x0.2 msec	1~5000	Pe/Pi/S
Sn213	Speed Loop Gain 2	40	Hz	10~1500	Pe/Pi/S
Sn214	Speed Loop Integration Time Constant 2	100	x0.2 msec	1~5000	Pe/Pi/S
Pn310	Position Loop Gain 1	40	1/s	1~1000	Pe/Pi
Pn311	Position Loop Gain 2	40	1/s	1~1000	Pe/Pi
Pn312	Position Loop Feed-Forward Gain	0	%	0~100	Pe/Pi
Cn025	Load Inertia Ratio	10	x0.1	0~1000	Pe/Pi/S

## Speed Loop Gain

Speed Loop Gain has a direct effect on the response Bandwidth of Speed Control Loop.

Under the condition of no vibration or noise, when higher is the Speed Loop Gain Value is setting speed response is becoming faster.

If Cn025 (Load Inertia Ratio) is correctly set then,

Speed Loop Bandwidth = Sn211 (Speed Loop Gain1) or Sn213 (Speed Loop Gain2).

Load Inertia Ratio Formula is as below:

$$\label{eq:load_load_inertia} \text{Load inertia transforming to motor axis } (\underline{J_L}) \times \text{ 100\%}$$
 
$$\text{Inertia of servo motor rotor } (\underline{J_M})$$

## Speed Loop Integration Time Constant

Integral element in Speed Control Loop eliminates the steady state error.

Under the condition of no vibration or noise, reducing the speed loop Integral Time Constant can enhance system rigidity. If the Load Inertia Ratio is very high or the system has vibration factors, ensure that the Speed Loop Integral Time Constant is also high enough, otherwise the mechanical system would produce resonance easily.

Integral Time Constant for Speed Loop can be set using the formula below:

**Sn212**(Integral Time constant 1 of Speed Loop) 
$$\geq 5 \times \frac{1}{2\pi \times \text{Sn211}(\text{Speed Loop Gain 1})}$$

Setting Example:

Assume: Cn025 (Load Inertia Ratio) is correctly set, If target Speed Loop Bandwidth 100Hz, set Sn211 (Speed Loop Gain 1) =100(Hz) then

**Sn212**(Integral Time Constant 1 of Speed Loop) 
$$\geq 5 \times \frac{1}{2\pi \times 100} = 40 (\times 0.2 \text{msec})$$

## **Position Loop Gain**

Position Loop Gain has a direct effect on the response speed of Position Loop.

Under the condition that there is no vibration or noise from servo motor, increasing the Position Loop Gain Value can enhance the response speed and hence reduce the positioning time.

## Position Loop Feed-Forward Gain

Using Position Loop Feed-Forward Gain can enhance the response speed.

If the Feed-Forward Gain value is setting too high, overshooting could occur and cause the **INP** (In Position) output contact to switch ON and OFF repeatedly.

SO monitor Speed Curve and **INP** (In Position Signal) at the same time then increase Feed-Forward Value slowly.

If Position Loop Gain is too high, Feed-Forward function will be insignificant.

### Quick Parameters for Gain adjustment

Quick Gain adjust parameters are available for setting manually.

The related Gain Adjust parameters are listed in the Quick-Parameter leaflet for convenient reference. Quick adjust parameters once altered are saved and become effective **immediately**, without pressing the Enter-Key. The table below shows the Gain Adjust Quick-Parameters.

Parameter	Name	Default	Unit	Setting Range	Control Mode
<b>♦</b> qn501	Speed Loop Gain 1	40	Hz	10~1500	Pe/Pi/S
<b>♦</b> qn502	Integral Time Constant 1 of Speed Loop	100	x0.2 msec	1~5000	Pe/Pi/S
<b>♦</b> qn503	Speed Loop Gain 2	40	Hz	10~1500	Pe/Pi/S
<b>♦</b> qn504	Integral Time Constant 2 of Speed Loop	100	x0.2 msec	1~5000	Pe/Pi/S
<b>♦</b> qn505	Position Loop Gain 1	40	1/s	1~1000	Pe/Pi
<b>♦</b> qn506	Position Loop Gain 2	40	1/s	1~1000	Pe/Pi
<b>♦</b> qn507	Position Loop Feed-Forward Gain	0	%	0~100	Pe/Pi

Become effective immediately without pressing Enter-Key

## 5-5-1 Automatic Gain Adjustment

This device provides ON-LINE Auto tuning, which can quickly and precisely measure Load Inertia and adjust the Gain automatically. Setting is according to the table below:

Parameter	Name	Setting	Description	Control Mode
★ Cn002.2	Auto tuning	0	Auto tuning Disabled	Pe/Pi/S
	Auto tuning	1	Enable Auto tuning	Pe/FI/3

When Cn002.2 is set to 0 (Auto tuning Disabled), following Gain adjust parameters must be set.

Parameter Signal	Name			
Cn025	Load Inertia Ratio			
Sn211	Speed Loop Gain 1			
Sn212	Speed-loop Integral time constant 1			
Sn213	Speed loop Gain 2			
Sn214	Speed loop Integral time constant 2			
Pn310	Position Loop Gain 1			
Pn311	Position Loop Gain 2			
Pn312	Position Loop Feed-Forward Gain			

When **Cn002.2** is set to 1 auto tuning is enabled and the Servo controller will adjust the Servo Gain in accordance with **Cn026** (Rigidity Setting) and the measured Load Inertia Ratio by monitor parameter Un-19 (Load Inertia Ratio), when the Load Inertia Ratio is becomes stable,

Then set **0** in **Cn002.2** to cancel Auto tuning. At this moment, servo controller will record the measured Load Inertia Ratio into **Cn025** (Load Inertia Ratio).

If servo drive is used in a applications where there is no significant load variations, then monitor **Un-19** (Load Inertia Ratio) if this is stable then it is recommended that Auto tuning is not used.

## Applying conditions of Auto tuning

The Servo drive provides Auto tuning and uses an advanced control technique "ON-LINE" to measure the Load Inertia Ratio to control the system to achieve default speed or Position Response Bandwidth. System must comply with the conditions below, so that the Auto tuning can operate normally.

- (1) The timing from stop to 2000rpm needs be less than 1 second.
- (2) Motor speed is larger than 200rpm.
- (3) Load Inertia needs be 100 times less than the inertia of the motor.
- (4) External force or the variation of inertia ratio can not be excessive.

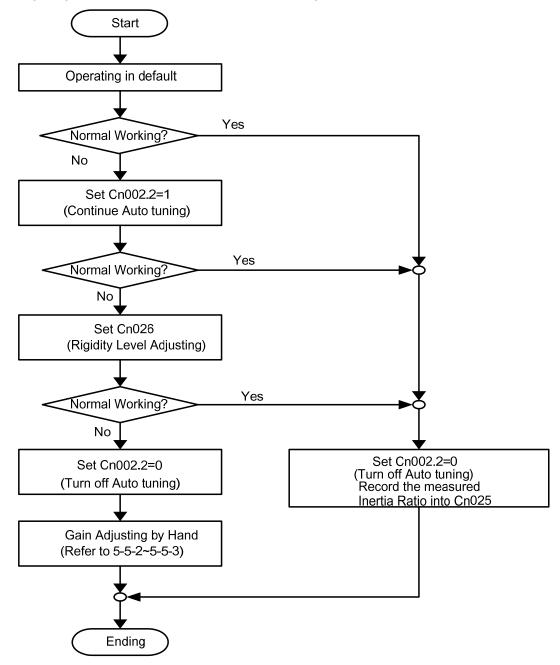
## **Rigidity Setting**

When Auto tuning is used, set the Rigidity Level depending on the various Gain settings for applications such as those listed below:

Rigidity Setting Cn026	Position Loop Gain Pn310 [1/s]	Speed Loop Gain <b>Sn211 [Hz]</b>	Speed-loop Integral time constant 1 Sn212 [x0.2msec]	Mechanical Rigidity	Application
1	15	15	300	Low	Machines driven by timing
2	20	20	225		Belt, Chain or Gear: Large
3	30	30	150		Moving Table, Conveyor Belt.
4	40	40	100		The machines driven by
5	60	60	75	Middle	Ballscrew through decelerator: Ordinary
6	85	85	50		machines, Mechanics arms, robot arms, conveyor.
7	120	120	40		The machines driven by
8	160	160	30		Ballscrew: High precision Machines, Metal engraving
9	200	200	25		Machine, Insertion Machine
Α	250	250	20	High	and IC inspection Machine.

### **Process for Auto tuning**

The following diagram shows the process for Auto tuning.



Note: After Auto tuning is complete Set 0 in Cn002.2, otherwise it will not record the present measured Load Inertia Ratio.

If the power is cut off during Auto tuning then when the power is established, Servo controller will use the previously recorded setting of Load Inertia Ratio which is stored in parameter Cn025.

### 5-5-2 Manual Gain Adjustment

Manual Gain adjustment is made available for applications when auto tune is not providing a good and stable system response, or a system where there is no significant load variations and the auto tune is not used.

### Manual Gain Adjustment in Speed control Mode

- **Step 1: Set Rigidity level** in parameter Cn 26 (See section 5-5-1 for the selection table) and Cn25.
- **Step 2:** If the Servo system includes a host controller which is used for positioning control, then it's **position loop Gain** should be set lower, relative to the servo drive Gain.
- Step 3: Adjusting Speed Loop Gain 1 (Sn211):
  - a) Increase Sn212 (Integral Time Constant 1of Speed Loop). Set a higher value than default or the set value when auto tune was unsuccessful.
  - b) Increase the Speed Loop Gain (Sn211) until there is no vibration or noise.
  - c) Then decrease the Speed Loop Gain (Sn211) slowly and increase Position Loop Gain of Host Controller until there is no vibration or noise.

#### Step 4: Adjusting Speed Loop Integral Time Constant 1 (Sn212):

Set the Integral Time Constant of Speed Loop for minimum time setting that without causing mechanical vibration.

**Step 5:** Finally, Slowly adjust the Speed Loop Gain, Position Loop Gain of Host Controller and Integral Time Constant of Speed Loop until the servo system provides the best response.

### Manual Gain Adjustment in Position Control mode

- **Step 1: Set Rigidity level in parameter Cn 26** (See section 5-5-1 for the selection table) for the correct **Load Inertia Ratio**.
- Step 2: Decrease Position Loop Gain 1 (Pn 310).

Set a lower value than default or the set value when auto tune was unsuccessful. Set a relatively higher value in Sn212 (Integral Time Constant 1 of Speed Loop).

Step 3: Adjust Speed Loop Gain 1(Sn211).

Increase the Speed Loop Gain until there is no vibration or noise.

Step 4: Adjusting Position Loop Gain 1 (Pn310).

Slowly decrease the Speed Loop Gain again, then increase the Position Loop Gain until there is no vibration or noise.

- Step 5: Adjusting Speed Loop Integral Time Constant 1 (Sn212).
  - Set the Integral Time Constant of Speed Loop for a minimum time without causing mechanical vibration.
- **Step 6:** Finally, slowly adjusting the Speed Loop Gain, Position Loop Gain and the Integral Time Constant of Speed Loop until the servo system provides the best response.

### 5-5-3 Improving Resonance

The Servo drive provides the function of Gain Switching and Position Loop Feed-Forward Gain to improve system response.

Note: Both of these features must be used correctly to improve system response, otherwise the response will become worse. Refer to the description below:

#### **Gain Switch**

Following Gain Switching features are provided:-

- a) Speed Loop Gain PI/P Switching
- b) 2-stage Gain Switching.

#### Purposes list:

- (1) To restrict overshoot during acceleration/deceleration in speed control.
- (2) Reducing the in position oscillations and providing shorter settling time in position control.
- (3) Decrease the noise caused when using Servo Lock.

For further details refer to section 5-3-11.

### Position Loop Feed-Forward Gain

Position Loop Feed-Forward Gain can be used to reduce the error result from position control and improve the response speed.

Position loop Feed forward gain and position loop gain should be matched with. If adjusting to higher position loop gain, the feed fordward gain can be ignored. Oppositly, if the loop gain value is setting for a relatively low level, adjust position loop feed forward gain will improve system response time obviously.

The adjustment steps are as follows:

- Step 1: Refer to the procedures in sections 5-5-1~5-2 to adjust Speed and Position Gain.
- **Step 2:** Increase **Pn312** (Position Feed-Forward Gain) slowly, and observe the **INP** (Output Signal of In Position) at the same time and INP output should be activated faster.

**Note:** The Position Loop Feed-Forward Gain can not be set too high, otherwise it will cause speed overshooting and **INP** (In Position output signal) will be switching On/Off repeatedly.

### **5-6 Other Functions**

## 5-6-1 Programmable I/O Functions

### **Digital Inputs**

There are 12 DI (Digital Inputs) contacts and 4 DO (Digital Outputs) contacts which are programmable as listed below:-

Parameter	Name	Setting		Description	Control Mode	
			Signal	Contactor Function		
		00	NULL	Non-function setting		
		01	SON	Servo On		
		02	ALRS	Alarm Reset		
		03	PCNT	PI/P Switching		
		04	CCWL	CCW Limit		
		05	CWL	CW Limit		
		06	TLMT	External Torque Limit		
		07	CLR	Clear Pulse Error Value		
		80	LOK	Servo Lock		
		09	EMC	Emergency Stop		
		0A	SPD1	Speed 1		
		0B	SPD2	Speed 2		
		OC	MDC	Control Mode Switch		
		0D	INH	Position Command Inhibit		
		0E	SPDINV	Speed Inverse		
<b>★</b>		0F	G-SEL	Gain Select		
Hn601.0	DI-1	10	GN1	Electronic Gear Ratio	ALL	
★ Hn601.1	Digital Input 1 programmable			Numerator 1		
\	Functions	11	GN2	Electronic Gear Ratio Numerator 2		
	T directions	12	PTRG	Position Trigger		
/ * \		13	PHOLD	Position Hold		
		14	SHOME	Start Home		
				Home Position Reference		
		15	ORG	(Origin)		
		16	POS1	Internal Position select 1		
		17	POS2	Internal Position select 2		
		18	POS3	Internal Position select 3		
		19	POS4	Internal Position select 4		
		1A	TRQINV	Torque Inverse		
		1B	RS1	Torque CW Selecting		
		1C	RS2	Torque CCW Selecting		
		1D	MDC2	Control mode selection for tool		
				turret Internal position command		
		1E	POS5	selection 5		
		'L	1 000	(Tool NO. selection 5)		
		1F	POS6	Tool NO. selection 6		

New setting will become effective after re-cycling the power.

Parameter Signal	Name	Setting	Description	Control Mode
★ Hn601.2	DI-1 Logic State	0	Input contact state. NO (Normally Open). Connecting (IG24) to inputs, enables the selected function.	ALL
	NO/NC Selection		Input contact state. NC (Normally Closed). Disconnecting (IG24) from inputs, enables the selected function.	ALL

New setting will become effective after re-cycling the power.

Digital Inputs 2 to 12 (Hn 602 to Hn 612). Are programmable and the logic state NO/NC can also be selected same as that shown for digital input 1. See Hn501.

Parameter	Name	Description	Control Mode
★ Hn602	DI-2 Programmable		
★ Hn603	DI-3 Programmable		
★ Hn604	DI-4 Programmable		
★ Hn605	DI-5 Programmable		
★ Hn606	DI-6 Programmable	Refer to <b>Hn601</b> for programmable options.	
★ Hn607	DI-7 Programmable		ALL
★ Hn608	DI-8 Programmable		
★ Hn609	DI-9 Programmable		
★ Hn610	DI-10 Programmable		
★ Hn611	DI-11 Programmable		
★ Hn612	DI-12 Programmable		

**Warning!** If any of programmable Inputs of DI-1  $\sim$  DI-12 are set for the same type of function then the logic state selection ( NO or NC selection) for these inputs must be the same type. Otherwise an Alarm will be displayed. AL-07 (**Multi-function contact setting error**).

#### **Digital Outputs.**

There are 4 programmable Digital Outputs according to the table below:

Parameter	Name	Setting		Description		
			Signal	Contactor functions		
		01	RDY	Servo Ready		
*		02	ALM	Alarm		
Hn613.0 ◆	DO-1 terminal	03	ZS	Zero Speed	1	
★ Hn613.1	functions	04	BI	Brake Signal	ALL	
	Turictions	05	INS	In Speed	İ	
		06	INP	In Position		
/ \ \		07	HOME	HOME		
		08	INT In Torque			
★ Hn613.2	Hn613.2		Close, whe	n the output is activated.	A11	
	DO-1	1	Open, whe	n the output is activated	ALL	

Parameter	Name	Description	Control Mode
★ Hn614	DO-2 Programmable		
★ Hn615	DO-3 Programmable	Refer to <b>Hn613</b> for programmable options.	ALL
★ Hn616	DO-4 Programmable		

New setting will become effective after re-cycling the power.

#### Warning!

When programmable DO-1  $\sim$  DO-4 are set for the same type of function alarm will be displayed.

AL-07 (Multi-function contact setting error).

## Hn-601~Hn616 default settings for different control mode

Cn001 Setting Parameter	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Α
Hn601	0001	0001	0001	0001	0001	0001	0001	0001	0001	0001	0001
Hn602	0002	0002	0002	0002	0002	0002	0002	0002	0002	0002	0002
Hn603	0003	0003	0003	0003	0003	0003	0016	0016	0016	0016	0003
Hn604	0104	0104	0104	0104	0104	0104	0017	0017	0017	0017	0104
Hn605	0105	0105	0105	0105	0105	0105	0018	0018	0018	0018	0105
Hn606	001B	0006	0006	0006	001B	001B	0019	0019	0019	0019	0006
Hn607	001C	000E	0007	000E	001C	001C	001E	001E	001E	001E	0007
Hn608	001A	8000	000D	8000	001A	001A	0012	0012	0012	001F	000D
Hn609	0009	0009	0009	0009	0009	0009	0009	0009	0009	0009	0009
Hn610	A000	000A	0014	000A	000A	A000	0014	A000	001B	0012	0014
Hn611	000B	000B	0015	000B	000B	000B	0015	000B	001C	001D	0015
Hn612	000C	000C	000C	000C	000C	000C	0013	000C	000C	000C	000C
Hn613	0001	0001	0001	0001	0001	0001	0001	0001	0001	0006	0001
Hn614	0002	0002	0002	0002	0002	0002	0002	0002	0002	0002	0002
Hn615	8000	0003	0007	0003	8000	8000	0007	0003	8000	000E	0007
Hn616	0005	0005	0006	0006	0005	0006	0006	0006	0006	000D	0006

#### 5-6-2 Switch for the Control Mode

Set one of the programmable input terminals to MDC (Control mode) selection.

The input then will select the preset control mode, which is set by Parameter Cn001.

#### Selections are listed below:

Parameter	Name	Setting	Descri	Control Mode	
			MDC Input off	MDC Input On	
	★● Control Mode Selection	3	Position Control (External Pulse Command)	Speed Control	
		4	Speed Control	Torque Control	
, , •		5	Position Control (External Pulse Command)	Torque Control	ALL
Choon		7	Position Control (Internal Pulse Command)	Speed Control	
		8	Position Control (Internal Pulse Command)	Torque Control	
		А	Position Control (Internal Pulse Command)	Position Control (External Pulse Command)	

New setting will become effective after re-cycling the power.

Please check 5-6-1 to setting the input contact required high /Low signal levels (PNP/NPN selection).

## 5-6-3 Auxiliary Functions

Function of Input Contacts SON, CCWL and CWL can be set according to the list below:-

Parameter	Name	Setting	Description	Control Mode
★ Cn002.0	SON	0	Use input contact <b>SON</b> to switch Servo On。	A1.1
HIIII	(Servo ON)	1	Servo on with Power on.  SON input contact not required.	ALL
Cn002.1	CCWL and CWL (Counter Clockwise	0	CCWL and CWL(external limits) are effective. CCW and CW rotation is inhibited by CCWL&CWL.	
	& Clockwise Limits)	1	CCWL and CWL(external limits) are ineffective. CCW&CW rotation is not limited by CCWL&CWL.	ALL

New setting will become effective after re-cycling the power.

#### 5-6-4 Brake Mode

Brake function for servo motor and the external mechanical brake if it is used can be set according to the table below. Set the brake mode as required for Servo off, Emergency Stop and CCW/CW rotation inhibit functions.

Parameter	Name	Setting	Desc	Control Mode	
			Dynamic Brake	Mechanical Brake	
	Cn008 Brake Modes	0	Disable	Disable	
		1	Disable	Enable	
Cn008		2	Enable	Disable	ALL
		3	Enable	Enable	
		4	Disable(Under 100rpm)	Disable	
		5	Disable(Under 100rpm)	Enable	

Note!

When the CCW/CW Drive Inhibit occur, the Cn009 has the higher priority than Cn008.

#### **Example:**

If Cn008 is set to 0 or 1 which means (no Dynamic Brake).

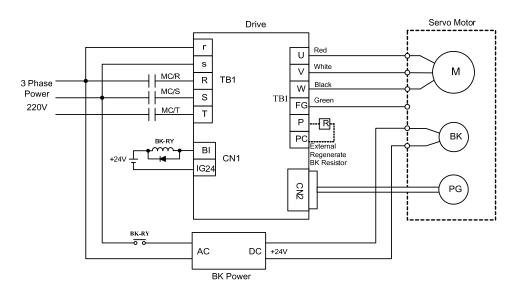
BUT Cn009= 1 (with Dynamic Brake), then the dynamic brake will be effective( enabled).

### 5-6-5 Timing Diagram of Mechanical Brake

In applications with vertical loading, if the power is turned off, to prevent the load from falling due to gravity, a servo motor with electro-mechanical brake can be used.

This servo drive provides a brake output (**BI)** which can be used for controlling the external brake. Timing of brake output signal can be set by parameter **Cn003** (Output Time for electro-mechanical Brake).

### **Typical Circuit Diagram**



#### Timing for Brake output signal

Set the required time for the operation of brake output signal (BI) according to the following. BI output can be used to control the function of an external electro-mechanical brake.

Parameter	Name	Default	Default	Setting Range	<b>Control Mode</b>
	Output time setting for Mechanical Brake Signal	0	msec	-2000~2000	ALL

#### Note!

To use brake output signal set Cn008 (Brake mode) to selections 1 or 3 as required.

When the servo system has vertical loading, please set Cn003 to a **Positive** Number. For definition of a time value with a positive or a negative sign refer to the following notes and timing diagrams.

#### (1) Cn003 set to a time value with a Positive sign.

AS soon as the input contact SON is switched on, Servo on is activated at the same time, then after a time delay set by parameter Cn003,Output Contact BI is switched on. (Signal to release the brake).

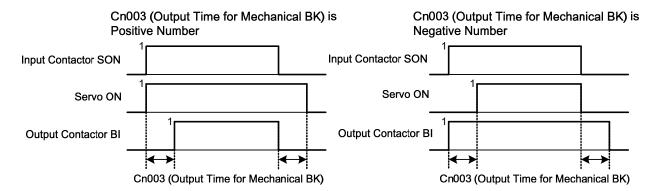
When SON input contact is switched off, BI output contact is also switched off (Signal to operate the brake).

Then after a time delay set by parameter Cn003, Servo ON is de-activated.

#### (2) Cn003 set to a time value with a Negative sign.

AS soon as the input contact SON is switched on, Output Contact BI is switched on at the same time. (Signal to release the brake). then after a time delay set by parameter Cn003, Servo on is activated.

When SON input contact is switched off, Servo ON is de-activated at the same time. then after a time delay set by parameter Cn003, Output Contact BI is switched off. (Signal to operate the brake).



Note: Input contacts status of above time sequence diagram "1" (ON) and "0" (OFF).

Please check 5-6-1 to set the required high /Low signal levels (PNP/NPN) selection.

#### 5-6-6 CW/CCW Drive Inhibit Function

Stopping method of the servo motor as a result of **CW/CCW Inhibit** function can be selected according to the list below:

Parameter	Name	Setting	Description	Control Mode
		0	When torque limit reached the setting value of (Cn010,Cn011), servo motor deceleration to stop in the zero clamp status.	
<b>★</b> Cn009	CW/CCW drive inhibit	1	Deceleration by using dynamic brake to stop then hold in dynamic brake status. Cn009 setting has priority over <b>Cn008</b> setting, it require re-cycling power to take effect after setting changed.	ALL
		2	Once max torque limit (± 300%) is detected then deceleration to stop with zero clamp.	

New setting will become effective after re-cycling the power.

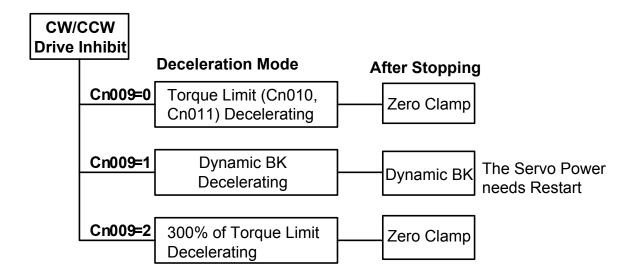
Note!

When the Drive Inhibit occurs in CCW/CW, the Cn009 has the higher priority than Cn008.

Example:

If Cn008 is set to 0 or 1 which means (without Dynamic Brake).

BUT Cn009= 1 (with Dynamic Brake), then the dynamic brake will be effective (enabled).



### 5-6-7 Selecting for External Regeneration Resistor

In applications where a high inertia load is stopped rapidly, motor will generate an energy, which is regenerate power back to the servo drive (Regeneration energy)

- (1) Short deceleration time with heavy loads.
- (2) In vertical load applications.
- (3) High inertia rotary load applied to the motor shaft.

Part of the regeneration power will be absorbed by the drive main smoothing capacitors If there is too much regeneration power which can not be totally absorbed by the capacitor then regeneration resistors can be used to absorb the excess power.

Built-in Regeneration Resistor specification is as below table.

Drive Model	Built-in Reg Resistor Spe		The Regeneration Power(W) absorbed by	Minimum allowed Resistance Value
Divo model	Resistance(Ω)	Power(W)	the built in Resistor (Average Power)	(Ω)
JSDAP-15	25	60	24	25
JSDAP-20	25	60	24	25
JSDAP-30	25	60	24	25
JSDAP-50	20	150	60	15
JSDAP-75	12.5	150	60	10
JSDAP-100	12.5	150	60	10
JSDAP-150	8	200	80	6
JSDAP-200	_	_	_	3
JSDAP-300	_	1	_	3

### **Built-in Regeneration Resistor**

The Regeneration Resistor which is built-in this device can absorb the Regeneration Power from acceleration and deceleration running or Vertical Loading.

But for applications that the large load inertia causes the motor shaft to rotate, an external regeneration Resistor must be installed to protect the servo drive otherwise the servo drive can not function correctly. Select the resistor according to the specified values and if installing regeneration resistors in a parallel way to have more power absorb capacibility.

Ensure that the total resistance value does not smaller than the minimum resistance listed in the table above.

### Setting for the Power of External Regeneration Resistor

When using external regeneration resistor, the power value (Watts) must be set in parameter Cn012.

Parameter	Name	Default	Unit	Setting Range	Control Mode
Cn012	Watts setting for External Regeneration Resistor	0	W	0~10000	ALL

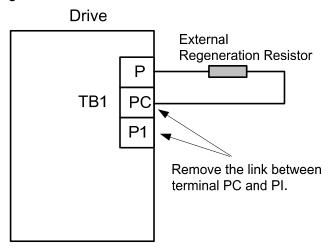
### Wiring for External Regeneration Resistor

When external Regeneration Resistor is used, must remove the link between **PC** and **P1** on **TB1** Terminal.

Then the resistor should be installed between terminals **P** and **PC**.

For safety, use of resistors with thermal protection is recommended.

The thermal switch contact can then be interlocked to disable drive or remove power if necessary. Refer to connection diagram below:



When installing Regeneration Resistors care must be taken as the resistor absorbs the regeneration power, and it is possible to generate the high temperatures above 100°C.

Provide the necessary cooling and use appropriate high temperature wires and ensure there has enough space between regeneration resistor and other materials.

#### Assess for an external resistor and calculate for the power consumption:

Use the table below to determine, if an external regeneration Resistor is necessary.

The table below shows the permitted number of no load operation cycles per minute for various servo motors in regeneration condition.

#### **Defination of "No load operation cycles":**

The servo motor, accerlate from 0 speed to rated speed and deceleration from the rated speed to 0 speed. (No load)

The regeneration energy capacity (in Joules) which can be absorbed by the built-in resistor during no load acceleration/deceleration period, refer to the table list below.

Drive Model	Motor Model	Permitted number of no load operation cycles/min	Main Capacitor energy absorption capacity in Joules. $E_{\mathcal{C}}$ (J).
	JSMA-LC03	433	
JSDAP-15	JSMA-SC02	1775	6
	JSMA-SC04	1004	
	JSMA-LC08	118	
	JSMA-SC04	1004	
JSDAP-20	JSMA-SC08	321	9
	JSMA-MA05	411	
	JSMA-MH05	186	
	JSMA-SC08	321	
	JSMA-MA10	213	
	JSMA-MB10	102	
JSDAP-30	JSMA-MH10	95	13
	JSMA-MA15	145	
	JSMA-MB15	73	
	JSMA-MC15	45	
	JSMA-MA15	484	
JSDAP-50	JSMA-MB15	245	13
J3DAF-30	JSMA-MC15	152	13
	JSMA-MB20	178	
JSDAP-75	JSMA-MB30	121	18
33DAF-73	JSMA-MC30	79	10

#### Calculation for the allowable operation cycles per minute by motor speed and inertia.

The formula below should be used to to calculate the permitted number of cycles/min in **regenerative mode** in accordance with the actual **loading** and the **running speed** of the motor.

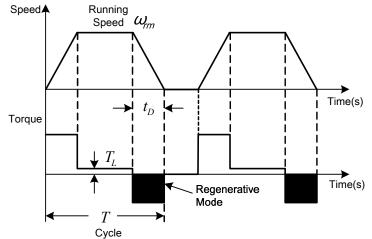
Allowable operation cycle/min. = 
$$\frac{\text{No load operation cycles}}{(1+\alpha)} \times (\frac{\text{Rated Speed}}{\text{MaxRunningSpeed}})^2$$

#### α= Load Inertia / Motor Inertia

If the required number of cycles /min is higher than the calculated value then an external regeneration resistor must be installed.

#### Calculation of the external regeneration resistor power (Watts).

Calculate the resistor watts according to the information and formulas below: (Energy consumed by the motor internally is ignored).



Step	Item	Formula	Description		
			$E_{\scriptscriptstyle M}$ : Working Energy of Servo system (J)		
	Calculate the working Energy of	$\Gamma = L_{\odot}^2 / 192$	$J_{\scriptscriptstyle T}$ : Inertia applied to the motor shaft		
1	the servo system.	$E_{M} = J_{T}\omega_{rm}/182$	$(kg \bullet m^2)$		
			$\omega_{\it rm}$ : Motor running Speed(rpm)		
	Calculate the Energy		$E_{\scriptscriptstyle L}$ : The Energy during deceleration (J)		
2	consumption by the load during	$E_L = (\pi/60)\omega_{rm}T_L t_D$	$T_{\scriptscriptstyle L}$ : Loading Torque(Nm)		
	deceleration.		$t_{\scriptscriptstyle D}$ : The Time from deceleration to stopping(s)		
3	Calculate the Energy absorbed by	$E_{\it C}$ Check the diagram above	$E_{\scriptscriptstyle C}$ : The Energy absorbed by the main		
	internal main capacitor.	Er check the diagram above	capacitor (J)		
4	Calculate the Energy which	$E_R = E_M - (E_L + E_C)$	$E_{\scriptscriptstyle R}$ : The Energy which Regeneration Resistor		
	regeneration resistor consumes	$=_{R}$ $=_{M}$ $(\Xi_{L} + \Xi_{C})$	consumes (J)		
5	Calculate the Power for	$P_{R} = (E_{R}/T)/0.4$	$P_{\scriptscriptstyle R}$ : Regeneration Resistor Power(W)		
ľ	regeneration resistor	$R = (D_{R}, T) / O.4$	T: Operating cycle for servo system(s)		

**Note 1: 0.4 in the formula for**  $P_R$  corresponds to 40% regeneration duty cycle.

Note 2: If the  $E_L$  can not be calculated, then let  $\ E_L=0$  , then calculate ER .

In applications with regenerative loads, which cause reverse torque, a large amount of energy will flow back to the driver.

In such applications, calculate ER and hence regeneration resistor power according to the formula below

Item	Formula	Description for Symbols
Calculate the working Energy during the continuous regenerative period.	$E_G = (\pi/60)\omega_{rm,G}T_Gt_G$	$E_{G} : \mbox{Working Energy during the regenerative} \\ \mbox{period. (J)} \\ \omega_{rm,G} : \mbox{Motor running speed during the} \\ \mbox{regenerative period . (rpm)} \\ T_{G} : \mbox{Loading Torque during the regenerative} \\ \mbox{period (Nm)} \\ t_{G} : \mbox{Regenerative Time. (s)} \\$

The formula for step 4 in the previous table will be:  $E_{\it R}=E_{\it M}$  –  $(E_{\it L}+E_{\it C})$  +  $E_{\it G}$ 

## 5-6-8 Fan Setting

Available models that equipped with the fan.

Parameter	Name	Setting	Description	Control Mode
• (.nusiu -		0	Auto-run by internal temperature sensor.	
	Cooling fan running	1	Run when Servo ON	
	mode	2	Always Running.	ALL
		3	Disabled.	

## 5-6-9 Low Voltage Protection Auto-reset

Parameter	Name	Setting	Description	Control Mode
Cn031.1	Low Voltage Protection(AL-01)	0	As servo on, it shows AL-01 low voltage alarm immediately when it detect low voltage, and after eliminating the situation, to reset it, servo off is a must.	ALL
511001.1	auto-reset selection	1	It shows BB (baseblock) immediately when it detect low voltage, and after eliminating the situation, drive would be auto-reset and displayed <b>Run</b> .	

## **5-6-10 Absolute Encoder Battery Fault**

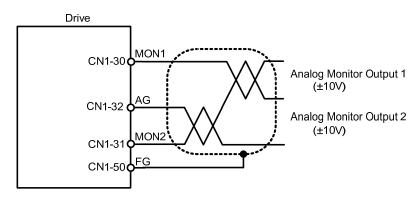
Parameter	Name	Setting	Description	Control Mode
Cn031.2	Absolute Encoder	0	When battery fault occurs, driver can not be memory absolute position, <b>AL-16</b> displayed and motor operates continuous.	ALL
C11031.2	Battery Fault	1	When battery fault occurs, driver can not be memory absolute position, <b>AL-16</b> do not display and motor stopped.	ALL

## **5-6-11 Analog Monitor**

There are two analog output signals which can be used to monitor running Speed, Torque, Current and Position as follows:

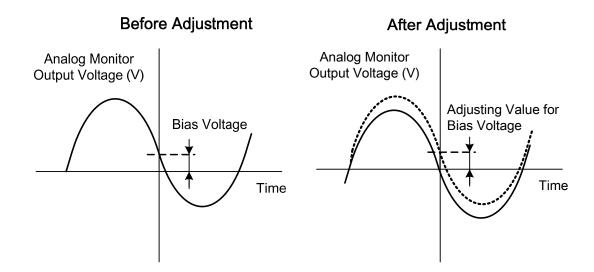
Parameters		Name & Function	Default	Unit	Setting Range	Control Mode
	Analog	monitor output selection (MON1)				
	Setting	Explanation				
	0	Speed command (±10V/1.5 times of the rated speed)				
	1	Speed feedback detection (±10V/1.5 times of the rated speed)				
	2	Torque command (±10V/1.5 times of the rated torque)				
Cn006.0	3	Torque feedback detection (±10V/1.5 times of the rated torque)		X	0	ALL
	4	Pulse command input	2			
	5	Position deviation value				
	6	Electrical angle			В	
	7	Main circuit (Vdc Bus) voltage				
	8	Speed command (+10V/3.5 times of the rated torque)				
	9	Speed feedback detection (+10V/1.5 times of the rated speed)				
	Α	(+10V/3.5 times of the rated torque)				
	B Torque feedback detection (±10V/3.5 times of the rated torque)					
Cn006.1	Analog	monitor output selection MON2				
	Refer to	Cn006.0 for setting this parameter	0			
, ,		monitor output ratio (MON1)			1	
Cn043	speed v	mple, the Analog monitor output ratio is 10V/1.5 times when we set 100%, if we want 10V/0.75 times speed, set 200%	100	%	1000	ALL
	•	monitor output ratio (MON2)			1	
Cn044	_	refer to Cn043.	100	%	1000	ALL

Circuit diagram for analog monitor shows below:



Analog monitor output zero offset can be adjusted by parameters Cn027&Cn028 as below.

Parameter	Name	Default	Unit	Setting Range	Control Mode
Cn027	Analog Monitor 1 Offset adjustment	4	x40mV	-250~250	ALL
Cn028	Analog Monitor 2 Offset adjustment	4	x40mV	-250~250	ALL



## **5-6-12 Factory Setting Parameter**

This parameter can reset all parameter settings to default value (factory reset).

Parameter	Name	Setting	Description	Control Mode
Cn029 Reset parameters		0	Disabled	ALL
		1	All parameters are reset to default values.	ALL

New setting will become effective after re-cycling the power.

## **5-7 Tool Turret Modes**

JSDAP series provided tool turret control mode, the related functions and procedures are set as following described.

## 5-7-1 Parameter Setting

Parameter	Name	Setting			Descri	ption	
<b>★ ●</b> Cn001	Control Mode selection	9	Tool Turret	mode			
*	SON (Servo On)	0	Input Contact, Enables SON (Servo On).				
Cn002.0	Input contact function	1	Input Contact has no function. (SON is enabled when Power on).				
*	CCWL & CWL	0		CWL inpu		are able to control the drive	
Cn002.1	Input contact function	1				e not able to control CCW and drive inhibit is disable.	
		0	(SON cont	act is open	) and rese	ble in Servo Off condition t AL-09 by ALRS signal. en SON is applied.	
★ Cn002.3	EMC reset mode selection		When EM	C status is i and Servo	released, A	AL-09 can be reset on both	
G11002.3		1	Attention! Ensure that the speed command are removed before the alarm is reset to avoid motor unexpected start.				
Cn010	CCW Torque command Limit.	0       300		orque limit i : Cn10=200		ection which is twice the rated	
Cn011	CW Torque command Limit.	-300   0		orque limit : Cn11=-20		ection which is twice the rated	
Cn025	Load-Inertia ratio	0   1000	LoadInertia.	Ratio = Load Mote	InertiaToMo orRotodnerti	$\frac{itor(J_L)}{a(J_M)} \times 100\%$	
Cn026	Rigidity Setting	1       A				e Rigidity Level depending on plications such as those listed	
						xplanation	
			Setting	Position Loop Gain Pn310	Speed Loop Gain Sn211	Speed Loop Integral-Time Constant Sn212 [x0.2msec]	
			1	[1/s] 15	[Hz]	300	
			2	20	15 20	225	
			3	30	30	150	
			4	40	40	100	
			5	60	60	75	
			6	85	85	50	
			7	120	120	40	

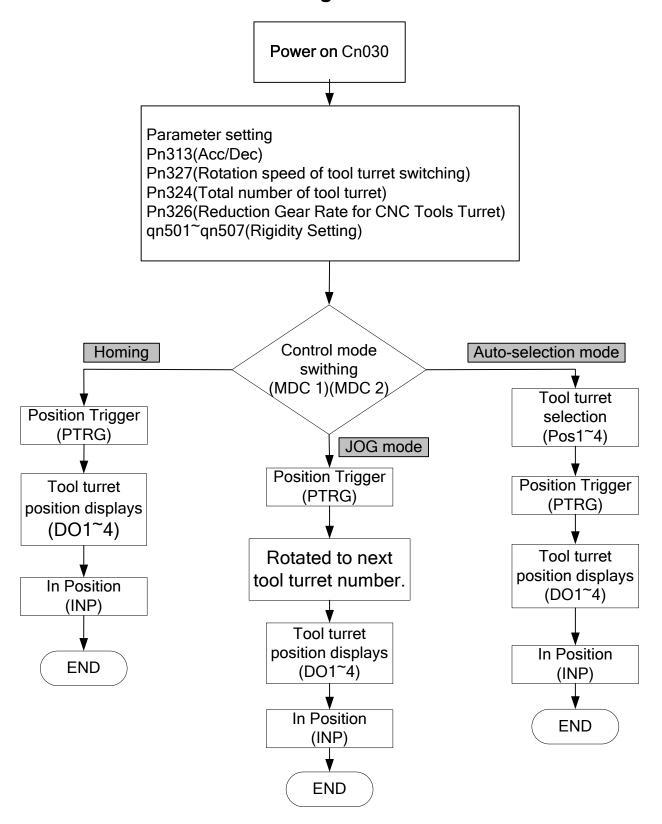
8	160	160	30
9	200	200	25
Α	250	250	20

Parameter	Name	Setting	Description
*	Decet was a sections	0	Disabled
Cn029	Reset parameters	1	Reset all Parameters to default ( Factory setting)
<b>★</b> Cn030	Servo motor model code	Default	Servo model code can be display and checked with parameter dn-08, refer 3-2-2 dn-08 table for more information.  Attention: Before operate your servo motor, check this parameter setting is compatible for servo drive and motor. If there has any incompatible problem contact supplier for more information.
Pn307	Position complete value	0   50000 pulse	Set a value for In position output signal. When the Position pulse error value is less then Pn307 output-contact INP (In position output signal) will be activated.
<b>★</b> Pn313	Position command smooth Acceleration/Deceleration Time Constant	0   10000 ms	Set the time period for the Position command pulse frequency to rise from 0 to 63.2%.  Position Pulse Command Frequency (%)  Position Pulse Command Frequency  63.2  50  Time (ms)
Pn324	Total Number Setting	1             	Sets total number of tool turret
Pn325	The Location of Zero CNC Tool Turret	0   131071   pulse	Sets the location of zero tool
Pn326	Reduction Gear Rate for CNC Tools Turret	0   16383 rev	Sets reduction rate for turret.
Pn327	Rotation Speed of tool turret switching	0   3000 rpm	Sets the rotation speed of tool terret swithing

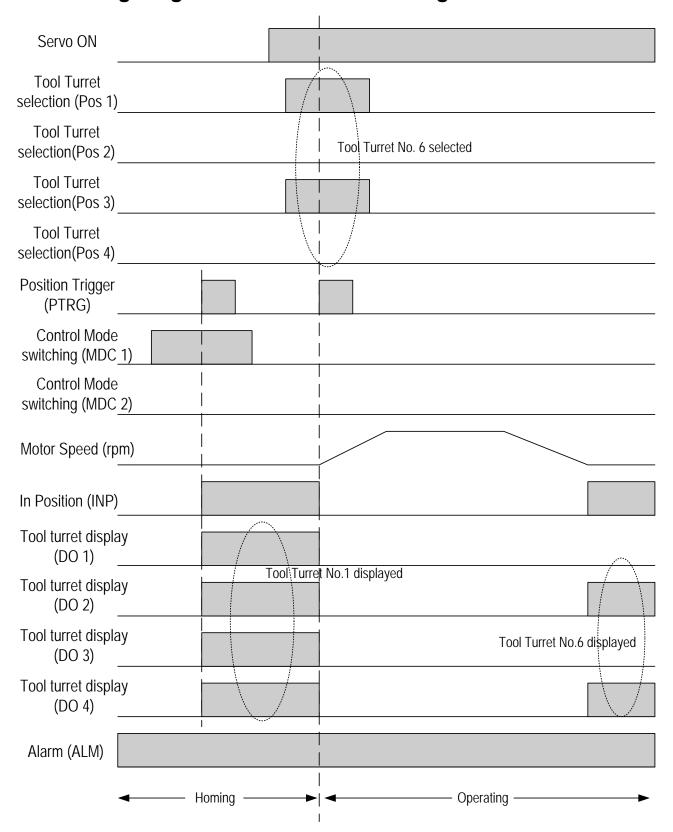
# 5-7-2 Rigidity Setting

Parameter	Name	Setting	Description
◆ qn501	Speed Loop Gain 1	10       1500	Speed loop gain has a direct effect on the frequency response bandwidth of the Speed-control loop. Without causing vibration or noise Speed-loop-gain can be increased to obtain a faster speed response. If Cn025 (load Inertia ratio) is correctly set, the speed-loop-bandwidth will equal to speed-loop-gain.
<b>◆</b> qn502	Speed-loop Integral time 1	1       5000	Speed loop integral element can eliminate the steady speed error and react to even slight speed variations. Decreasing Integral time can improve system rigidity. The formula below shows the relationship between Integral time and Speed loop Gain. $SpeedLoopIntegrationTimeConstant \geq 5 \times \frac{1}{2\pi \times SpeedLoopGain}$
<b>◆</b> qn505	Position Loop Gain 1	1         1000	Without causing vibration or noise on the mechanical system the position loop gain value can be increased to speed up response and shorten the positioning time. Generally, the position loop bandwidth should not be higher then speed loop bandwidth. The relationship is according to the formula below: $PositionLoopGain \leq 2\pi \times \frac{SpeedLoopGain}{5}$
<b>♦</b> qn507	Position Loop Feed Forward Gain	0   100	It can be used to reduce the follow up error of position control and speed up the response.  If the feed forward gain is too large, it might cause speed  Overshoot and in position oscillations which result in the repeated ON/OFF operation of the output contact INP("In Position" output signal)

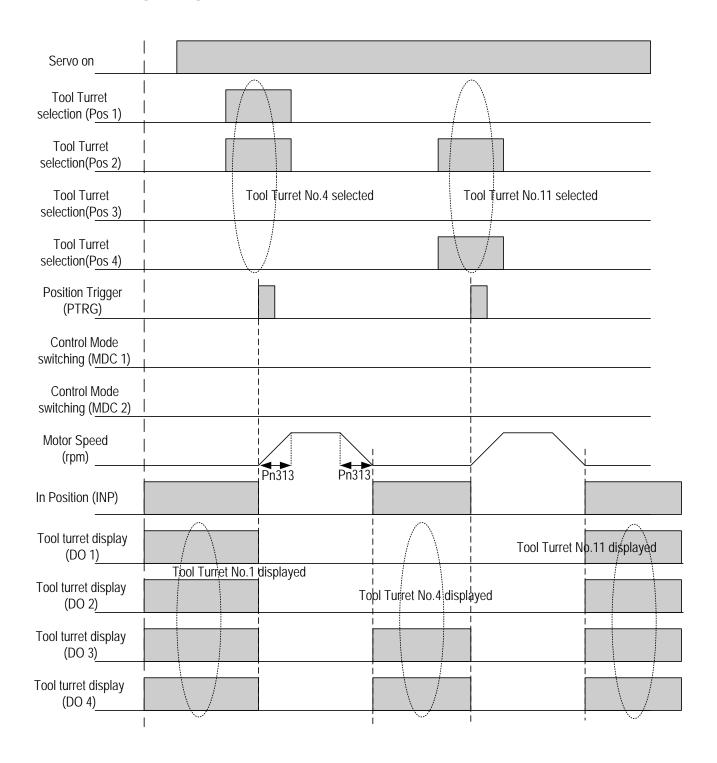
## 5-7-3 Tool Tturret Mode Setting Flow Chart



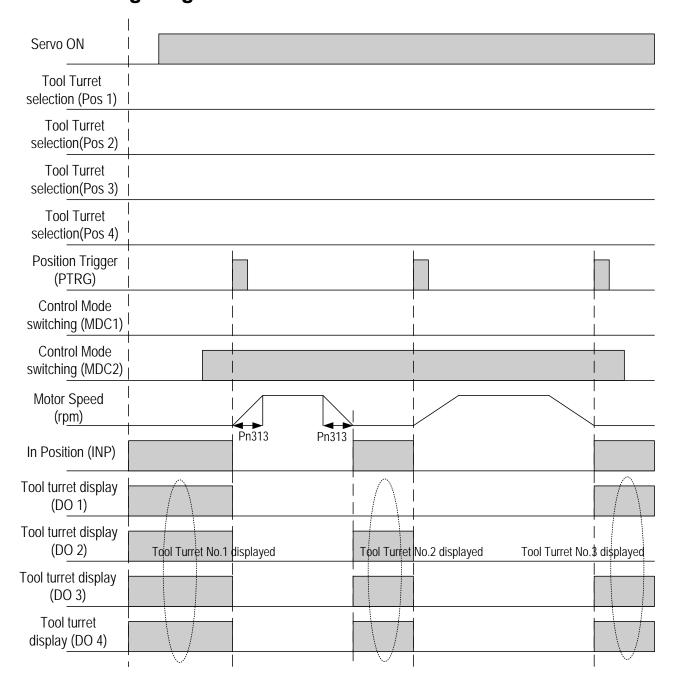
## 5-7-4 Timing Diagram of Tool Turret Homing



## 5-7-5 Timing Diagram of Auto-selection Mode



## 5-7-6 Timing Diagram of JOG Mode



# **Chapter 6 Parameters**

# 6-1 Explanation of Parameter groups.

There are 10 groups of parameters as listed below.

Symbol	Description
Un-xx	Status Display Parameters.
dn-xx	Diagnostics Parameters.
AL-xx	Alarm Parameters
Cn-xx	System Parameters
Tn1xx	Torque Control Parameters
Sn2xx	Speed Control Parameters
Pn3xx	Position Control Parameters
Pn4xx	Point to Point Control Parameter
qn5xx	Quick Set-up Parameters
Hn6xx	Multi-function I/O parameters

#### **Control Mode Code**

Signal	Control Mode
ALL	All Control Mode
Pi	Position Control Mode(Internal Positional Command)
Pe	Position Control Mode(External Pulse Command)
Pt	Tool Turret Control Mode
S	Speed Control Mode
T	Torque Control Mode

### **Definition of Symbols.**

Symbol	Explanation
*	Parameter becomes effective after recycling the power.
•	Parameter is not effected by Cn029.
•	Parameter is Effective without pressing the Enter key.

# **6-2 Parameter Display Table**

## System Parameters

Parameter		Name & Function	Default	Unit		Control	Commu Add	nication ress		
					Range	Mode	RS232			
		l Mode selection								
	Setting									
	0	Torque Control								
	1	Speed Control								
	2	External Position Control (external pulse Command)			0					
	3	External Position/Speed Control Switching		X						
★● Cn001	4	Speed/Torque Control Switching	2			ALL	510H	0001H		
Ciloui	5	External Position/Torque Control Switching			À					
	6	Internal Position Control (internal position Command)								
	7	Internal Position/Speed mode switching								
	8	Internal Position/Torque mode switching								
	9	Tool Turret mode		į.				İ		
	Α	Internal/External Position switching								
	SON (	Servo On) Input contact function								
★ Cn002.0	Setting	Explanation			0					
	0	Input Contact, Enables SON (Servo On).	0	Х						
	1	Input Contact has no function. (SON is enabled when Power on).			1					
F	CCWL	& CWL Input contact function.								
		1				ALL				
*	J	•			0					
Cn002.1	0									
	CCWL & CWL Input contact function.  Setting Explanation  CCWL and CWL input contacts are able to control the drive inhibit of CCW and CW.  CCWL & CWL input contacts are not able to control CCW and CW drive inhibit. CCW and CW drive inhibit is disable.  Auto Tuning									
*					0	Pi				
Cn002.2	Setting		0	Х	Ιĭ	Pe				
(Halálaa)	0	Continuously Auto Tuning is Disable			1	S	51DH	0002H		
	1	Continuously Auto Tuning is Enabled.								
		eset mode selection								
	Setting									
*	0	Reset EMC signal is only available in Servo Off condition (SON contact is open) and reset AL-09 by ALRS signal. P.S.) It is NOT allow to reset when SON is applied.			0					
Cn002.3		When EMC status is released, AL-09 can be reset on both Servo ON and Servo OFF conditions.		X	1	ALL				
	1	Attention! Ensure that the speed command are removed before the alarm is reset to avoid motor unexpected start.								

D		Name 0 5		D - ( 1)	1124	Setting	Control	Commu	
Parameter		Name & F	unction	Default	Unit	Range	Mode	Add	ress RS485
Cn003	Brake Signate Control	Cn003 (machinery brake signal flacts SON Contacts BI Cn003 (machinery brake signal flacts SON Contacts BI Cn003 (machinery brake signal flacts SON Contacts BI Cn003 (machinery brake signal flacts SON Contacts BI Cn003 (machinery brake signal flacts SON Contacts BI Cn003 (machinery brake signal flacts SON Contacts BI Cn003 (machinery brake flacts a pin for dynamic gnal before to perform the diagram above.  Inal logic level status: 1 section 5-6-1 for settin levels.	al output time) is positive  signal output time) output time) is negative e signal output time) brake signal(BI) as a is function. Refer to  = ON. 0 = OFF.		msec	-2000   2000	ALL	511H	0003Н
	side) When To	rque or Speed Command  Motor retation direction  Explana  Torque Control  Counter ClockWise(CCW)  ClockWise (CW)  Counter ClockWise (CW)  Counter ClockWise (CCW)	d value is Positive, the are:		X	0   3	ST	512H	0004H

Encoder pulse output scale. For default set to the rated encoder number of pulses per revolution, such as 2500ppr. Encoder ppr can be scaled by setting a ppr in the range of 1 to the rated pro of the encoder for scaling purpose.  PPR = Pulse per revolution. Ex:encorder rated precision is 2000 ppr, If you setting Cn005 =1000, the output is 1000ppr.  Analog monitor output selection MON1 Setting Explanation  Speed command (±10V/1.5 times of the rated speed) Speed feedback detection (±10V/1.5 times of the rated torque) Torque command (±10V/1.5 times of the rated torque) Torque feedback detection (±10V/1.5 times of the rated torque) For pulse per rotation  ALL 5	Address RS232 RS485 513H 0005H	RS232	Mode	Range	0	Doladit			Parameter
For default set to the rated encoder number of pulses per revolution, such as 2500ppr. Encoder ppr can be scaled by setting a ppr in the range of 1 to the rated ppr of the encoder for scaling purpose.  PPR = Pulse per revolution. Ex:encorder rated precision is 2000 ppr, If you setting Cn005 =1000, the output is 1000ppr.  Analog monitor output selection MON1  Setting	513H 0005H	513H					, a r anotion		arameter
Cn005  Cn005  Cn005  Cn005  Cn005  Cn005  Cn005  Cn006  Cn	513H 0005F	513H				0500	scale.	Encoder pu	
the range of 1 to the rated ppr of the encoder for scaling purpose.  PPR = Pulse per revolution.  Ex:encorder rated precision is 2000 ppr, If you setting Cn005 =1000, the output is 1000ppr.  Analog monitor output selection MON1  Setting Explanation  Speed command (±10V/1.5 times of the rated speed)  1 Speed feedback detection (±10V/1.5 times of the rated torque)  3 Torque command (±10V/1.5 times of the rated torque)  Torque feedback detection (±10V/1.5 times of the rated torque)  Position deviation value  6 Electrical angle  7 Main circuit (Vdc Bus) voltage  8 Speed command (+10V/3.5 times of the rated torque)  9 Speed feedback detection (+10V/1.5 times of the rated torque)  North pulse per rotation  32768  ALL 5	513H 0005F	513H		1	-		ch as 2500ppr.	pulses per re	
PPR = Pulse per revolution. Ex:encorder rated precision is 2000 ppr, If you setting Cn005 =1000, the output is 1000ppr.  Analog monitor output selection MON1  Setting Explanation  Speed command (±10V/1.5 times of the rated speed)  Speed feedback detection (±10V/1.5 times of the rated speed)  Torque command (±10V/1.5 times of the rated torque)  Torque feedback detection (±10V/1.5 times of the rated torque)  Torque feedback detection (±10V/1.5 times of the rated torque)  Cn006.0 4 Pulse command input  5 Position deviation value  6 Electrical angle  7 Main circuit (Vdc Bus) voltage  8 Speed command (+10V/3.5 times of the rated torque)  9 Speed feedback detection (+10V/1.5 times of the rated speed)  A Torque command			ALL	Encoder	pulse			the range o	
Ex:encorder rated precision is 2000 ppr, If you setting Cn005 =1000, the output is 1000ppr.  Analog monitor output selection MON1  Setting Explanation  Speed command (±10V/1.5 times of the rated speed)  Speed feedback detection (±10V/1.5 times of the rated torque)  Torque command (±10V/1.5 times of the rated torque)  Torque feedback detection (±10V/1.5 times of the rated torque)  Torque feedback detection (±10V/1.5 times of the rated torque)  Pulse command input  Speed feedback detection value  6 Electrical angle  7 Main circuit (Vdc Bus) voltage  8 Speed command (+10V/3.5 times of the rated torque)  9 Speed feedback detection (+10V/3.5 times of the rated speed)  A Torque command				pulse per			ıtion	<b>.</b>	Cn005
you setting Cn005 =1000, the output is 1000ppr.  Analog monitor output selection MON1  Setting Explanation  0 Speed command (±10V/1.5 times of the rated speed)  1 Speed feedback detection (±10V/1.5 times of the rated speed)  2 Torque command (±10V/1.5 times of the rated torque)  3 Torque feedback detection (±10V/1.5 times of the rated torque)  4 Pulse command input  5 Position deviation value  6 Electrical angle  7 Main circuit (Vdc Bus) voltage  8 Speed command (+10V/3.5 times of the rated torque)  9 Speed feedback detection (+10V/1.5 times of the rated speed)  A Torque command		513H 515H		Totation		32768			
Setting Explanation  O Speed command  (±10V/1.5 times of the rated speed)  1 Speed feedback detection (±10V/1.5 times of the rated speed)  2 Torque command (±10V/1.5 times of the rated torque)  3 Torque feedback detection (±10V/1.5 times of the rated torque)  4 Pulse command input  5 Position deviation value  6 Electrical angle  7 Main circuit (Vdc Bus) voltage  8 Speed command (+10V/3.5 times of the rated torque)  9 Speed feedback detection (+10V/1.5 times of the rated speed)  A Torque command								you setting	
Speed command (±10V/1.5 times of the rated speed)  Speed feedback detection (±10V/1.5 times of the rated speed)  Torque command (±10V/1.5 times of the rated torque)  Torque feedback detection (±10V/1.5 times of the rated torque)  Pulse command input  Position deviation value  Electrical angle  Main circuit (Vdc Bus) voltage  Speed command (+10V/3.5 times of the rated torque)  Speed feedback detection (+10V/1.5 times of the rated speed)  Speed feedback detection (+10V/1.5 times of the rated speed)  Torque command							selection MON1	Analog mo	
Cn006.0  Cn0									
Cn006.0  Cn0							s of the rated speed)	0 (±	
Cn006.0  Cn0							s of the rated speed)	(±	
Cn006.0  4 Pulse command input  5 Position deviation value  6 Electrical angle  7 Main circuit (Vdc Bus) voltage  8 Speed command (+10V/3.5 times of the rated torque)  9 Speed feedback detection (+10V/1.5 times of the rated speed)  A Torque command							s of the rated torque)	2 (±	
5 Position deviation value 6 Electrical angle 7 Main circuit (Vdc Bus) voltage 8 Speed command (+10V/3.5 times of the rated torque) 9 Speed feedback detection (+10V/1.5 times of the rated speed)  A Torque command				0			s of the rated torque)	3 (±	
5 Position deviation value 6 Electrical angle 7 Main circuit (Vdc Bus) voltage 8 Speed command (+10V/3.5 times of the rated torque) 9 Speed feedback detection (+10V/1.5 times of the rated speed)  A Torque command						2			
7 Main circuit (Vdc Bus) voltage  8 Speed command (+10V/3.5 times of the rated torque)  9 Speed feedback detection (+10V/1.5 times of the rated speed)  A Torque command	514H 0006H	514H	ALI		x	_			
Speed command (+10V/3.5 times of the rated torque)  Speed feedback detection (+10V/1.5 times of the rated speed)  Torque command		01	,	B		electrical angle  Main circuit (Vdc Bus) voltage			
(+10V/3.5 times of the rated torque)  Speed feedback detection (+10V/1.5 times of the rated speed)  Torque command									
(+10V/1.5 times of the rated speed)  Torque command							(+10V/3.5 times of the rated torque)		-
							s of the rated speed)	9 (+	
(+10V/3.5 times of the rated torque)							s of the rated torque)	A (+	
B Torque feedback detection (±10V/3.5 times of the rated torque)									
Cn006.1 Analog monitor output selection MON2									Cn006.1
Refer to <b>Cn006.0</b> for setting this parameter						0			\ /
Speed reached preset.								Speed reac	
Speed preset level for ClockWise or Counter 0				0		D-1	ockWise or Counter		
Cn007 ClockWise rotation. Rated rpm   S   5	515H 0007H	515H	S		rpm		or than propot loval in		Cn007
Cn007 the Speed reached output signal INS			'	4500		170111 ** 170			
will be activated								will be activa	
Brake Mode									
Selectable Brake modes for Servo off, EMC and CCW/CW drive inhibit.									
Setting Explanation							•	Setting	
Dynamic brakes Mechanical brakes				0			2C	D	
Cn008 0 No No 2 X 0 ALL 5	516H 0008F	I 516H	ALL		X	2			Cn008
1 No Yes 5	33331			5		_			
2 Yes No 3 Yes Yes									
A* No (Under No									
100rpm)  No (Under 100rpm)  Yes							Yes	5*	

Parameter		Name & Function	Default	Unit		Control		nication ress		
					Range	Mode	RS232	RS485		
	CW/CC	W drive inhibit mode								
	Setting	Explanation								
	0	When torque limit reached the setting value of ( <b>Cn010,Cn011</b> ), servo motor deceleration to stop in the zero clamp condition.								
★ Cn009	1	Deceleration by using dynamic brake to stop then hold in dynamic brake status. Cn009 setting has priority over <b>Cn008</b> setting, it require re-cycling power to take effect after setting changed.	0	x	0   2	ALL	517H	0009H		
Cn010 Cn011	2	Once max torque limit (± 300%) is detected then deceleration to stop, zero clamp is applied when stop.								
	CCW T	orque command Limit.	300		0					
Cn010		a torque limit in CCW direction which is twice ed torque, set Cn10=200.	250 200	%	 300	ALL	518H	000AH		
	CW To	rque command Limit.	-300				-300			
Cn011		a torque limit in CW direction which is twice d torque, set Cn11=-200.	-250 -200	%	<b>—</b> 0	ALL	519H	000BH		
Cn012	resister Cn012.	section 5-6-7 to choose external Regen and set its power specification in Watts of	0	W	0   10000	ALL	51AH	000CH		
Cn013	Enter th	ency of resonance Filter (Notch Filter).  ne vibration frequency in Cn013, to eliminate mechanical vibration.	0	Hz	0   1000	Pi Pe S	C40H	000DH		
	•	Vidth of the Resonance Filter.			4	D:				
Cn014	Adjustir band w	ng the band width of the frequency, lower the idth value in <b>Cn014</b> , restrain frequency Band vill be wider.	7	Х	1   100	Pi Pe S	C41H	000EH		
		ntrol switch mode.								
	Setting 0	Explanation Switch from PI to P if the <i>torque</i> command is larger than <b>Cn016</b> .								
	1	Switch from PI to P if the <b>speed</b> command is larger than <b>Cn017</b> .				<b>.</b>				
Cn015.0	2	Switch from PI to P if the <i>acceleration</i> rate is larger than <b>Cn018</b> .	4	Х	0   4	Pi Pe S	C07H	000FH		
	3	Switch from PI to P if the <b>position error</b> is larger than <b>Cn019</b> .			7	3				
	4	Switch from PI to P be the input contact <b>PCNT</b> . Set one of the multi function terminals to option 03.								

Parameter	Name & Function	Default	Unit	Setting Range	Control Mode	Add	nication ress
				rtunge		RS232	RS485
	Automatic gain 1& 2 switch						
	Setting Explanation						
	Switch from gain 1 to 2 if <i>torque</i> command						
	is greater than Chu21.						
	Switch from gain 1 to 2 if <b>speed</b> command				<u> </u>		
Cn015.1	is greater than Cn022.			0	Pi		
	Switch from gain 1 to 2 if acceleration	4	Х	ļļ	Pe		
	command is greater than Chu23.			4	S	00711	000511
	Switch from gain 1 to 2 if <b>position error</b>					C07H	000FH
	value is greater than <b>Cn024</b> .						
	Switch from gain 1 to 2 by input contact						
	4 <b>G-SEL.</b> Set one of the multi function						
	terminals to option 15.						
Cn015.3	Automatic gain proportion switch			1			
	Setting Explanation	0	Χ		ALL		
	JSDAP new automatic gain proportion			Ö			
	1 JSDAP old automatic gain proportion						
	PI/P control mode switch by Torque Command						
	Set the Cn015.0=0 first.			0	Pi		
Cn016	If Torque Command is less than Cn016 PI control is	200	%		Pe	C4BH	0010H
	selected.			399	S		
	If Torque Command is greater than Cn016 P control						
	is selected.						
	PI/P control mode switch by Speed Command Set the Cn015.0=1 first.						
				0	Pi		
Cn017	If Speed Command is less than <b>Cn017</b> PI control is	0	rpm		Pe	C4CH	0011H
	selected.			4500	S		
	If Speed Command is greater than <b>Cn017</b> P control is selected.						
	PI/P control mode switch by accelerate						
	Command						0012H
	Set the Cn015.0=2 first.	0	rps/s	0	Pi		
Cn018	If Acceleration is less than <b>Cn018</b> PI control is				Pe	C4DH	
	selected.				S		
	If Acceleration is greater than Cn018 P control is						
	selected.						
	PI/P control mode switch by position error						
	number						
	Set the Cn015.0=3 first.			0	Pi		
Cn019	If Position error value is less than <b>Cn019</b> PI control	0	pulse		Pe	C4EH	0013H
	is selected.			50000	S		
	If Position error value is greater than Cn019 P						
	control is selected.						
	Automatic gain 1& 2 switch delay time.			0	Pi		
Cn020	Speed loop 2 to speed loop 1, Change over delay,	0	x02	ĺ	Pe	53CH	0014H
0.110_0	when two control speed loops (P&I gains 1 & 2) are		msec	10000	S		
	used.						
	Automatic gain 1& 2 switch condition (Torque						
	command)						
	Set Cn015.1=0 first.						
	When torque command is less than <b>Cn021</b> , Gain 1			_	D:		
0::004	is selected.	200	0/	0	Pi	ESDII	004511
Cn021	When torque command is greater than <b>Cn021</b> , Gain	200	%	200	Pe S	องบท	0015H
	2 is selected			399	3		
	When <b>Gain 2</b> is active and torque command						
	becomes less than Cn021 setting value, system will						
	automatically switch back to <b>Gain 1</b> switch time						
	delay can be set by Cn020.		<u> </u>				

Parameter	,	Nan	ne & Func	tion	Default	Unit		Control	Commu Add	
i didilictoi		Ituii	ic a i allo		Delaan		Range	Mode	RS232	
Cn022	Comma Set the C When sp selected When sp is select When G becomes automat	cn015.1=1 fi beed command beed commanded. ain 2 is actives less than Coically switch	rst.  Ind is less to the dis greater and specific section in the control of the c	condition (Speed han Cn022 Gain 1 is er than Cn022 Gain 2 ed command ng value, system will hin 1 the switch time	0	rpm	0   4500	Pi Pe S	53EH	0016H
Cn023	Automa (Acceler Set Cn0 When ac selected When ac is select When G becomes switch be set by C * accel.	ccel. commanded.  ain 2 is actives less than Cack to Gain 1020.  is accelerations.	2 switch conand)  and is less to the dis greater and access and access to the switce and access	han Cn023 Gain 1 is er than Cn023 Gain 2 eleration command em will automatically h time delay can be	0	rps/s	0   18750	Pi Pe S	53FH	0017H
Cn024	error va Set Cn0 When po is select When po Gain 2 is When Co becomes switch b	lue) 15.1=3 first. Desition error ved. Desition error vectors selected. Gain 2 is acts less than C	value is les value is gre ctive and	s than Cn024 Gain 1 eater than Cn024 position error value em will automatically switch time delay can		pulse	0               	Pi Pe S	540H	0018H
Cn025	Load-In	ertia ratio  LortiaRatio =		$\frac{foMotor(J_L)}{finertia(J_M)} \times 100\%$	40	x0.1	0   1000	Pi Pe S	5FBH	0019H
Cn026	dependi		rious Gain	d below:	4	X	1 A	Pi Pe S	C32H	001AH

				Setting	Control	Communication	
Parameter	Name & Function	Default	Unit	Range	Mode		ress
	Analas manitar autnut 1 Offact adjustment			3		RS232	RS485
Cn027	Analog monitor output 1, Offset adjustment  Analog monitor output zero offset can be adjusted by parameter. Cn027 as below.  Before offset Adjust  Analog Monitor Output Voltage (V)  Offset  Offset  Time  Time	4	x40 mV	-250   250	ALL	С03Н	001BH
	Analog monitor output 2, offset adjustment		40	-250			
Cn028	Analog monitor output 2, zero offset can be adjusted by parameter. <b>Cn028.</b> See diagram for Monitor 1 above.	4	x40 mV	250	ALL	C04H	001CH
	Reset parameters.			-			
*	Setting Explanation 0 Disabled	0	Х	0	ALL	5FDH	001DH
Cn029	1 Reset all Parameters to default ( Factory setting)			1		0, 0,1	551011
	Servo motor model code						
<b>★○</b> Cn030 (H)()()()()()	Servo model code can be display and checked with parameter dn-08, refer <b>3-2-2 dn-08</b> table for more information.  Attention: Before operate your servo motor., check this parameter setting is compatible for servo drive and motor. If there has any incompatible problem contact supplier for more information.	Default	X	×	ALL	_L 50BH (	001EH
	Cooling fan running modes					LL	
	(Available for JSDAP-50A3/75A3/100A3/200A3/300A3) Setting Explanation	0	х	0   3	ALL		
Cn031.0	O Auto-run by internal temperature sensor.						
011031.0	1 Run when Servo ON	1					
	2 Always Running.	]					
	3 Disabled.						
	Low Voltage Protection(AL-01) auto-reset selection						
	This parameter(AL-01) could be set the method of Low Voltage Protection.	1					
000 / /	Setting Explanation	]		0			
Cn031.1	As servo on, it shows AL-01 low voltage alarm immediately when it detect low voltage, and after eliminating the situation, to reset it, servo off is a must.	0	X	0   1	ALL	50EH	001FH
	It shows BB(baseblock) immediately when it detect low voltage, and after eliminating the situation, drive would be auto-reset and displayed Run.						
	Absolute Encoder Battery Fault						
	Setting Explanation	1					
Cn031.2	When battery fault occurs, driver can not be memory absolute position, AL-16 displayed and motor operates continuous.	1 X	Х	0   1	ALL		
(Hajálaa)	When battery fault occurs, driver can not be memory absolute position, AL-16 do not display and motor stopped.			'			

Motor Series Selection Cn031.3  Setting Explanation 0 The existing motor 1 01 motor (only for mainland China)  Speed feedback smoothing filter Cn032 Restrain sharp vibration noise by the setting and this filter also delay the time of servo response.  Speed Feed-forward smoothing filter Cn033 Smooth the speed feed-forward command.  Range Mode RS  0 X   D ALL 50  Hz   Pi Pi Pi Pi Pi Pi Pi Pi Pi Pi Pi Pi Pi	Address S232 RS48 0EH 001FH 46H 0020H 1EH 0021H
Motor Series Selection   Setting   Explanation   Setting   Explanation   Setting   Explanation   Setting   Explanation   Seed feedback smooth   Speed feedback smoothing filter   Restrain sharp vibration noise by the setting and this filter also delay the time of servo response.   Speed Feed-forward smoothing filter   Smooth the speed feed-forward command.   South   Sout	0EH 001FH 46H 0020H
Cn031.3  Setting Explanation  O The existing motor  1 01 motor (only for mainland China)  Speed feedback smoothing filter  Restrain sharp vibration noise by the setting and this filter also delay the time of servo response.  Speed Feed-forward smoothing filter  Smooth the speed feed-forward command.  O X   1	46H 0020H
O The existing motor 1 01 motor (only for mainland China)  Speed feedback smoothing filter Restrain sharp vibration noise by the setting and this filter also delay the time of servo response.  Cn033 Speed Feed-forward smoothing filter Smooth the speed feed-forward command.  O Pe Pi 54 Pi 54 Pi 51	46H 0020H
The strain sharp vibration noise by the setting and this filter also delay the time of servo response.  Cn033 Speed Feed-forward smoothing filter  Smooth the speed feed-forward command.  Speed Feed-forward command.  Speed Feed-forward command.  Speed Feed-forward command.  Speed Feed-forward command.  Speed Feed-forward command.  Speed Feed-forward command.  Speed Feed-forward command.  Speed Feed-forward command.  Speed Feed-forward command.	
Cn032 Speed feedback smoothing filter Restrain sharp vibration noise by the setting and this filter also delay the time of servo response.  Cn033 Speed Feed-forward smoothing filter Smooth the speed feed-forward command.  Speed Feed-forward command.  Speed Feed-forward smoothing filter Smooth the speed feed-forward command.  Speed Feed-forward smoothing filter Smooth the speed feed-forward command.	
Cn032 Restrain sharp vibration noise by the setting and this filter also delay the time of servo response.  Cn033 Speed Feed-forward smoothing filter Smooth the speed feed-forward command.  Smooth the speed feed-forward command.  Smooth the speed feed-forward command.  Smooth the speed feed-forward command.	
this filter also delay the time of servo response.  Speed Feed-forward smoothing filter Smooth the speed feed-forward command.  Smooth the speed feed-forward command.  Smooth the speed feed-forward command.  Smooth the speed feed-forward command.  Smooth the speed feed-forward command.	
Cn033 Speed Feed-forward smoothing filter Smooth the speed feed-forward command.  Smooth the speed feed-forward command.  Smooth the speed feed-forward command.	1EH 0021F
Smooth the speed feed-forward command.  Smooth the speed feed-forward command.  Smooth the speed feed-forward command.	1EH   0021F
Torque command amosthing filts:	
Torque command smoothing filter 0	
	17H 0022H
this filter delay the time of servo response. 5000	
Panel display content selection	
Select display content for LED panel for power on status.	
Setting Explanation	
Display data set and drive status	
parameter. Refer 3-1	41H 0023F
Display Un-01 ~ Un-31 content. Refer to page 6-38 to 6-39 for more	
to page 6-38 to 6-39 for more information.	
Ex : Set Cn035=1, when power on it	
display the actual speed of motor.	
(content of Un-01) Servo ID number	
Whon using Modbus for communication each	
Cn036   convolunity has to setting a ID number repeated	1BH  0024F
ID number will lead to communication fail.	
Modbus RS-485 braud rate setting	
Setting Explanation	
0 4800	
Cn037.0 1 9600 1 hps 1 ALL	
Ch037.0	
3 38400	
4 57600	
5 115200	
PC Software RS-232 braud rate setting	
★ Setting Explanation 54	44H   0025H
0 4800	+411   00251
Cn037.1	
2 19200	
3 38400	
Communication RS-485 selection	
★ This parameter can be set to RS-485	
o corr o communication written to the FEPROM or SRAM	
Ch037.2 Setting Explanation 0 X ALL	
0 Write to EEPROM	
1 Write to SRAM	

Parameter	Name & Function De		Unit	Setting Range	Control Mode	Communication Address	
. aramoter						RS232	
<b>★</b> Cn037.3	Communication RS232 is read and written to the selection of EEPROM.  Setting Explanation  0 JSDAP Command address (E8~EC)  JSDAP Command address (70~74)  * While setting to 1, Pn407~Pn410 are prohibited from applying.	0	x	0   1	ALL	544H	0025H
<b>★</b> Cn038	Communication protocol           Setting         Explanation           0         7, N, 2 ( Modbus , ASCII )           1         7, E, 1 ( Modbus , ASCII )           2         7, O, 1 ( Modbus , ASCII )           3         8, N, 2 ( Modbus , ASCII )           4         8, E, 1 ( Modbus , ASCII )           5         8, O, 1 ( Modbus , RTU )           7         8, E, 1 ( Modbus , RTU )           8         8, O, 1 ( Modbus , RTU )	0	х	0   8	ALL	545H	0026H
★ Cn039	Communication time-out dection  Setting non-zero value to enable this function communication Time should be in the setting period otherwise alarm message of communication time-out will show. Setting a zero value to disable this function.	0 f	sec	0       20	ALL	567H	0027H
★ Cn040	Communication response delay time  Delay Servo response time to master control unit	0	0.5 msec	0   255	ALL	5EDH	0028H
Cn041	Absolute encoder rotation value reset       Setting     Explanation       0     Disable       1     Reset absolute encoder rotation value	0	х	0   1	ALL	524H	0029H
Cn042	Reserved				-	-	
Cn043	Analog monitor output ratio (MON1)  For example, the Analog monitor output ratio is 10V/1.5 times speed when we set 100%, if we want 10V/0.75 times speed, please set 200%		%	1   1000	ALL	C72H	002BH
Cn044	Analog monitor output ratio (MON2)  Please refer to Cn043.		%	1       1000	ALL	C73H	002CH
Cn045 ~ Cn047	Reserved						
Cn048	Automatic gain 1&2 switch delay time Set the delay time from speed loop 1 to speed loop 2, when two control speed loops are used.		x02 msec	0   10000	Pi Pe S	С7АН	0030H
Cn049	Automatic gain 1&2 switch time Set the switch time from speed loop 1 to speed loop 2, when two control speed loops are used.	0	x02 msec	0	Pi Pe S	С7ВН	0031H
Cn050	Automatic gain 1&2 switch time  Set the switch time from speed loop 2 to speed loop 1, when two control speed loops are used.	0	x02 msec	0   10000	Pi Pe S	С7СН	0032H

Parameter	Name & Function	Default	Unit	Setting Range	Control Mode	Communication Address	
						RS232	RS485
Cn051	Low voltage protection level Set the delay time of Cn052, which triggers low voltage protection alarm, when voltage of drive input power is lower than Cn051.	190	Volt	170   190	ALL	5F0H	0033H
Cn052	Low voltage protection alarm delay time Set the delay time of Cn052, which triggers low voltage protection alarm, when voltage of drive input power is lower than Cn051.	0	x250 msec	0   100	ALL	C8BH	0034H
Cn053	Current offset automatic adjust (only used in servo off)  Setting Explanation  Drive executes current offset adjust and then clears setting to 0 automatically when the adjustment is finished.	0	x	0   1	ALL	B91H	0035H
Cn054	Drive warning setting Parameter Cn054 set by hex code, and each bit represents for each alarm. Setting the corresponding bit to 1 for the alarm is an warn mode. Drive warns and then trigger alarm after continuously executing the setting time of Cn055 when alarm occurs.  Ex: Set Cn054 to 0801H, and then set Cn055 to 100 when low voltage or overspeed alarm is a warn, which triggers alarm one second later. 00001000000000001 is the setting status, presenting in binary.	0000	x	0000   FFFF	ALL	C8DH	0036H
Cn055	Drive warning delays the time of triggering alarm  Parameter Cn054 set by hex code, and each bit represents for each alarm. Setting the corresponding bit to 1 for the alarm is an warn mode. Drive warns and then trigger alarm after continuously executing the setting time of Cn055 when alarm occurs.  Ex: Set Cn054 to 0801H, and then set Cn055 to 100 when low voltage or overspeed alarm is a warn, which triggers alarm one second later. 00001000000000001 is the setting status, presenting in binary.	0	x10 msec	0   300	ALL	C8EH	0037H

### **Torque-Control Parameter**

Parameter	Name & Function		Default	Unit	Setting Range	Control Mode	Communication Address	
							RS232	
★ Tn101	1	cceleration/deceleration method		х	0   2	Т	C8CH	0101H
	Setting	Explanation	0					
	0	Disabled.						
	2	Enabled. Enable Torque command smooth accel/decel time Constant.						
	Linear accel/decel time period.							
★ Tn102	accelerate zero torqu	en for the torque-command to linearly e to the rated torque level or Decelerate to ue.  Torque Command  Ratio Torque Command	1	msec	1   50000	Т	523H	0102H
	Cı	Command  Time(ms)			30000			
	Analog T	orque Command Ratio						
Tn103	be adjust	voltage command / Torque command can ed.  Torque Command (%) 200  100  100  100  100  100  100  100	300	% 10V	0   600	Т	521H	0103H

Parameter	Name & Function	Default	Unit		Control		nication ress
. a. a. iiiotoi	Tallo & Fallottoll	_ Jaunt		Range	Mode	RS232	
Tn104	Torque Command, analog input voltage offset  The offset amount can be adjusted by this parameter.  Before Offset Adjustment  Input Voltage (V)  Offset Voltage  Torque Command (%)  Torque Command (%)	0	mV	-10000   10000	Т	522H	0104H
Tn105	Preset Speed Limit 1. (Torque control mode) In Torque control, input contacts SPD1 and SPD2 can be used to select Preset speed limit 1. As follows:    Input Contact SPD2   Input Contact SPD1   0   1     Note: Input contacts status "1" (ON) and "0" (OFF).   Refer to 5-6-1 to set high or low input logic levels.		rpm	0   3000	Т	526H	0105H
Tn106	Preset Speed Limit 2. ( Torque control mode) In Torque control, input contacts SPD1 and SPD2 can be used to select Preset speed limit 2. As follows:    Input Contact SPD2   Input Contact SPD1   0   Note: Input contacts status "1" (ON) and "0" (OFF) Refer to 5-6-1 to set high or low input logic levels.	200	rpm	0       3000	Т	527H	0106H
Tn107	Preset Speed Limit 3. (Torque control mode) In Torque control, input contacts SPD1 and SPD2 can be used to select Preset speed limit 3. As follows:-    Input Contact SPD2   Input Contact SPD1	300	rpm	0   3000	Т	528H	0107H
Tn108	Torque output monitor value  When the torque level in CW or CCW direction become greater then this value setting, the output contact INT operate.		%	0   300	ALL	C30H	0108H
Tn109	Analog Speed Limited Proportion Controller  This function used for adjusted analog voltage command compared with the slope of speed limit command.  Speed Limit Command (rpm) 1500 1	3000	rpm	100   4500	Т	CODH	0109H

Parameter	Name & Function	Default	Unit	Setting Range	Control Mode	Auu	ress
				. tunge		RS232	RS485
Tn110	Torque command smooth accel/decel time Constant  Set Tn101=2 to enable this function.  Set the time period to rise to 63.2% of the full torque.  Torque Command  (%)  Torque Command	msec	0   10000	Т	520H	010AH	

# **Speed-Control Parameter**

Parameter	Name & Function	Default	Unit		Control	Commu Add	
				Range	Mode	RS232	RS485
Sn201	Internal Speed Command 1  In Speed control, input contacts SPD1 and SPD2 can be used to select 3 sets of internal speed command, select for speed command 1 contact status shows below:    Input Contact SPD2   Input Contact SPD1   0   1	100	rpm	-4500   4500	S	536H	0201H
Sn202	Internal Speed Command 2  In Speed control, input contacts SPD1 and SPD2 can be used to select 3 sets of internal speed command, select for speed command 2 contact status shows below:    Input Contact SPD2   Input Contact SPD1   0	200	rpm	-4500   4500	S	537H	0202H
Sn203	Internal Speed Command 3  In Speed control, input contacts SPD1 and SPD2 can be used to select 3 sets of internal speed command, select for speed command 3 contact status shows below:    Input Contact SPD2   Input Contact SPD1	300	rpm	-4500   4500	S	538H	0203H
Sn204	Zero Speed selection Enable or Disable the zer speed preset parameter Sn215.  Setting Explanation  No Action. (Sn215 zero preset is no effective).  Set the preset value in Sn215 as zer speed.	ot 0	x	0   1	ALL	529H	0204H
	Speed command accel/decel smooth method.       Setting     Explanation       0     By Step response       1     Smooth Acceleration/deceleration according to the curve defined by Sn206.       2     Linear accel/decel time constant .Defined by Sn207       3     S curve for Acceleration/deceleration. Defined by Sn208.	0	X	0   3	S	52AH	0205H

Parameter	Name & Function	Default	Unit		Control	Commu	
i didilictor	Hame a Fanotion	Deraut	Oilit	Range	Mode	RS232	
Sn206	Speed command smooth accel/decel time Constant.  Set Sn205=1 to enable this function then set the time period for the speed to rise to 63.2% of the full speed.  Speed Command (%)  Speed Command  Speed Command  Time (ms)	1	msec	1   10000	S	52BH	0206H
Sn207	Speed command linear accel/decel time constant.  Set Sn205=2 to enable this function then set the time period for the speed to rise linearly to full speed.  Speed Command (%)  Ratio Speed  Speed Command  Time (ms)	1	msec	1   50000	S	52CH	0207H
Sn208	S curve speed command acceleration and deceleration time setting. Set Sn205=3 to enable this function. In the period of Acc/Dec , drastic speed changing might cause vibration of machine. S curve speed command acc/dec time setting has the effect to smooth acc/dec curve. Speed Command (rpm)	1	msec	1   1000	S	C44H	0208H

Parameter	Name & Function	Default	Unit		Control		nication ress
arameter	Haine & Lunction	Delault	Oilit	Range	Mode	RS232	
Sn209	S curve speed command acceleration time setting.	200	msec	0 	S	C45H	0209H
	Refer Sn208			5000		0.0	0100
Sn210	S curve speed command deceleration time setting.	200	msec	0-	S	CAGL	020AH
311210	Refer Sn208	200	111360	5000	3	04011	UZUAII
Sn211	Speed loop Gain 1  Speed loop gain has a direct effect on the frequency response bandwidth of the Speed-control loop.  Without causing vibration or noise Speed-loop-gain can be increased to obtain a faster speed response.  If Cn025 (load Inertia ratio) is set correctly, the speed-loop-bandwidth will equal to speed-loop-gain.	40	Hz	10   1500	Pi Pe S	530H	020BH
	Speed-loop Integral time 1						
Sn212	Speed loop integral element can eliminate the steady speed error and react to even slight speed variations. Decreasing Integral time can improve system rigidity. The formula below shows the relationship between Integral time and Speed loop Gain. $SpeedLoopIntegrationTimeCons \tan t \geq 5 \times \frac{1}{2\pi \times SpeedLoopGain}$	100	x0.2 ms	1   5000	Pi Pe S	531H	020CH
Sn213	Speed loop Gain 2	40	Hz	10 	Pi Pe	53AH	020DH
Onzio	Refer to Sn211	7	112	1500	S	00/111	020011
Sn24.4	Speed loop Integral time 2	100	x0.2	1	Pi	ESDII	חשמרוי
Sn214	Refer to Sn212	100	msec	5000	Pe S	53BH	020EH
Sn215	Value of zero speed Set the zero speed range in Sn215 When the actual speed is lower than Sn215 value, Output contact ZS is activated.	50	rpm	0   4500	S	532H	020FH
	Analog Speed Command Ratio Slope of voltage command / Speed command can be						
Sn216	Speed Command (rpm) 3000  1500  -10 -5  Input Voltage (V)  -3000  Slope set by Sn216	Rate rpm	rpm /10V	100   6000	S	533H	0210H

Parameter	Name & Functions	Default	Unit	Setting Range	Control Mode	Add	nication ress RS485
Sn217	Analog Speed Command offset adjust  The offset amount can be adjusted by this parameter.  Before Offset Adjustment  After Offset Adjustment  Input Voltage (V)  Offset Voltage  Speed Command (rpm)  Speed Command (rpm)  Speed Command (rpm)	0	mV	-10000   10000	S	534H	0211H
Sn218	Analog speed command limited  Setting Sn218 for limit the highest speed command of analog input.	Rate rpm x 1.02	rpm	100   4500	S	C11H	0212H

# **Position Control Parameter**

Parameter		Name &	Function		Default	Unit		Control	Commu Add	nication ress
							Range	Mode	RS232	
	Positio	n pulse commar	nd selecti	on						
*	Setting		Explanatio				0			
Pn301.0	0	(Pulse)+(Sign)	-		0	Х	ľ			
HODDÓ	1	(CCW)/(CW) Pu	lse			^	3			
	2	AB-Phase pulse	x 2				3	Pe		
	3	AB-Phase pulse						16		
*		n- Pulse Comma					0			
Pn301.1	Setting		Explanatio	n	0	Х	Ιĭ			
	0	Positive Logic				^				
(11-11-11-11-1	1	Negative Logic								
		on for command	d receive	of drive inhibit						
<b>.</b>	mode	le							550H	0301H
★ Pn301.2	Setting	Explanation	,		_	\ \	0	Pi		
HOODO	0			, record value of	0	Х		Pe		
		position comma		ignore the value			'			
	1	of position comm		ignore the value						
	Dulco o	command filter b		soloction						
★ Pn301.3	Setting 0	Explanation 4500KHz	Setting	Explanation 370KHz			0			
_ \ /	1	2500KHz	<u>4</u> 5	180KHz	1	Х	   7	Pe		
(A) (1999)	2	1200KHz	6	90KHz			7			
	3	750KHz	7	40KHz						
	_	nic Gear Ratio N	· · · · · ·							
		ut contacts GN1								
		ic Gear Ratio Nu		50.000 01.0 01.1001						
		ct Numerator 1, th		of the						
	input-co						4			
Pn302	GN1 &	GN2 should be a	as follows:		1	Х	1 	Pi	560H	0302H
F11302					'		50000	Pe	30011	030211
	Ir	nput Contact GN2	Input C	ontact GN1			00000			
		0		0						
		Input contacts sta	itus "1" (C	N) and "0"						
	(OFF).		ıb or lovu ir	anut logio lovolo						
		to 5-6-1 to set hig								
		ut contacts GN1								
		nic Gear Ratio Nu		select offe of four						
		ct Numerator 2, th		of the						
ir	input-co		io otatao c	71 1110			_			
		GN2 should be	as follows:	•			1	Pi	EC411	020211
Pn303					1	Х	50000	Pe	561H	0303H
	Ir	nput Contact GN2	Input C	ontact GN1			30000			
		0		1						
		Input contacts sta	tus "1" (C	N) and "0"						
	(OFF).									
	Refer to 5-6-1 to set high or low input logic levels.									

Parameter	Name & Function	Default	Unit		Control		nication ress
				Range	Mode		RS485
Pn304	Use input contacts GN1 & GN2 to select one of four electronic Gear Ratio Numerators.  To select Numerator 3, the statue of the input-contacts  GN1 & GN2 should be as follows:  Input Contact GN2 Input Contact GN1  Note: Input contacts status "1" (ON) and "0" (OFF).  Refer to 5-6-1 to set high or low input logic levels.	1	X	1   50000	Pi Pe	562H	0304Н
Pn305	Use input contacts GN1 & GN2 to select one of four electronic Gear Ratio Numerators.  To select Numerator 4, the statue of the input-contacts  GN1 & GN2 should be as follows:  Input Contact GN2 Input Contact GN1  1 1  Note: Input contacts status "1" (ON) and "0" (OFF).  Refer to 5-6-1 to set high or low input logic levels.	1	x	1   50000	Pi Pe	563H	0305Н
★ Pn306	Set the calculated Electronic Gear Ratio Denominator  Set the calculated Electronic Gear Ratio Denominator in Pn 306. ( Refer to section 5-4-3). Final Electronic Gear Ratio should comply with the formula below. $\frac{1}{200} \leq Electronic Gear Ratio \leq 200$	1	X	1               	Pi Pe	554H	0306Н
Pn307	Position complete value Set a value for In position output signal. When the Position pulse error value is less then Pn307 output-contact INP (In position output signal) will be activated.	10	pulse	0   50000	Pi Pe	552H 553H	0307H
Pn308	"Incorrect position" Error band Upper limit. When the Position error value is higher then number of pulses set in Pn308, an Alarm message AL-11(Position error value alarm) will be displayed.	50000	pulse	0   50000	Pi Pe	556H 557H	0308H
Pn309	Incorrect position" Error band lower limit.  When the Position error value is lower then number of pulses set in Pn309, an Alarm message  AL-11(Position error value alarm) will be displayed.	50000	pulse	0   50000	Pi Pe	558H 559H	0309H
Pn310	Position Loop Gain 1 Without causing vibration or noise on the mechanical system the position loop gain value can be increased to speed up response and shorten the positioning time.  Generally, the position loop bandwidth should not be higher then speed loop bandwidth. The relationship is according to the formula below: $PositionLoopGain \leq 2\pi \times \frac{SpeedLoopGain}{5}$	40	1/s	1       1000	Pi Pe	55AH	030AH

Danamatan	Nama 9 Euratian	Defects	11	Setting	Control		nication
Parameter	Name & Function	Default	Unit	Range	Mode		ress RS485
	Position Loop Gain 2	40		1	Pi	411	000011
Pn311	Refer to Pn310	40	1/s	1000	Pe	551H	030BH
Pn312	Position Loop Feed Forward Gain It can be used to reduce the track error of position control and speed up the response. If the feed forward gain is too large, it might cause speed Overshoot and in position oscillations which result in the repeated ON/OFF operation of the output contact INP("In Position" output signal).	0	%	0   100	Pi Pe	55BH	030CH
	Position command smooth Acceleration/Deceleration Time Constant  Set the time period for the Position command pulse frequency to rise from 0 to 63.2%.  Position Pulse Command Frequency (%)  Position Pulse Command Frequency  63.2  From Position Pulse Command Frequency  100  Position Pulse Command Frequency  Time (ms)	0	msec	0   10000	Pi Pe	55CH	030DH
★ Pn314	Setting Explanation  0 (CW) .Clockwise  1 (CCW). Counter Clockwise	1	×	0   1	Pi Pe	55DH	030EH
	Pulse Error Clear Modes.  Setting Explanation Once CLR signal is activated, it eliminates, the Pulse error amount.				Pe		
Pn315	Once CLR signal is activated, following takes place:  The position command is cancelled.  Motor rotation is interrupted  Pulse error amount is cleared.  Machine home reference is reset	0	x	0   2	Pi Pe	51FH	030FH
	Once CLR signal is activated, following takes place:  The position command is cancelled  Motor rotation is interrupted Pulse error amount is cleared.				Pi		

arameter		Name & Function	Default	Unit		Control	Commu Add		
					Range	Mode	RS232	RS485	
		l Position Command Mode			0				
*	Setting		0	Х	Ιĭ	Pi			
Pn316	0	Absolute Position			1				
	1	Incremental Position							
	Interna	,							
		m select							
*	Setting	Explanation When PHOLD is active then received PTRG			0				
Pn316.1	0	signal. servomotor will be proceed internal	0	X	0	Pi			
(Haalala)		posistion command from PHOLD position.				' '			
		When PHOLD is active then received PTRG							
	1	signal. Servomotor will operate interal					50DH	0310H	
		position command of current selection.							
	Encode	er Feedback Dividing Phase Leading							
*	Selecti			X	0				
Pn316.2	Setting	Explanation	0			Pi			
HOĞOO	0	Encoder feedback phase A leading phase B			1				
	1	Encoder feedback phase B leading phase A.							
*	Encode	er Feedback Dividing			0				
Pn316.3	Setting	Explanation	0	Х	Ĭ	ΔΙΙ			
HÓDDD	0	According to Cn005		^		ALL			
ciólololo	1								
	Setting	for HOME routine							
	Setting	Explanation				ALL			
		Once the home routine is activated, motor wil							
		for Home Position switch in 1st speed in CCV	<b>v</b>						
		direction.							
		Input contacts CCWL or CWL can be used a							
		Home Reference Switch.							
		Once Home reference switch is detected, the							
	0	Contacts CCWL and CWL will act as normal							
		limits again. Note:							
		When using this function, <b>Pn365.1</b> can not be							
		1			_				
Pn317.0		or 2. Cn002.1 (selection for CCWL and	0	Х	0	Pi	54AH	0311H	
HOOOD		CWL) must be set to set to 0.	0	^	   5	Pe	3 <del>4A</del> H	031111	
		Once the home routine is activated, motor			3				
		will search for Home							
		Position switch in 1 <sup>st</sup> speed in <b>CW direction</b> .							
		Input contacts CCWL or CWL can be used							
		as the Home Reference Switch.							
		Once Home position is detected, then input							
	1	contacts CCWL and CWL will act as normal							
		max. limits again.							
		Note: When using this function, Pn365.1 can not							
		be set to 1 or 2.							
		Cn002.1 (selection for CCWL and CWL)		L)					
		must be set to 0.							
	<u> </u>			L	l	l			

arameter		Name & Function	Default	Unit	Setting	Control Mode	Commu Add	nication
arameter		Hame & Function	Delauit	Oilit	Range	Mode	RS232	RS485
		for HOME routine						
Pn317.0	Setting 2	Once the home routine is activated, motor will search for Home position switch in 1 <sup>st</sup> speed in <b>CCW direction</b> and sets the Home reference position as soon as the input contact <b>ORG is activated.</b> If <b>Pn365.1=2</b> , it will directly find the closest Rising-Edge of <b>ORG</b> to be the Home position (without a need for Home Reference), then it stops in accordance with <b>Pn365.3</b>						
	3	Setting  Once the home routine is activated, motor will search for Home  Position switch in 1 <sup>st</sup> speed in <b>CW direction</b> and sets the reference Home position as soon as the input contact <b>ORG is activated.</b> If <b>Pn365.1=2</b> , it will directly find the closest rising -Edge of <b>ORG</b> to be the Home position (without a need for Home reference), then it stops in accordance with <b>Pn365.3</b> setting.	0	X	0—5	Pi Pe	54AH	0311H
	4	Once the home routine is activated, motor will search for Home position in 1 <sup>st</sup> speed in <b>CCW direction</b> and sets the Home reference position as soon as the nearest Z (marker pulse) is detected. When using this function, set <b>Pn365.1=2</b> . After setting the <b>Z</b> Phase to be the Home, it stops in accordance with the setting of <b>Pn365.3</b> .				Pe		
	5	Once the home routine is activated, motor will search for Home position in 1 <sup>st</sup> speed in <b>CW direction</b> and sets the Home reference position as soon as the nearest Z (marker pulse) is detected.  When using this function, set <b>Pn365.1=2</b> .  After setting the <b>Z</b> Phase to be the Home, it stops in accordance with the setting of <b>Pn365.3</b> .						
		Reference Home switch or Signal, is found it						
		e search method for the Home position.  Explanation						
	0	Once the Home Reference switch or signal is detected, motor <b>reverses direction</b> in 2 <sup>nd</sup> speed to find the nearest <b>Z</b> . Phase pulse and sets this as the Home position, then stops in accordance with <b>Pn317.3</b> setting method.			0			
Pn317.1	1	Once the Home Reference switch or signal is detected, motor <b>Continues in its direction</b> in 2 <sup>nd</sup> speed to find the nearest <b>Z</b> Phase pulse and sets this as the Home position, then stops in accordance with <b>Pn317.3</b> setting method.	0	X	2	Pi Pe	54AH	0311H
	2	When Pn317.0=2 or 3, it finds the rising edge of ORG to be the Home position, then stops in accordance with Pn317.3. When Pn317.0=4 or 5, it finds Z Phase pulse to be the Home, then stops in accordance with Pn317.3.						

Parameter		Name & Function	Default	Unit	Setting			nication lress
					Range	Mode		RS485
	Setting	of Home Routine Start method						
	Setting	Explanation						
	0	Homing routine is <b>Disabled.</b>						
		On power up and activation of <b>Servo on</b>						
		the home routine is started automatically.			0			
Pn317.2	1	This method is useful for applications that	0	Х	0		54 <b>\</b> U	0311H
HBĎBB		do not require repeated home routines. No	0	^	2		34AII	031111
		external home reference switch is required.			_			
		Use SHOME input contactor to start a						
		home routine.						
	2	In position mode, <b>SHOME</b> can be used to						
		start a home routine at any moment.						
	Setting	of stopping mode after finding Home						
	signal.							
	Setting	Explanation						
		After detecting the Home signal, it sets this						
		position to be the Home reference (Un-14						
		encoder feed back rotating number and				Di		
	0	Un-15 encoder feed back pulse number			0			
Pn317.3	U	are all 0), motor decelerates and stops.	0	Х	Ĭ		54AH	0311H
(H <u>0</u>  0 0 0)		Then it reverses direction in 2 <sup>nd</sup> speed to		^	   1		3 <del>4</del> /11	031111
		detect the Home Position again then it			'		54AH 54AH 54CH 54CH	
		decelerates and stops						
		After detecting the Home signal, it sets this						
		position to be the Home reference (Un-14						
	1	encoder feed back rotating number and						
		<b>Un-15</b> encoder feed back pulse number						
		are all 0), motor decelerates and stops.						
		ne Home reference search speed. 1 <sup>st</sup>	4.5.		O			
Pn318	_	(Fast)	100	rpm			54BH	0312H
		Refeence search speed 1.			2000			
D040			F.0		0		54017	004011
Pn319	_	(Slow)	50	rpm			54CH	0313H
		position search speed. Speed 2.			500			
		position offset. Number of revolutions.						
		he searched home position is found in			-30000			
Pn320 a th		ance with Pn317 (Home routine mode),	0	rev			54DH	0314H
		will search by a number of revolutions and			30000			
		set in parameters Pn320 and Pn 321 to find						
		w (off set) Home position.  position offset. Number of Pulses.						
		•	-		-32767			
Pn321	Home Offset position = Pn320(Rotate Number) x	0	pulse			54EH	0315H	
		er of Encoder Pulse per Rotation x 4			32767			
	T P1134	+ Pn321(Pulse Number)	i		i	l	l	l

_				Setting	Control		nication
Parameter	Name & Function	Default	Unit	Range	Mode	Add RS232	
	S-Curve Time Constant for Internal Position command(TSL)						
Pn322	S-curve time constant generator can smoothen the command, it provides continuous speed and acceleration which not only better the motor characteristic of acc/dec but also helps the motor to operate more smoothly in machinery structure. S-curve time constant generator is only applicable to the mode of internal position command input. When position command input switch to external position pulse, the speed and acceleration are already constant, so it doesn't use the S-curve time constant generator.   Tacc > Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc < Tst.  Tacc <		x0.4ms	0   5000	Pi	52DH	0316H
	2. When Pn322 sets as 0, the S-curve time constant will be disabled.  S-Curve Time Constant for Internal Position			1			
Pn323	command(TACC) Please refer to Pn322	1 12	x0.4ms	 5000	Pi	52EH	0317H
Pn324	Total Number Setting Sets total number of tool turret.			1       64	Pt	C56H	0318H
Pn325	The Location of Zero CNC Tool Turret Sets the location of zero tool.	0	pulse	0   131071	Pt	C58H	0319H
Pn326	Reduction Gear Rate for CNC Tools Turret  Sets reduction rate for turret.	1	rev	0   16383	Pt	C57H	031AH
Pn327	Rotation Speed of tool turret switching  Sets the rotation speed of tool terret swithing.	100	rpm	0   5000	Pt	C59H	031BH
Pn328	Reserved						
Pn329	Pulse command smoothing filter  The smoothing filter is settable.	0	x 2mesc	0       2500	Pe	C78H	031EH
Pn330	Pulse command moving filter  The moving filter is settable.	0	x 0.4mesc	0   250	Pe	C79H	031FH
Pn331	Turret backlash compensation parameter  Set backlash compensation value	0	pulse	-32768   32767	Pt	C86H	0320H
Pn332	Accel/dece methods for Internal Position command  Setting Explanation  Smooth acceleration/deceleration for position command  S-curve acceleration/deceleration for internal position command	0	x	0   1	Pi	С69Н	0321H

# Internal Position Control Parameter

Parameter	Name & Function	Default	Unit		Control	Commu Add	
				Range	Mode	RS232	RS485
Pn401	Internal Position Command 1 – Rotation Number Set the Rotation number of the internal Position Command 1 Use input contacts POS1~POS5 to select Refer to 5-4-2.	0	rev	-16000   16000	Pi	568H	0701H
Pn402	Internal Position Command 1 - Pulse Number Set the rotation pulse number of internal position Command 1 Internal Position Command 1 =Pn401(Rotation Number) x Pulse number of One Rotate x 4 + Pn402(Pulse number)	0	pulse	-131072   131072	Pi	56AH 56BH	0702H 0703H
	Internal Position Command 1 - Move Speed Setting the Move Speed of internal Position Command 1	0	rpm	0   3000	Pi	569H	0704H
Pn404	Internal Position Command 2-Rotation Number Please refer to Pn401	0	rev	-16000   16000	Pi	56CH	0705H
Pn405	Internal Position Command 2-Pulse Number Please refer to Pn402	0	pulse	-131072   131072	Pi	56EH 56FH	0706H 0707H
Pn406	Internal Position Command 2-Move Speed Please refer to Pn403	0	rpm	0   3000	Pi	56DH	0708H
Pn407	Internal Position Command 3-Rotation Number Please refer to Pn401	0	rev	-16000   16000	Pi	570H	0709H
Pn408	Internal Position Command 3-Pulse Number Please refer to Pn402	0	pulse	-131072   131072	Pi	572H 573H	070AH 070BH
Pn409	Internal Position Command 3-Move Speed Please refer to Pn403	0	rpm	0   3000	Pi	571H	070CH
Pn410	Internal Position Command 4 -Rotation Number Please refer to Pn401	0	rev	-16000   16000	Pi	574H	070DH
	Internal Position Command 4-Pulse Number Please refer to Pn402	0	pulse	131072	Pi	576H 577H	070EH 070FH
Pn412	Internal Position Command 4-Move Speed Please refer to Pn403	0	rpm	0   3000	Pi	575H	0710H
	Internal Position Command 5 -Rotation Number Please refer to Pn401	0	rev	-16000   16000	Pi	578H	0711H
	Internal Position Command 5-Pulse Number Please refer to Pn402	0	pulse	-131072   131072	Pi	57AH 57BH	0712H 0713H
Pn415	Internal Position Command 5-Move Speed Please refer to Pn403	0	rpm	0   3000	Pi	579H	0714H

Parameter	Name & Function	Default	Unit		Control	Commu Add	
				Range	Mode	RS232	RS485
Pn416	Internal Position Command 6 -Rotation Number Please refer to Pn401	0	rev	-16000   16000	Pi	57CH	0715H
Pn417	Internal Position Command 6-Pulse Number Please refer to Pn402	0	pulse	-131072   131072	Pi	57EH 57FH	0716H 0717H
Pn418	Internal Position Command 6-Move Speed Please refer to Pn403	0	rpm	0   3000	Pi	57DH	0718H
Pn419	Internal Position Command 7 -Rotation Number Please refer to Pn401	0	rev	-16000   16000	Pi	580H	0719H
Pn420	Internal Position Command 7-Pulse Number Please refer to Pn402	0	pulse	-131072   131072	Pi	582H 583H	071AH 071BH
Pn421	Internal Position Command 7-Move Speed Please refer to Pn403	0	rpm	0   3000	Pi	581H	071CH
Pn422	Internal Position Command 8 -Rotation Number Please refer to Pn401	0	rev	-16000       16000	Pi	584H	071DH
Pn423	Internal Position Command 8-Pulse Number Please refer to Pn402	0	pulse	-131072       131072	Pi	586H 587H	071EH 071FH
Pn424	Internal Position Command 8-Move Speed Please refer to Pn403	0	rpm	0       3000	Pi	585H	0720H
Pn425	Internal Position Command 9 -Rotation Number Please refer to Pn401	0	rev	-16000   16000	Pi	588H	0721H
Pn426	Internal Position Command 9-Pulse Number Please refer to Pn402	0	pulse	-131072     131072	Pi	58AH 58BH	0722H 0723H
Pn427	Internal Position Command 9-Move Speed Please refer to Pn403	0	rpm	0   3000	Pi	589H	0724H
Pn428	Internal Position Command 10 -Rotation Number Please refer to Pn401	0	rev	-16000       16000	Pi	58CH	0725H
Pn429	Internal Position Command 10-Pulse Number Please refer to Pn402	0	pulse	-131072   131072	Pi	58EH 58FH	0726H 0727H
Pn430	Internal Position Command 10-Move Speed Please refer to Pn403	0	rpm	0       3000	Pi	58DH	0728H
Pn431	Internal Position Command 11 -Rotation Number Please refer to Pn401	0	rev	-16000   16000	Pi	590H	0729H
Pn432	Internal Position Command 11-Pulse Number Please refer to Pn402	0	pulse	-131072     131072	Pi	592H 593H	072AH 072BH
Pn433	Internal Position Command 11-Move Speed Please refer to Pn403	0	rpm	0   3000	Pi	591H	072CH

Parameter	Name & Function	Default	Unit	Setting	Control		unication dress
i aramotor	Numb a Function	Dorault	0	Range	Mode	RS232	
Pn434	Internal Position Command 12-Rotation Number Please refer to Pn401	0	rev	-16000   16000	Pi	594H	072DH
Pn435	Internal Position Command 12-Pulse Number Please refer to Pn402	0	pulse	-131072       131072	Pi	596H 597H	072EH 072FH
Pn436	Internal Position Command 12-Move Speed Please refer to Pn403	0	rpm	0   3000	Pi	595H	0730H
Pn437	Internal Position Command 13 -Rotation Number Please refer to Pn401	0	rev	-16000   16000	Pi	598H	0731H
Pn438	Internal Position Command 13-Pulse Number Please refer to Pn402	0	pulse	-131072       131072	Pi	59AH 59BH	0732H 0733H
Pn439	Internal Position Command 13-Move Speed Please refer to Pn403	0	rpm	0   3000	Pi	599H	0734H
Pn440	Internal Position Command 14 -Rotation Number Please refer to Pn401	0	rev	-16000   16000	Pi	59CH	0735H
Pn441	Internal Position Command 14-Pulse Number Please refer to Pn402	0	pulse	-131072   131072	Pi	59EH 59FH	0736H 0737H
Pn442	Internal Position Command 14-Move Speed Please refer to Pn403	0	rpm	0     3000	Pi	59DH	0738H
Pn443	Internal Position Command 15 -Rotation Number Please refer to Pn401	0	rev	-16000   16000	Pi	5A0H	0739H
Pn444	Internal Position Command 15-Pulse Number Please refer to Pn402	0	pulse	-131072       131072	Pi	5A2H 5A3H	073AH 073BH
Pn445	Internal Position Command 15-Move Speed Please refer to Pn403	0	rpm	0   3000	Pi	5A1H	073CH
Pn446	Internal Position Command 16 -Rotation Number Please refer to Pn401	0	rev	-16000   16000	Pi	5A4H	073DH
Pn447	Internal Position Command 16-Pulse Number Please refer to Pn402	0	pulse	-131072       131072	Pi	5A6H 5A7H	073EH 073FH
Pn448	Internal Position Command 16-Move Speed Please refer to Pn403	0	rpm	0       3000	Pi	5A5H	0740H
Pn449	Internal Position Command 17 -Rotation Number Please refer to Pn401	0	rev	-16000   16000	Pi	5A8H	0741H
Pn450	Internal Position Command 17 - Pulse Number Please refer to Pn402	0	pulse	-131072   131072	Pi	5AAH 5ABH	0742H 0743H
Pn451	Internal Position Command 17 - Move Speed Please refer to Pn403	0	pulse	-131072	Pi	5A9H	0744H
Pn452	Internal Position Command 18 -Rotation Number Please refer to Pn401	0	rev	-16000   16000	Pi	5ACH	0745H

Parameter	Name & Function	Default	Unit	Setting Range	Control Mode	Add	nication ress RS485
	Internal Position Command 18 - Pulse Number			-131072		5AFH	0746H
Pn453	Please refer to <b>Pn402</b>	0	pulse	  131072	Pi	5AFH	0747H
	Internal Position Command 18 - Move Speed			0			
Pn454	Please refer to <b>Pn403</b>	0	rpm	3000	Pi	5ADH	0748H
D., 455	Internal Position Command 19 -Rotation Number	0		-16000	D:	- FDOLL	074011
Pn455	Please refer to <b>Pn401</b>	0	rev	   16000	Pi	5B0H	0749H
D.: 450	Internal Position Command 19 - Pulse Number	•		-131072	ć	5B2H	074AH
Pn456	Please refer to <b>Pn402</b>	0	pulse	  131072	Pi		074BH
	Internal Position Command 19 - Move Speed	•		0	Ľ:	ED411	074011
Pn457	Please refer to <b>Pn403</b>	0	rpm	3000	Pi	SBIH	074CH
	Internal Position Command 20 -Rotation Number	•	<b>"</b> "	-16000	D:	ED 411	074011
Pn458	Please refer to <b>Pn401</b>	0	rev	   16000	Pi	5B4H	074DH
	Internal Position Command 20 - Pulse Number	0	nulaa	-131072	D:	5B6H	074EH
Pn459	Please refer to <b>Pn402</b>	O	pulse	   131072	Pi	5B7H	074FH
	Internal Position Command 20 - Move Speed	0	rnm	0	Di	EDELL	07501
Pn460	Please refer to <b>Pn403</b>	0	rpm	3000	Pi	5B5H	0750H
Pn461	Internal Position Command 21 -Rotation Number	0	rov	-16000	Pi	5B8H	0751H
P11401	Please refer to <b>Pn401</b>	U	rev	16000	FI	эвоп	0/3111
Pn462	Internal Position Command 21 - Pulse Number	0	pulse	-131072	Pi	5BAH	0752H
F11402	Please refer to <b>Pn402</b>	O	puise	131072	Г	5BBH	0753H
Pn463	Internal Position Command 21 - Move Speed	0	rpm	0	Pi	5R0H	0754H
	Please refer to <b>Pn403</b>	0	тріпі	3000	Г	30911	073411
Dn/6/	Internal Position Command 22 -Rotation Number	0	rev	-16000	Pi	5BCH	0755H
	Please refer to <b>Pn401</b>	0	160	16000		JDCIT	07 001 1
Pn/65	Internal Position Command 22 - Pulse Number	0	pulse	-131072 I	Pi		0756H
111400	Please refer to <b>Pn402</b>	•	paide	131072		5BFH	0757H
Pn466	Internal Position Command 22 - Move Speed	0	rpm	0	Pi	5BDH	0758H
	Please refer to Pn403			3000		000	0.00
Pn467	Internal Position Command 23 -Rotation Number	0	rev	-16000 	Pi	5C0H	0759H
	Please refer to Pn401			16000			
Pn468	Internal Position Command 23 - Pulse Number	0	pulse	-131072 	Pi		075AH
	Please refer to Pn402		<u> </u>	131072		5C3H	075BH
Pn469	Internal Position Command 23 - Move Speed	0	rpm	0	Pi	5C1H	075CH
	Please refer to Pn403		'	3000			
Pn470	Internal Position Command 24 -Rotation Number	0	rev	-16000 	Pi	5C4H	075DH
	Please refer to Pn401			16000			
Pn471	Internal Position Command 24 - Pulse Number	0	pulse	-131072 	Pi		075EH
· •	Please refer to Pn402			131072		5C/H	075FH

Parameter	Name & Function	Default	Unit	Setting	Control		nication ress
raiailletei	Name & Function	Delault	Oilit	Range	Mode		RS485
	Internal Position Command 24 - Move Speed	•		0	D:	50511	070011
Pn472	Please refer to <b>Pn403</b>	0	rpm	   3000	Pi	5C5H	0760H
	Internal Position Command 25 -Rotation Number			-16000			
Pn473	Please refer to <b>Pn401</b>	0	rev	   16000	Pi	5C8H	0761H
	Internal Position Command 25 - Pulse Number	0		-131072		5CAH	0762H
Pn474	Please refer to <b>Pn402</b>	0	pulse	   131072	Pi	5CBH	0763H
D.: 475	Internal Position Command 25 - Move Speed	•		0	D:	50011	070411
Pn475	Please refer to Pn403	0	rpm	3000	Pi	5C9H	0764H
	Internal Position Command 26 -Rotation Number	0	rov	-16000	D:	5CCH	0765H
Pn476	Please refer to Pn401	0	rev	 16000	Pi	SCCH	0765H
	Internal Position Command 26 - Pulse Number	•	مماييم	-131072		5CEH	0766H
Pn477	Please refer to Pn402	0	pulse	131072	Pi	5CFH	0767H
Pn478	Internal Position Command 26 - Move Speed	0	rnm	0	Pi	5CDU	0768H
P11470	Please refer to <b>Pn403</b>	O	rpm	3000	FI	эсын	070011
Pn479	Internal Position Command 27 -Rotation Number	0	rev	-16000	Pi	5D0H	0769H
F11473	Please refer to <b>Pn401</b>	0	164	16000		30011	070311
Pn/80	Internal Position Command 27 - Pulse Number	0	pulse	-131072 I	Pi		076AH
111400	Please refer to Pn402	· ·	puisc	131072	11	5D3H	076BH
Pn481	Internal Position Command 27 - Move Speed	0	rpm	0	Pi	5D1H	076CH
111401	Please refer to Pn403	•	трііі	3000		05111	070011
Pn482	Internal Position Command 28 -Rotation Number	0	rev	-16000 I	Pi	5D4H	076DH
	Please refer to Pn401		101	16000		05 111	070011
Pn/83	Internal Position Command 28 - Pulse Number	0	pulse	-131072 I	Pi		076EH
	Please refer to Pn402	•	puloc	131072		5D7H	076FH
Pn484	Internal Position Command 28 - Move Speed	0	rpm	0	Pi	5D5H	0770H
	Please refer to Pn403			3000		020	011011
Dn/185	Internal Position Command 29 -Rotation Number	0	rev	-16000 	Pi	5D8H	0771H
	Please refer to Pn401			16000			
Pn/86	Internal Position Command 29 - Pulse Number	0	pulse	-131072 	Pi	-	0772H
	Please refer to Pn402			131072		5DBH	0773H
Pn487	Internal Position Command 29 - Move Speed	0	rpm	0	Pi	5D9H	0774H
	Please refer to Pn403		•	3000			
Pn488	Internal Position Command 30 -Rotation Number	0	rev	-16000 	Pi	5DCH	0775H
	Please refer to Pn401			16000			
Pn489	Internal Position Command 30 - Pulse Number	0	pulse	-131072 	Pi	5DEH 5DFH	0776H
	Please refer to Pn402			131072		סטרת	0777H
Pn490	Internal Position Command 30 - Move Speed	0	rpm	0	Pi	5DDH	0778H
	Please refer to Pn403		_	3000			

Parameter	Name & Function	Default	Unit	_	Control		nication ress
				Range	Mode	RS232	RS485
	Internal Position Command 31 -Rotation Number			-16000	ī.		.==
Pn491	Please refer to <b>Pn401</b>	0	rev	 16000	Pi	5E0H	0779H
	Internal Position Command 31 - Pulse Number			-131072		5E2H	077AH
Pn492	Please refer to <b>Pn402</b>	0	pulse	 131072	Pi		077BH
	Internal Position Command 31 - Move Speed			0-			
Pn493	Please refer to <b>Pn403</b>	0	rpm	 3000	Pi	5E1H	077CH
	Internal Position Command 32 -Rotation Number			-16000			
Pn494	Please refer to <b>Pn401</b>	0	rev	 16000	Pi	5E4H	077DH
	Internal Position Command 32 - Pulse Number			-131072		5E6H	077EH
Pn495	Please refer to <b>Pn402</b>	0	pulse	 131072	Pi	5E7H	077FH
	Internal Position Command 32 - Move Speed			Ō			
Pn496	Please refer to <b>Pn403</b>	0	rpm	 3000	Pi	5E5H	0780H

# **Quick Set-up Parameters**

Parameter	Name & Function	Default	Unit		Control		nication ress
				Range	Mode	<b>RS232</b>	RS485
	Speed Loop Gain 1. (Same function as Sn211) Speed loop gain has a direct effect on the frequency response bandwidth of the Speed-control loop. Without causing vibration or noise Speed-loop-gain can be increased to obtain a faster speed response. If Cn025 (load Inertia ratio) is correctly set, the speed-loop-bandwidth will equal to speed-loop-gain.	40	Hz	10 — 1500	Pi Pe S	530H	0401H
	Speed-loop Integral time 1. (Same function as Sn212) Speed loop integral element can eliminate the steady speed error and react to even slight speed variations. Decreasing Integral time can improve system rigidity. The formula below shows the relationship between Integral time and Speed loop Gain. $SpeedLoopIntegrationTimeCons \tan t \geq 5 \times \frac{1}{2\pi \times SpeedLoopGain}$ $SpeedLoopIntegrationTimeCons \tan t \geq 5 \times \frac{1}{2\pi \times SpeedLoopGain}$	100	x0.2 ms	1   5000	Pi Pe S	531H	0402H
<b>♦</b>	Speed Loop Gain 2. (Same function as Sn213)	40	Hz	10 	Pi Pe	53AH	0403H
qn503	Refer to qn401			1500	S		
ansola	Speed Loop Integration Time Constant 2. (Same function as Sn214) Refer to qn402	100	x0.2 ms	1       5000	Pi Pe S	53BH	0404H
<b>*</b>	Position Loop Gain 1. (Same function as Pn310) Without causing vibration or noise on the mechanical system the position loop gain value can be increased to speed up response and shorten the positioning time. Generally, the position loop bandwidth should not be higher then speed loop bandwidth. The relationship is according to the formula below: $PositionLoop Gain \leq 2\pi \times \frac{SpeedLoopGain}{5}$		1/s	1   1000	Pi Pe	55AH	0405H
an506	Position Loop Gain 2 (Same function as Pn311) Please refer to qn405	40	1/s	1       1000	Pi Pe	551H	0406H
<b>♦</b> qn507	Position Loop Feed Forward Gain  It can be used to reduce the follow up error of position control and speed up the response.  If the feed forward gain is too large, it might cause speed  Overshoot and in position oscillations which result in the repeated ON/OFF operation of the output contact INP("In Position" output signal).	0	%	0   100	Pi Pe	55BH	0407H

### Multi-Function Input Parameters

All digital inputs D1 to D12 are programmable and can be set to one of the funhctions listed below.

Hn 601 which includes Hn 601.0 ,Hn601.1, Hn601.2 is used for digital input 1 (D1-1).

Hn602 to Hn612 are used for setting digital inputs 2 to 12.( D1-2 to D1-12).

D			Name & Francisco	Default	11	Setting	Control	Commu	nication
Parameter			Name & Function	Detault	Unit	Range	Mode	Add	ress RS485
	DI-1 Fu	ınction						NOZOZ	N3403
	Setting		Explanation						
	octarig	Signal	Functions						
	00		Non-function setting						
	01	SON	Servo On						
	02		Alarm Reset						
	03		PI/P Switching						
	04		CCW Limit						
	05	CWL	CW Limit						
	06		External Torque Limit						
	07	CLR	Clear Pulse Error Value						
	80	LOK	Servo Lock						
	09		Emergency Stop						
	0A		Speed 1	Refer to the cross reference					0501H
	0B	SPD2	Speed 2						
	0C		Control Mode Switch						
_	0D	INH	Position Command Inhibit			01			
★ Hn601.0	0E		Speed Inverse						
Hn601.1	0F		Gain Select		Х	1F	ALL	C23H	
\ X /	10	GN1	Electronic Gear Ratio Numerator 1	table on		HEX.			
HODDO	11		Electronic Gear Ratio Numerator 2	page					
	12		Position Trigger	5-67.					
	13		Position Hold						
	14		Start Home						
	15	ORG	Home Position Reference (Origin)						
	16		Internal Position select 1						
	17		Internal Position select 2						
	18		Internal Position select 3						
	19		Internal Position select 4						
	1A 1B		Torque Inverse						
	1B	RS1 RS2	Torque CW Selecting Torque CCW Selecting						
			Control mode selection for tool						
	1D	MDC2	turret						
			Internal position command						
	1E	POS5	selection 5						
			(Tool NO. selection 5)						
	1F	POS6	Tool NO. selection 6						

★ New setting will become effective after re-cycling the power.

**Warning!** If any of programmable Inputs of DI-1 ~ DI-12 are set for the same type of function then the logic state selection ( NO or NC selection) for these inputs must be the same type. Otherwise an Alarm will be displayed. AL-07 (Abnormal DI/DO programming).

Parameter	Name & Function	Default	Unit	Setting	Control		nication ress
	Tamo o ranonon			Range	Mode	RS232	RS485
* Hn601.2	DI-1 Active Level		х	0   1	ALL	C23H	0501H
★ Hn602	DI-2 Please refer to Hn601		Х	001   11F	ALL	C24H	0502H
★ Hn603	DI-3 Please refer to Hn601		Х	001   11F	ALL	C25H	0503H
★ Hn604	DI-4 Please refer to Hn601		Х	001   11F	ALL	C26H	0504H
★ Hn605	DI-5 Please refer to Hn601	Refer to	х	001   11F	ALL	C27H	0505H
★ Hn606	DI-6 Please refer to Hn601	the cross reference table on	Х	001   11F	ALL	C28H	0506H
★ Hn607	DI-7 Please refer to Hn601	page 5-65	х	001   11F	ALL	C29H	0507H
★ Hn608	DI-8 Please refer to Hn601		Х	001   11F	ALL	C2AH	0508H
★ Hn609	DI-9 Please refer to Hn601		Х	001   11F	ALL	С2ВН	0509H
★ Hn610	DI-10 Please refer to Hn601		х	001   11F	ALL	C2CH	050AH
★ Hn611	DI-11 Please refer to Hn601		х	001   11F	ALL	C2DH	050BH
★ Hn612	DI-12 Please refer to Hn601		Х	001   11F	ALL	C2EH	050CH

<sup>★</sup> New setting will become effective after re-cycling the power.

**Warning!** If any of programmable Inputs of DI-1  $\sim$  DI-13 are set for the same type of function then the logic state selection ( NO or NC selection) for these inputs must be the same type. Otherwise an Alarm will be displayed. AL-07 (Abnormal DI/DO programming).

Parameter			Name & Function	Default	Unit		Control		nication ress
						Range	Mode	RS232	
	DO-1 F	unctio	ns						
	Setting		Explanation						
		Signal	Functions						
	01		Servo Ready						
	02		Alarm						
	03		Zero Speed						
	04	BI	Brake Signal						
	05	INS	In Speed						
	06	INP	In Position						
	07	HOME							
	80	INT	In Torque						
*	09	P1	Position Display 1 for Tool Turret						
Hn613.0	09	г	mode			01			
Hn613.1	0A	P2	Position Display 2 for Tool Turret		Х		ALL		
	0/1	1 2	mode			11			
(-11-11-11-11-1)	0B	P3	Position Display 3 for Tool Turret					C47H	050DH
	0.5		mode						
	0C	P4	Position Display 4 for Tool Turret	Refer to					
			mode	the cross reference table on					
	0D	P5	Position Display 5 for Tool Turret						
			mode						
	0E	P6	Position Display 6 for Tool Turret	page 5-65.					
	OF	01	mode	J-0J.					
	0F	OL	Motor Over-load Signal Absolute Encoder Battery Module						
	10	BAT	Fault Si gnal						
	11	LIM	CWL/CCWL Drive Disable Signal	-					
		ctive L		1					
★ Hn613.2	Setting		Explanation	1		0			
\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	0		when the output is activated.		Х		ALL		
<u> </u>	1	-	when the output is activated.			1			
, ,	DO-2	Open,	when the output is activated.	1		001			
*				1	Х	1	ALL	C48H	050EH
Hn614	Please	refer to	Hn614		^	111	ALL	04011	OSOLIT
*	DO-3					001	ALL	C49H	050FH
Hn615	Please	refer to	Hn614		X	 111	ALL	C49H	USUFFI
*	DO-4			1	V	001	A1.1	04411	054011
Hn616	Please	refer to	Hn614		X	   111	ALL	C4AH	0510H

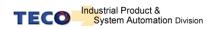
New setting will become effective after re-cycling the power.

**Warning!** If any of programmable Inputs of DI-1 ~ DI-13 are set for the same type of function then the logic state selection ( NO or NC selection) for these inputs must be the same type. Otherwise an Alarm will be displayed. AL-07 (Abnormal DI/DO programming).

Parameter	Name & Function	Default	Unit		Control	Commu Add	nication ress
				Range	Mode	RS232	<b>RS485</b>
Hn617	Digital input control method selection.  Select digital input (12 pins) control method by external terminal or communication. Convert Binary code to Hex code for setting this parameter. DI and binary bits table as below.  Ex. DI-1 is bit 0 and DI-12 is bit 12.  DI-[] DI-12 DI-1  bit 11 0  Binary code representation:  → " 0 " Digital input control by external terminal.  → " 1 " Digital input control by communication.  Set H0000 for Hn617 represent DI-1 ~ DI-12 are controlled by external terminal and set H0FFF represent all terminal is controlled by communication.  Ex. Set DI (1, 3, 6, 10, 12) for communication control other pins by external terminal;  The corresponding binary code is :[0 1010 0010 0101] convert to Hex code is : [H 0A25]for entering parameter.  For the setting Bit0 (DI-1) is control by communication and Bit1 (DI-2) is control by external terminaletc .	H0000	×	H0000   H0FFF (HEX)	ALL	C31H	0511H
Hn618	Setting digital input status in communication mode  Change Hn618 Hex code for setting digital input status of communication control mode; Setting method refer Hn617.  Binary code representation: "0": digital input contact OFF "1": digital input contact ON Set H0000 for Hn617 represent DI-1 ~ DI-12 are controlled by external terminal and set H0FFF represent all terminal is controlled by communication.  P.S.)This parameter should co-operate with Hn617.		×	H0000   H0FFF (HEX)	ALL	5FFH	0512H

# **Display Parameter**

Parameter	Display	Unit	Explanation		ınication Iress	
Signal				RS232	RS485	
Un-01	Actual Motor Speed	rpm	Motor Speed is displayed in rpm.	6C4H	0601H	
Un-02	Actual Motor Torque	%	It displays the torque as a percentage of the rated torue.  Ex: 20 are displayed. It means that the motor torque output is 20% of rated torque.	9B6H	0602H	
Un-03	Regenerative load rate	%	Value for the processable regenerative power as 100%. Displays regenerative power consumption in 10-s cycle.	6F4H	0603H	
Un-04	Accumulated load rate	%	Value for the rated torque as 100%. Displays effective torque in 10-s cyle.	693H	0604H	
Un-05	Max load rate	%	Max value of accumulated load rate	694H	0605H	
Un-06	Speed Command	rpm	Speed command is displayed in rpm.	678H	0606H	
Un-07	Position Error Value	pulse	Error between position command value and the actual position feedback.	65CH	0607H	
Un-08	Position Feed-back Value	pulse	The accumulated number of pulses from the encoder.	688H	0608H	
Un-09	ExternalVoltage Command	V	External analog voltage command value in volts.	632H	0609H	
Un-10	(Vdc Bus)Main Loop Voltage	٧	DC Bus voltage in Volts.	6B7H	060AH	
Un-11	External Spped Limit Command Value	rpm	External speed limit value in rpm.	695H	060BH	
Un-12	External CCW Torque Limit Command Value	%	Ex: Display 100. Means current external CCW torque limit command is set to 100 %.	6C0H	060CH	
Un-13	External CW Torque LimitCommand Value	%	Ex: Display 100. Means current external CW toque limit command is set to 100%.	6C1H	060DH	
Un-14	Motor feed back – Less then 1 rotation pulse value(Low Byte)	pulse	After power on, it displays the number of pulses for an incomplete revolution of the motor as a Low Byte value.	8FDH	060EH	
Un-15	Motor feed back – Less then 1 rotation pulse value(High Byte)	pulse	After power on, it displays the number of pulses for an incomplete revolution of the motor as a High Byte value.	8FCH	060FH	
Un-16	Motor feed back – Rotation value (Low Byte)	rev	After power on, it displays motor rotation number as a Low Byte value.	8FFH	0610H	
Un-17	Motor feed back – Rotation value (absolute value)	rev	After power on, it displays motor rotation number as a High Byte value.	8FEH	0611H	
Un-18	Pulse command – Less then 1 rotation pulse value(Low Byte)	pulse	After power on, it displays pulse command input for an incomplete rotation. pulse value is a Low Byte value.	8F9H	0612H	
Un-19	Pulse command – Less then 1 rotation pulse value(absolute value)	pulse	After power on, it displays pulse command input for an incomplete rotation. pulse value is a High Byte value.	8F8H	0613H	
Un-20	Pulse command – rotation value(Low Byte)	rev	After power on, it displays pulse command input rotation number in Low Byte value.	8FBH	0614H	



Parameter Signal	Display	Unit	Explanation	Commu	
Signal				RS232	RS485
Un-21	Pulse command – rotation value(absolute value)	rev	After power on, it displays pulse command input rotation number in High Byte value.	8FAH	0615H
Un-22	Position feedback	pulse	2500/8192 ppr Encoder feedback.	6B0H	0616H
Un-23	15 bits encoder position feedback Less than 1 rotation	pulse	it displays absolute position for an incomplete rotation.	9D8H	0617H
Un-24	Communication encoder position feedback of multi-rotations	rev	It displays absolute position for multi-rotations.	9D9H	0618H
Un-25	17 bits encoder position feedback Less than 1 rotation(Low Byte)	pulse	it displays absolute position for an incomplete rotation as Low Byte value.	9E7H	0619H
Un-26	17 bits encoder position feedback Less than 1 rotation(High Byte)	pulse	it displays absolute position for an incomplete rotation as High Byte value.	9E6H	061AH
Un-27	15bits/17bits encoder status	_	15 bits/17bits encoder status feedback.	9DAH	061BH
Un-28	Torque command	%	It displays the torque command as a percentage of the rated torque. Ex: Display. 50.Means current motor torque command is 50% of rated torque.	67EH	061CH
Un-29	Load inertia	x0.1	When Cn002.2=0(Auto gain adjust disabled), it displays the current preset load inertia ratio from parameter Cn025. When Cn002.2=1(Auto gain adjust enabled), it displays the current estimated load inertia ratio.	844H	061DH
Un-30	Digital Output status(Do)	_	The status of digital output contact (Do) represented in hexadecimal. Ex: H00XX (0000 0000 Do-8/7/6/5 Do-4/3/2/1)	6AFH	061EH
Un-31	Digital Input status(Di)	_	The status of digital input contact (DI) represented in hexadecimal. Ex: HXXXX (000Di-13 Di-12/11/10/9 Di-8/7/6/5 Di-4/3/2/1)	6CBH	061FH
Un-32	Present Fault Monitor by modbus communication (only for modbus)			500H	0620H
Un-33	Speed detection of fixed filtering (only for modbus)			944H	0621H
Un-34	Torque detection of fixed filtering(only for modbus)			94BH	0622H

# Diagnosis Parameter

Parameter	Name & Function	Communication Address		
		RS232	RS485	
dn-01	Selected control mode	N/A	N/A	
dn-02	Output terminal signal status.	6AFH	N/A	
dn-03	Input terminal signal status.	6CBH	N/A	
dn-04	Software version	C42H	N/A	
dn-05	JOG mode operation	N/A	N/A	
dn-06	Reserved.	C43H	N/A	
dn-07	Auto offset adjustment of external an command voltage.	5FCH	N/A	
dn-08	Servo model code.	50CH	N/A	
dn-09	ASIC software version display	98CH	N/A	
dn-10	Absolute Encoder Rotation Value Reset	524H	N/A	

# **Chapter 7 Communications Function**

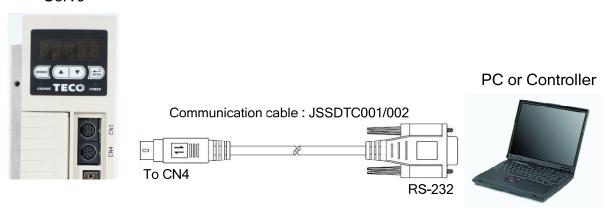
# 7-1 Communications Function (RS-232 & RS-485)

The Servo drive provides RS232 communication. The description below shows the communication wiring and communication protocol.

# 7-1-1 Communication Wiring

### **RS-232 Wiring**

### Servo



## **Driver terminal MD-Type 8Pins**

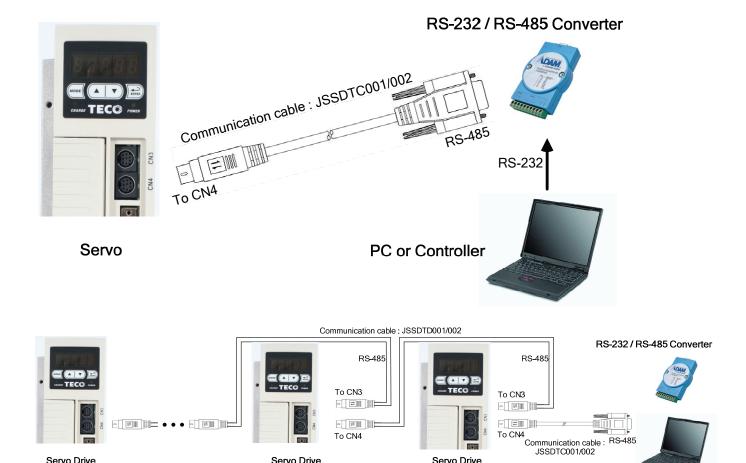
## PC terminal D-Type 9Pins(female)

Pin	Description	Name		Pin	Description	Name
1	Receive Data	RxD		1	Protective Ground	PG
2				2	Receive Data	RxD
3	Ground	GND	<b></b>	3	Transmit Data	TxD
4	Transmit Data	TxD		4	Data Terminal Ready	DTR
5	Serial transmission +	Data+	<u> </u>	5	Ground	GND
6				6	Data Set Ready	DSR
7	Serial transmission -	Data-		7	Request to Send	RTS
8				- 8	Clear to Send	CTS
				9	Ring indicator	RI

※ Pin 4 and Pin 6 is short circuits.

Pin 7 and Pin 8 is short circuits.

### **RS-485 Wiring**



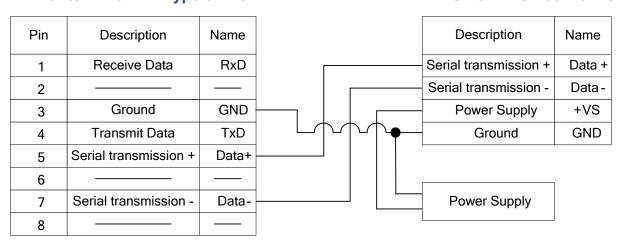
### **Driver terminal MD-Type 8Pins**

Servo Drive

### RS-232 / RS-485 Converter

PC or Controller

Servo Drive



Servo Drive

# RS-232/RS-485 communication parameter

Parameter		Name & Function	Default	Unit	Setting Range	Control Mode
	Servo II	O number				
*		sing Modbus for communication, each servo	1	Х	0	ALL
Cn036		s to setting a ID number. repeated ID number	ı	^	254	ALL
		to communication fail.			201	
		RS-485 braud rate setting				
	Setting					
*	0	4800			0	
Cn037.0	1	9600	1	bps	 5	ALL
	3	19200 38400			5	
	4	57600				
	5	115200				
		ware RS-232 braud rate setting				
<b>.</b>	Setting	Explanation				
★ Cn037.1	0	4800			0	
\ /	1	9600	1	bps	3	ALL
80000	2	19200			3	
	3	38400				
	RS-485	communication selection				
*		rameter can be set to RS-485 communication		X	0	ALL
Cn037.2		o the EEPROM or SRAM.	0			
	Setting	Explanation	Ū		1	7122
	0	Write to EEPROM			-	
	1	Write to SRAM				
		inication RS232 is read and written to the				
*		on of EEPROM.			0	
Cn037.3	Setting 0	Explanation  JSDAP Command address (E8~EC)	0	X	0   1	ALL
	U	JSDAP Command address (20~74)	O			ALL
	1	* While setting to 1, Pn407~Pn410 are			•	
	'	prohibited from applying.				
	Commu	nication protocol				
	Setting	Explanation				
	0	7 , N , 2 ( Modbus , ASCII )				
	1	7, E, 1 (Modbus, ASCII)				
	2	7, O, 1 ( Modbus , ASCII )			0	
*	3	8, N, 2 (Modbus, ASCII)	0	Х	Ĭ	ALL
Cn038	4	8, E, 1 (Modbus, ASCII)	Ū	, ,	8	,
	5	8, O, 1 ( Modbus, ASCII )				
	6	8 , N , 2 ( Modbus , RTU )				
	7	8 , E , 1 ( Modbus , RTU )				
	8	8, O, 1 ( Modbus, RTU )				
		inication time-out dection				
		non-zero value to enable this function,			0	
*	_	nication Time should be in the setting period	0	sec	Ĭ	ALL
Cn039		se alarm message of communication time-out	•		20	
		v. Setting a zero value to disable this function.				
*		nication response delay time		0.5	0	
Cn040		ervo response time to master control unit.	0			ALL
011040	Delay 3	civo response time to master control unit.		msec	255	

Parameter Signal	Name & Function	Default	Unit	Setting Range	Control Mode
Hn617	Digital input control method selection.  Select digital input (12 pins) control method by external terminal or communication. Convert Binary code to Hex code for setting this parameter. DI and binary bits table as below.  Ex. DI-1 is bit 0 and DI-12 is bit 12.  DI-[] DI-12 DI-1  bit 11 0  Binary code representation:  → " 0 " Digital input control by external terminal.  → " 1 " Digital input control by communication.  Set H0000 for Hn617 represent DI-1 ~ DI-12 are controlled by external terminal and set H0FFF represent all terminal is controlled by communication.  Ex. Set DI (1, 3, 6, 10, 12) for communication control other pins by external terminal;  The corresponding binary code is :[0 1010 0010 0101] convert to Hex code is : [H 0A25]for entering parameter.  For the setting Bit0 (DI-1) is control by communication and Bit1 (DI-2) is control by external terminaletc	H0000	X	H0000   H0FFF (HEX)	ALL
Hn618	Setting digital input status in communication mode  Change Hn618 Hex code for setting digital input status of communication control mode; Setting method refer Hn617.  Binary code representation:  "0": digital input contact OFF  "1": digital input contact ON  Set H0000 for Hn617 represent DI-1 ~ DI-12 are controlled by external terminal and set H0FFF represent all terminal is controlled by communication.  P.S.)This parameter should co-operate with Hn617.		X	H0000   H0FFF (HEX)	ALL

### 7-1-2 RS-232 Communication Protocol and Format

Baud rate	9600bps (Selection by <b>Cn037.1</b> )
Parity	No
Data bit	8
Stop bit	1

<sup>\*</sup> Symbol H in folling sentence is for Hex representation.

(	(1)	Read a wo	ord from s	ervo drive	<b>&gt;&gt;</b>	<b>Function</b>	code	format:	R5XxS	ŝs
М	,	I LOUG U II C	/1 W 11 O111 O	CI VO GIIVO		i dilottori	CCGC	ioiiiat.	INDIANO	,,

Xx: A request to read register "Xx" from slave device(Unit:Byte, Hex representation)

Ss: Check Sum Ss ='R'+'5'+'X'+'x' (Unit:Byte, Hex representation)

Ex1: Read register address 30H and

(Convert FR530 into ASCII codes)

Check Sum=52H+35H+33H+30H=EA H

→ R 5 3 0

Obtain Function code for read register address 30H: FR530EA

Servo drive response: %XxYySs

Ss is Check Sum, Ss='%'+'X'+'x'+'Y'+'y'

### Response message of example 1:

0008H is the data store in register address 30H:

Check Sum=25H+30H+30H+30H+38H=EDH

% 0 0 0 8

Drive response message: \( \biggreat \)%0008ED\_\( \biggreat

\* When function code incorrect , drive response : [1] (ASCII code: 21H)

### (2) Read consecutive 2 words from drive → Function code format: <u>L5NnSs</u>

Nn: A request to read register "Nn" from slave device (Unit: Byte, Hex representation)

Ss: Check Sum Ss ='L'+'5'+'N'+'n' (Unit: Byte, Hex representation)

#### Ex2: Read data from register address 60H and

(Convert L560 into ASCII codes)

Check Sum=4CH+35H+36H+30H=E7

L 5 6 0

Obtain Function code for read register address 60H: L560E7

Servo drive response: %XxYyAaBbSs

Ss is Check Sum , Ss='%'+'X'+'x'+'Y'+'y' +'A'+'a'+'B'+'b'

XxYy is the data store in register address Nn+1,

AaBb is the data store in register address Nn

### Response message of example 2:

0001 000AH is the data store in register 60H

Check Sum=25H+30H+30H+30H+31H+30H+30H+30H+41H=1B7H

% 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 *A* 

Drive response message: \( \( \gamma \) 0001000AB7 \( \]

\* When function code incorrect , drive response : [] (ASCII code: 21H)

(3) Write a word to drive → Function code format: W5XxYyZzSs
Xx : Address for write data ( Unit :Byte \ Hex representation)
YyZz : Writes the data contents ( Unit :word, Hex representation)
Ss: Check Sum, Ss ='W'+'5'+'X'+'X'+'Y'+'Y'+'Z'+'Z' (Unit: Byte, Hex representation)
Ex3: Write data 0008H to register 30H
( Convert 『W5300008』 into ASCII codes)
Check Sum=57H+35H+33H+30H+30H+30H+38H=1B7H
W 5 3 0 0 0 8
Obtain Function code for write data 0008H to register 30H : "W5300008B7
Drive response message : 『%』 (ASCII code :25H)
* When function code incorrect , drive response : ${{\mathbb F}!}_{{\mathbb L}}$ (ASCII code: 21H )
(4) Write consecutive 2 words to drive ➤ Function code format: M5NnXxYyAaBbSs
Nn : Address for write data( Unit :Byte \ Hex representation)
XxYy: Writes the data contents of address Nn+1 ( Unit: Word \ Hex representation)
AaBb : Writes the data contents of address Nn ( Unit :Word \ Hex representation)
Ss: Check Sum, Ss='M'+'5'+'N'+'n'+'X'+'X'+'Y'+'Y'+'A'+'a'+'B'+'b' (Unit:Byte \ Hex representation)
Ex4: Write data 0002 000BH to register 60H
( Convert 『M5600002000B』 into ASCII codes )
Check Sum=4DH+35H+36H+30H+30H+30H+30H+30H+30H+30H+42H =27CH
M 5 6 0 0 0 2 0 0 B
Obtain Function code for write data 0002000BH to register 60H: M5600002000B7C
Drive response message: 『%』(ASCII code :25H)
* When function code incorrect , drive response : $\llbracket  !  \rrbracket$ (ASCII code: 21H )

## 7-1-3 Modbus Communication Protocol for RS-485

The MODBUS protocol allows an easy communication within types of network architectures, before start to communication with slave device, set the ID number ( **Cn036** ) for Servo drive respectively, server distinguish ID number for controlling specific client station.

Standard Modbus networks combine two transmission modes: ASCII or RTU: ASCII(American Standard Code for information interchange) Mode and RTU (Remote Terminal Unit) Mode, Use **Cn038 to** select ASCII or RTU mode.

## **Coding method**

#### **ASCII Mode**

8-bits Data consist of two ASCII code.

Ex: Data 26H 1-byte , the '26' convert to ASCII code is include character '2'  $\rightarrow$  <32H> and '6'  $\rightarrow$  <36H> ASCII Chart (0 ~ 9 and A ~ F):

Character	'0'	'1'	'2'	'3'	<b>'4'</b>	<b>'</b> 5'	'6'	'7'
ASCII code(Hex)	30H	31H	32H	33H	34H	35H	36H	37H
Character	'8'	<b>'9</b> '	'A'	'B'	'C'	'D'	'E'	'F'
ASCII code(Hex)	38H	39H	41H	42H	43H	44H	45H	46H

### **RTU Mode**

Each 8bits is consist of 2 Hex number (4-bits per Hex number).

Ex.: Data 26H, the data length is 1-byte.

## **ASCII Mode Framing**

## 10 bits Frame (7-bits Data)

•	7N2	Start bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 Stop Stop bit bit	
			← Data:7 bits→	
		←	Character Frame ∶ 10 bits	
	7E1	Start bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 Even Stop parity bit	
			← Data:7 bits→	
		<b>←</b> −−−−	Character Frame:10 bits	
		'		
	701	Start bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 Odd Stop parity bit	
			← Data:7 bits	
		←	Character Frame:10 bits →	
11 bits	s Framo	e (8-bits Dat	ta)	
•	8N2	Start bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 Stop Stop bit bit	
			← Data:8 bits→	
		<b>←</b> −−−−	Character Frame:11 bits→	
	8E1	Start bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 Even Stop parity bit	
			← Data:8 bits→	·
		←	Character Frame:11 bits→	
			, 	
	801	Start bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 Odd Stop parity bit	

---- Character Frame:11 bits --

←--- Data:8 bits ---→

## **ASCII Mode Framing**

Symbol	Name	Description
STX	Comm. start	3AH, Char ':'
		Include 2 ASCII code within 1-byte
ADR	Slave address	Comm. add : 1 ~ 254 convert to Hex representation ;
ADR	Slave address	Ex. Servo drive ADR is No.20 convert to 14H;
		ADR = '1' , '4' → '1' = 31H , '4' = 34H
		Include 2 ASCII code within 1-byte
Function Code	Function code	Function codes: 03H: Read the register contents,
Function Code		06H : Write Single Register , 08H : Diagnostic function,
		10H : Write Multipile Registers
DATA(n-1)	Dete	n-word = 2n-byte (ASCII numbers : 4n ), n≦30
 	Data	The format of data is depend on Function code
DATA(0)	Observator	Lasteda O A COU as da crittaia A hada
LRC	Check code	Include 2 ASCII code within 1-byte
END 1	END 1 (CR)	0DH; Char'\r'
END 0	END 0 (LF)	0AH; Char'\n'

### **RTU Mode**

Symbol	Name	Description
STX	Comm. start	Excess comm. loss time setting 10ms
ADR	Slave address	1-byte
		Comm. address : 1 ~ 254 · convert to Hex representation ;
		Ex. Comm. address = 20 convert representation to 14 Hex, ADR
		= '14H'
Function Code	Function code	1-byte
		Function codes: 03H: Read the register contents,
		06H : Write Single Register , 08H : Diagnostic function,
		10H : Write Multipile Registers
DATA(n-1)	Data	n-word = 2n-byte;n≦30
		, and the second
DATA(0)		The format of data is depend on Function code
CRC-Low	Checking code-LO	1-byte
CRC-High	Checking code-HI	1-byte
END 0	End 0	Excess comm. loss time setting 10ms

## **Common function codes**

**03H**: Read the register contents

Continuous read N words. \* Largest number of N is 29 (1DH)

Ex.: Read two words (register 0200H and 0201H) from Slave address 01H.

## **ASCII Mode**

Query PC → Servo

O.T.	·V	٠.,
STX		:
ADR		' 0 '
AD	/IX	'1'
Function Code		' 0 '
FullClioi	Code	' 3 '
	/Lii\	' 0 '
Register	(Hi)	' 2 '
ADD.	(1.0)	' 0 '
	(Lo)	' 0 '
Data length (word)		' 0 '
		' 0 '
		' 0 '
		' 2 '
LRC		'F'
		'8'
END1 (CR)		(0DH)
END0 (LF)		(0AH)

Response Servo → PC OK)

		1
STX		,
ADR		' 0 '
AL		'1'
Function Code		' 0 '
Fullctio	ii Code	' 3 '
Data I	ength	' 0 '
(by	rte)	' 4 '
Data of	(Hi)	' 0 '
Data of 0200H		' 0 '
0200H	(1 -)	'В'
	(Lo)	'1'
Data of	/LI:\	'1'
Data of 0201H	(Hi)	' F '
020111	(1.0)	' 4 '
	(Lo)	' 0 '
LRC		' E '
		' 8 '
END1 (CR)		(0DH)
END0 (LF)		(0AH)

Servo → PC (ERROR)

STX	٠.,
ADR	' 0 '
ADR	'1'
Function	' 8 '
Code	' 3 '
Exception	' 0 '
code	' 2 '
LRC	' 7 '
LRC	' A '
END1 (CR)	(0DH)
END0 (LF)	(0AH)

## **RTU Mode**

Query PC → Servo

ADR		01H
Function Code		03H
Register	(Hi)	02H
ADD	(Lo)	00H
Data length		00H
(word)		02H
CRC(Lo)		04H
CRC(Hi)		07H

Response Servo →PC (OK)

ADR		01H
Function	Code	03H
Data (Byte)		04H
Data of	(Hi)	00H
0200H	(Lo)	BAH
Data of	(Hi)	1FH
0201H	(Lo)	40H
CRC(Lo)		АЗН
CRC(Hi)		D4H

Servo → PC (ERROR)

ADR	01H
Function Code	83H
Exception	02H
CRC(Lo)	C0H
CRC(Hi)	F1H

## 06H : Write Single Register

Write a word into register.

Ex: Write data (0064H) into register address 0200H and slave ADR= 01

## **ASCII Mode**

Query PC → Servo

STX		,
ADR		' 0 '
AD		'1'
Function Code		' 0 '
FullClioi	Code	' 6 '
	/Li\	' 0 '
Register	(Hi)	' 2 '
ADD	(1.0)	' 0 '
	(Lo)	' 0 '
Write data (word)		' 0 '
		' 0 '
		' 6 '
		' 4 '
LRC		' 9 '
		' 3 '
END1 (CR)		(0DH)
END0 (LF)		(0AH)

Response Servo→PC (OK)

<u>,                                      </u>		
STX		,
ADR		' 0 '
AL	/K	'1'
Eupotio	Function Code	
FullClio	ii Code	' 6 '
	/LI:\	' 0 '
Register	(Hi)	' 2 '
ADD.	(1.0)	' 0 '
	(Lo)	' 0 '
Write data (word)		' 0 '
		' 0 '
		' 6 '
		' 4 '
1.00		' 9 '
LRC		' 3 '
END1 (CR)		(0DH)
END0 (LF)		(0AH)

Servo → PC (ERROR)

STX	· . ·
ADR	' 0 '
ADK	'1'
Function	'8'
Code	' 6 '
Exception	' 0 '
code	' 3 '
LRC	' 7 '
LKC	' 6 '
END1 (CR)	(0DH)
END0 (LF)	(0AH)

## **RTU Mode**

Query PC → Servo

ADR		01H
Function	Function Code	
Register ADD	(Hi)	02H
	(Lo)	00H
Write data		00H
(word)		64H
CRC(Lo)		89H
CRC(Hi)		99H

Response Servo →PC (OK)

ADR		01H
Function	Function Code	
Register	(Hi)	02H
ADD.	(Lo)	00H
Write data		00H
(word)		64H
CRC(Lo)		89H
CRC(Hi)		99H

Servo → PC (ERROR)

ADR	01H
Function Code	86H
Exception	03H
code	0311
CRC(Lo)	02H
CRC(Hi)	61H

## 08H: Diagnostic function

The sub-function code 0000H is able to check communication signal between Master and Slaver. Data content is random value.

Ex: Use the diagnostic function for ID=01H

## **ASCII Mode**

Query PC → Servo

STX		٠.,
ADD		' 0 '
ADR		'1'
Function Code		' 0 '
Function	Code	'8'
Cub	/UI\	' 0 '
Sub- Function	(HI)	' 0 '
Function	(1.0)	' 0 '
	(Lo)	' 0 '
Data (word)		'A'
		' 5 '
		' 3 '
		' 7 '
LRC		'1'
		'В'
END1 (CR)		(0DH)
END0 (LF)		(0AH)

Response Servo → PC (OK)

C.	TV	٠.,
STX		•
ADD		' 0 '
	ADR	
Eunotic	Function Code	
Function	on Code	' 8 '
Sub-	/ <b>山</b> I\	' 0 '
Function	(HI)	' 0 '
Function	(1.0)	' 0 '
	(Lo)	' 0 '
	Data (word)	
D		
(w		
		' 7 '
LRC		'1'
		'В'
END1 (CR)		(0DH)
END0 (LF)		(0AH)

Servo → PC (ERROR)

STX	· : '
ADR	' 0 '
ADK	'1'
Function	' 8 '
Code	'8'
Exception	' 0 '
code	' 3 '
LRC	' 7 '
LKC	' 4 '
END1 (CR)	(0DH)
END0 (LF)	(0AH)

## **RTU Mode**

Query PC → Servo

ADR		01H
Function Code		08H
Sub- Function	(HI)	
	(Lo)	00H
Data		A5H
(word)		37H
CRC(Lo)		DAH
CRC(Hi)		8DH

Response Servo →PC (OK)

ADR		01H
Function C	ode	08H
Sub- Function	(HI)	00H
	(Lo)	00H
Data		A5H
(word)		37H
CRC(Lo)		DAH
CRC(Hi)		8DH

Servo → PC (ERROR)

ADR	01H
Function Code	88H
Exception	03H
code	
CRC(Lo)	06H
CRC(Hi)	01H

10H: Write Multipile Registers

Continuously write N words to register. \* Largest number of N is 27 (1BH)

Ex.: Write data (0064H) and (012CH) into register address 100H and 101H respectively.

## **ASCII Mode**

Query PC → Servo

Query PC → Servo		
X	٠.,	
ADD		
ADR		
Codo	'1'	
Code	' 0 '	
4.11	' 0 '	
(□1)	'1'	
(1.5)	' 0 '	
(LO)	' 0 '	
	' 0 '	
ength	' 0 '	
rd)	' 0 '	
, ,		
Byte counters		
(byte)		
(1.11)	' 0 '	
(ПІ)	' 0 '	
4 \	' 6 '	
(LO)	' 4 '	
(1.11)	' 0 '	
(ПІ)	'1'	
(1.0)	, С ,	
(LO)	' 2 '	
LDC		
LRC		
END1 (CR)		
END0 (LF)		
	Code (HI) (Lo) ength d) (Lo) (HI) (Lo) (HI) (Co) (CR)	

Response Servo →PC (OK)

Treepende edite 31 e (ett)		
STX		,
ADD		' 0 '
ADR		'1'
Function Code		'1'
Function	ii Code	' 0 '
	(1.11)	' 0 '
Register	(HI)	'1'
ADD	(1.0)	' 0 '
	(Lo)	' 0 '
Data length (word)		' 0 '
		' 0 '
		' 0 '
		' 2 '
LRC		'Е'
		'С'
END1 (CR)		(0DH)
END0 (LF)		(0AH)

Servo → PC (ERROR)

STX	· . '
ADR	' 0 '
ADK	'1'
Function	' 9 '
Code	' 0 '
Exception	' 0 '
code	' 2 '
LRC	' 6 '
LKC	' D '
END1 (CR)	(0DH)
END0 (LF)	(0AH)

## **RTU Mode**

Query PC → Servo

ADR		01H
7.2.1		
Function	Code	10H
Register	(HI)	01H
ADD	(Lo)	00H
Data le	ength	00H
(wor	(word)	
Byte co	Byte counters	
Data	(HI)	00H
0100H	(Lo)	64H
Data	Data (HI)	
0101H	0101H (Lo)	
CRC(Lo)		BFH
CRC(Hi)		ADH

Response Servo →PC (OK)

ADR		01H
Function Code		10H
Register (HI)		01H
ADD	(Lo)	00H
Data length		00H
(word)		02H
CRC(Lo)		40H
CRC(Hi)		34H

Servo → PC (ERROR)

ADR	01H
Function Code	90H
Exception	02H
code	
CRC(Lo)	CDH
CRC(Hi)	C1H

# LRC (ASCII Mode ) and CRC (RTU Mode) Check methods LRC Checking:

ASCII Mode LRC (Longitudinal Redundancy Check) checking method

The LRC is calculated by adding together successive 8-bit bytes of the message, discarding any carries. Ex. add ADR, Function code, register address and data contents together, if it get the sum 19DH then discard carrier "1" and find two's complement for 9DH to obtain LRC code.

Ex: Execute diagnostic function for Servo drive ID =01H

STX		' : '
ADR	' 0 '	
ADK		'1'
Function (	' 0 '	
Function	'8'	
	/UI\	' 0 '
Sub-function	(HI)	' 0 '
Sub-function	(1.0)	' 0 '
	(Lo)	' 0 '

	'A'
Data (word)	' 5 '
Data (word)	' 3 '
	' 7 '
LRC	'1'
LRC	'В'
END1 (CR)	(0DH)
END0 (LF)	(0AH)

01H+08H+00H+00H+A5H+37H = E5H

Two's complement for E5H is 1BH; derive LRC code: '1', 'B'

#### **CRC Checking:**

CRC check code is from Slave Address to end of the data. The calculation method is illustrated as follow:

- (1) Load a 16-bit register with FFFF hex (all1's). Call this the CRC register.
- (2) Exclusive OR the first 8-bit byte of the message with the low-order byte of the 16-bit CRC register, putting the result in the CRC register.
- (3) Shift the CRC register one bit to the right (toward the LSB), Zero-filling the MSB, Extract and examines the LSB.
- (4) (If the LSB was 0): Repeat Steps (3) (another shift) (If the LSB was 1): Exclusive OR the CRC register with the polynomial value A001 hex (1010 0000 0000 0001).
- (5) Repeat Steps (3) and (4) until 8 shifts been performed. When this is done, a complete 8-bit byte will be processed.
- (6) Repeat Steps (2) through (5) for next 8-bit byte of the message, Continue doing this until all bytes have been processed. The final content of the CRC register is the CRC value. Placing the CRC into the message:

When the 16-bit CRC (2 8-bit bytes) is transmitted in the message, the low-order byte will be transmitted first, followed by the high-order byte, For example, if the CRC value is 1241 hex, the CRC-16 (Low) put the 41h, the CRC-16 (Hi) put the 12h.

#### Example:

An example of a C language function performing CRC generation is shown on the following pages. All of the possible CRC values are preloaded into two arrays, which are simply indexed as the function increments through the message buffer. One array contains all of the 256 possible CRC values for the high byte of the 16-bit CRC field, and the other array contains all of the values for the low byte.

Indexing the CRC in this way provides faster execution than would be achieved by calculating a new CRC value with each new character from the message buffer.

#### Note

This function performs the swapping of the high/low CRC bytes internally. The bytes are already swapped in the CRC value that is returned from the function.

Therefore the CRC value returned from the function can be directly placed into the message for transmission.

The function takes two arguments:

unsigned char \*puchMsg; A pointer to the message buffer containing binary data

to be used for generating the CRC

unsigned short usDataLen; The quantity of bytes in the message buffer.

The function returns the CRC as a type unsigned short.

#### **CRC Generation Function**

```
unsigned short CRC16(puchMsg, usDataLen)
unsigned char *puchMsg:
                                                       /* message to calculate CRC upon*/
unsigned short usDataLen;
                                                       /* quantity of bytes in message*/
{
unsigned char uchCRCHi = 0xFF;
                                                  /* high byte of CRC initialized*/
unsigned char uchCRCLo = 0xFF;
                                                  /* low byte of CRC initialized*/
unsigned uIndex;
                                                      /* will index into CRC lookup table*/
while (usDataLen--)
                                                 /* pass through message buffer
uIndex = uchCRCHi ^ *puchMsgg++;
                                                 /* calculate the CRC*/
uchCRCHi = uchCRCLo ^ auchCRCHi[uIndex];
uchCRCLo = auchCRCLo[uIndex];
}
return (uchCRCHi << 8 | uchCRCLo);
}
High-Order Byte Table
/* Table of CRC values for high-order byte */
static unsigned char auchCRCHi[] = {
0x00, 0xC1, 0x81, 0x40, 0x01, 0xC0, 0x80, 0x41, 0x01, 0xC0, 0x80, 0x41, 0x00, 0xC1, 0x81,
0x40, 0x01, 0xC0, 0x80, 0x41, 0x00, 0xC1, 0x81, 0x40, 0x00, 0xC1, 0x81, 0x40, 0x01, 0xC0,
0x80, 0x41, 0x01, 0xC0, 0x80, 0x41, 0x00, 0xC1, 0x81, 0x40, 0x00, 0xC1, 0x81, 0x40, 0x01,
0xC0, 0x80, 0x41, 0x00, 0xC1, 0x81, 0x40, 0x01, 0xC0, 0x80, 0x41, 0x01, 0xC0, 0x80, 0x41,
0x00, 0xC1, 0x81, 0x40, 0x01, 0xC0, 0x80, 0x41, 0x00, 0xC1, 0x81, 0x40, 0x00, 0xC1, 0x81,
0x40, 0x01, 0xC0, 0x80, 0x41, 0x00, 0xC1, 0x81, 0x40, 0x01, 0xC0, 0x80, 0x41, 0x01, 0xC0,
0x80, 0x41, 0x00, 0xC1, 0x81, 0x40, 0x00, 0xC1, 0x81, 0x40, 0x01, 0xC0, 0x80, 0x41, 0x01,
0xC0, 0x80, 0x41, 0x00, 0xC1, 0x81, 0x40, 0x01, 0xC0, 0x80, 0x41, 0x00, 0xC1, 0x81, 0x40,
0x00, 0xC1, 0x81, 0x40, 0x01, 0xC0, 0x80, 0x41, 0x01, 0xC0, 0x80, 0x41, 0x00, 0xC1, 0x81,
0x40, 0x00, 0xC1, 0x81, 0x40, 0x01, 0xC0, 0x80, 0x41, 0x00, 0xC1, 0x81, 0x40, 0x01, 0xC0,
0x80, 0x41, 0x01, 0xC0, 0x80, 0x41, 0x00, 0xC1, 0x81, 0x40, 0x00, 0xC1, 0x81, 0x40, 0x01,
0xC0, 0x80, 0x41, 0x01, 0xC0, 0x80, 0x41, 0x00, 0xC1, 0x81, 0x40, 0x01, 0xC0, 0x80, 0x41,
0x00, 0xC1, 0x81, 0x40, 0x00, 0xC1, 0x81, 0x40, 0x01, 0xC0, 0x80, 0x41, 0x00, 0xC1, 0x81,
0x40, 0x01, 0xC0, 0x80, 0x41, 0x01, 0xC0, 0x80, 0x41, 0x00, 0xC1, 0x81, 0x40, 0x01, 0xC0,
0x80, 0x41, 0x00, 0xC1, 0x81, 0x40, 0x00, 0xC1, 0x81, 0x40, 0x01, 0xC0, 0x80, 0x41, 0x01,
0xC0, 0x80, 0x41, 0x00, 0xC1, 0x81, 0x40, 0x00, 0xC1, 0x81, 0x40, 0x01, 0xC0, 0x80, 0x41,
0x00, 0xC1, 0x81, 0x40, 0x01, 0xC0, 0x80, 0x41, 0x01, 0xC0, 0x80, 0x41, 0x00, 0xC1, 0x81,
0x40
};
```

#### **Low-Order Byte Table**

/\* Table of CRC values for low-order byte \*/

```
static char auchCRCLo[] = {
0x00, 0xC0, 0xC1, 0x01, 0xC3, 0x03, 0x02, 0xC2, 0xC6, 0x06, 0x07, 0xC7, 0x05, 0xC5, 0xC4,
0x04, 0xCC, 0x0C, 0x0D, 0xCD, 0x0F, 0xCF, 0xCE, 0x0E, 0x0A, 0xCA, 0xCB, 0x0B, 0xC9, 0x09,
0x08, 0xC8, 0xD8, 0x18, 0x19, 0xD9, 0x1B, 0xDB, 0xDA, 0x1A, 0x1E, 0xDE, 0xDF, 0x1F, 0xDD,
0x1D, 0x1C, 0xDC, 0x14, 0xD4, 0xD5, 0x15, 0xD7, 0x17, 0x16, 0xD6, 0xD2, 0x12, 0x13, 0xD3,
0x11, 0xD1, 0xD0, 0x10, 0xF0, 0x30, 0x31, 0xF1, 0x33, 0xF3, 0xF2, 0x32, 0x36, 0xF6, 0xF7,
0x37, 0xF5, 0x35, 0x34, 0xF4, 0x3C, 0xFC, 0xFD, 0x3D, 0xFF, 0x3F, 0x3E, 0xFE, 0xFA, 0x3A,
0x3B, 0xFB, 0x39, 0xF9, 0xF8, 0x38, 0x28, 0xE8, 0xE9, 0x29, 0xEB, 0x2B, 0x2A, 0xEA, 0xEE,
0x2E, 0x2F, 0xEF, 0x2D, 0xED, 0xEC, 0x2C, 0xE4, 0x24, 0x25, 0xE5, 0x27, 0xE7, 0xE6, 0x26,
0x22, 0xE2, 0xE3, 0x23, 0xE1, 0x21, 0x20, 0xE0, 0xA0, 0x60, 0x61, 0xA1, 0x63, 0xA3, 0xA2,
0x62, 0x66, 0xA6, 0xA7, 0x67, 0xA5, 0x65, 0x64, 0xA4, 0x6C, 0xAC, 0xAD, 0x6D, 0xAF, 0x6F,
0x6E, 0xAE, 0xAA, 0x6A, 0x6B, 0xAB, 0x69, 0xA9, 0xA8, 0x68, 0x78, 0xB8, 0xB9, 0x79, 0xBB,
0x7B, 0x7A, 0xBA, 0xBE, 0x7E, 0x7F, 0xBF, 0x7D, 0xBD, 0xBC, 0x7C, 0xB4, 0x74, 0x75, 0xB5,
0x77, 0xB7, 0xB6, 0x76, 0x72, 0xB2, 0xB3, 0x73, 0xB1, 0x71, 0x70, 0xB0, 0x50, 0x90, 0x91,
0x51, 0x93, 0x53, 0x52, 0x92, 0x96, 0x56, 0x57, 0x97, 0x55, 0x95, 0x94, 0x54, 0x9C, 0x5C,
0x5D, 0x9D, 0x5F, 0x9F, 0x9E, 0x5E, 0x5A, 0x9A, 0x9B, 0x5B, 0x99, 0x59, 0x58, 0x98, 0x88,
0x48, 0x49, 0x89, 0x4B, 0x8B, 0x8A, 0x4A, 0x4E, 0x8E, 0x8F, 0x4F, 0x8D, 0x4D, 0x4C, 0x8C,
0x44, 0x84, 0x85, 0x45, 0x87, 0x47, 0x46, 0x86, 0x82, 0x42, 0x43, 0x83, 0x41, 0x81, 0x80,
0x40
};
```

#### **Exception Codes**

When communication error occur, servo drive is returned with an error code and Function code+80H return to the ModBus host controller.

Code	Name	Description				
01	ILLEGAL FUNCTION	The function code received in the query is not an allowable action				
01	ILLEGAL FUNCTION	for the server (or slave).				
02	ILLEGAL DATA ADD.	The data address received in the query is not an allowable				
02	ILLEGAL DATA ADD.	address for the server (or slave).				
03	ILLEGAL DATA VALUE	A value contained in the query data field is not an allowable value				
03	ILLEGAL DATA VALUE	for server (or slave).				
04	SLAVE DEVICE	An unrecoverable error occurred while the server (or slave) was				
04	FAILURE	attempting to perform the requested action.				
05	RTU CHECK FAILURE	RTU mode: CRC check error				
06	ASCII CHECK	ASCII mode: LPC check error or no end code(CPLE)				
00	FAILURE	ASCII mode: LRC check error or no end code(CRLF)				

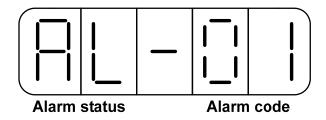
# **Chapter 8 Troubleshooting**

## 8-1 Alarm functions

The Alarm codes are displayed in a format such as that shown below. For any Alarm messages, refer to this section for identify the cause and dispel the error, to reset the Alarm message by following pages description.

If this is not possible for any reason then contact your local supplier for assistance.

#### **Alarm Status Display:**



For Alarm List refer to the section 8-2. In the example above AL-01 indicate (Under Voltage) There is also an Alarm history which can record ten entry of alarm record. History record is listed as alarm history record table shows.

## **Alarm History Record**

Display	Explanation	า
AL - 00	The Latest Alarm.	Latest record
A1 - 🗆	Previous First Alarm.	_
A2 - 🗆	Previous Second. Alarm.	
A3 - 🗆	Previous Third Alarm.	
A4 - 🗆	Previous Fourth Alarm.	
A5 - 🗓	Previous Fifth Alarm.	
A6 - 🛮 🗎	Previous Sixth Alarm.	
A7 - 🗆	Previous Seventh Alarm.	<b>↓</b>
A8 - 🗆	Previous Eighth Alarm.	Earliest record
A9 - □□	Previous Ninth Alarm.	Laniest record

Note: III is denotation of the Alarm Codes.

## Example:

Following table are procedures to access the alarm history record parameter.

Steps	Key	LED Display	Procedures
1	Turn On the Power		On" power on " <b>Drive Status</b> parameter is displayed.
2	MODE		Press MODE key to enter the Alarm History record.
3	<b>(</b>		Press Vey to view the Alarm 1 message that previously happened and the alarm code is "03" (Overload)
4	•	82-01	Press <b>Key</b> again to view Alarm 2 message and repeat this to see entire alarm history list.  In this example Alarm code is 01. (Under voltage)
5	MODE		Press MODE key once to view System Parameters.  Repeat this to select all other available parameters.

# 8-2 Troubleshooting of Alarm and Warning

Alarm Code	Alarm Name and Description	Corrective Actions	Reset Method
00	Normal	_	_
01	Under-voltage  External power voltage is lower than the rated power voltage •	Use multi-meter to check whether the input voltage is within the specified limit. If it can not be solved, there may be failure inside the Drive.	Turn ALRS (DI) ON
02	Over-voltage (Regeneration error)  1. External power voltage is higher than the rated power voltage.  2. Regeneration voltage is too high.	<ol> <li>Use multi-meter to check whether the input voltage is within the specified limit.</li> <li>Check the Parameter Cn012 if it is setting correctly.</li> <li>If this alarm appears during operation.         Extend ac/deceleration time or reduce load ratio in the permitted range. Otherwise, an external regeneration resistor is needed.         (Please contact your supplier for assistance.)     </li> </ol>	Turn ALRS (DI) ON
03	Motor Over-load  The drive has exceeded its rated load during continuous operation. When the loading is equal to 2 times of rated loading, alarm occurs within 10sec.	<ol> <li>Check connection for Motor terminal s (U,V,W) and Encoder.</li> <li>Adjust the Drive gain, If gain is not correctly adjusted, it would cause motor vibration and large current will lead to motor over load.</li> <li>Extend acc/deceleration time or reduce load ratio in the permitted range.</li> </ol>	Turn ALRS (DI) ON
04	Drive Over-current  Drive main circuit Over current or Transistor error.	<ol> <li>Check connection of the motor cable (U,V,W) and encoder.         Check power cable connection. Refer to the diagram in Chapter 2.     </li> <li>Turn off the power, and turn on again after 30 min. If the alarm still exists, there may be power module malfunction or noise consider the drive for test and repair.</li> </ol>	Reset Power Supply
05	Encoder ABZ phase signal error  Motor's encoder failure or encoder connection problem.	<ol> <li>Check the motor's encoder connections.</li> <li>Check the encoder if short circuit, poor solder joints or break.</li> <li>Check the encoder signal terminals CN2-1 and</li> </ol>	Reset Power
06	Encoder UVW phase signal error  Motor's encoder failure or encoder connection problem.	CN2-2. ( power cable 5v)	Supply
07	Multi-function contact setting error Input/output contacts function setting error.	<ol> <li>1. Check parameters Hn601~Hn612, trigger level selected by 2<sup>nd</sup> digit of Hn601 to 612 should be the same for all inputs DI-1~DI-12.</li> <li>2. Check parameters setting of Hn613 ~ Hn616 should NOT be the same for outputs contact DO-1~DO-4.</li> </ol>	Reset Power Supply
08	Memory Error Parameter write-in error	Disconnect all command cable then re-cycle the power. If alarm still occurs, it means the Drive was failure.	Reset Power Supply

Alarm Code	Alarm Name and Description	Corrective Actions	Reset Method
09	Emergency Stop When the input contact point EMC is activated. Alarm 09 appears.	Disable Emergency stop signal input.     Internal mal-function.     Ensure that all connection are correct, refer to Chapter 2 Power and motor circuit diagrams connection.     Control wiring diagrams.	Turn ALRS (DI) ON
10	Motor over-current  Motor current is 4 times greater than rated current.	<ol> <li>Check if the motor wiring U,V,W)and encoder wiring correct or not.</li> <li>Internal interference and mal-function. Ensure that all connection are correct refer to Chapter 2 Power and motor circuit diagrams.</li> </ol>	Turn ALRS (DI) ON
11	Position error The deviation between Pulse command and encoder feed back (position error) is greater than the setting of Pn308 or Pn309.	<ol> <li>Increase the position loop gain (Pn310 and Pn311) setting value.</li> <li>Increase in position tolerance value by (Pn307) for a better motor response.</li> <li>Extend the time of ac/deceleration or reduce load inertia in the permitted range.</li> <li>Check if the motor wiring (U,V,W) is correct.</li> </ol>	Turn ALRS (DI) ON
12	Motor over speed  Motor's speed is 1.5 times more then motor's rated speed.	<ol> <li>Reduce the speed command.</li> <li>Electronic gear ratio is incorrect check and set correctly.</li> <li>Adjust speed loop gains (Sn211 &amp; Sn213) for a better motor response.</li> </ol>	Turn ALRS (DI) ON
13	CPU Error Control system Mal-function.	Turn off the power. Turn on again after 30min. If error alarm still exists, this may be due to external interference. Refer to the chapter 2 Motor power cable and control signals connections.	Reset Power Supply
14	Drive disable  When input contacts CCWL & CWL are operated at the same time this alarm occurs.	Remove input contact signal     CCWL or CWL.     Check all input wiring for correct connections.     For the selected High /Low logic potential settings refer to Section 5-6-1.	Turn ALRS (DI) ON
15	Drive overheat  Power transistor temperature exceeds 90°C.	Over-load for a long duration will cause driver overheat, check and reset operation system.	Turn ALRS (DI) ON
16	Absolute Encoder Battery error  Battery module remove or battery voltage is lower than 3.2V	Make sure if battery module is removed, power supply is losing, or battery is power shortage and requires replacing.	Turn ALRS (DI) ON

## **Alarm Reset Methods**

- 1. carry out the suggestions below to reset Alarm.
  - (a) Reset by input signal: Once the cause of Alarm is rectified,disable SON signal (Switch off Servo ON), then activate input signal ALRS.

Alarm condition should be cleared and the drive will be ready for operation.

Reference 5-6-1 for setting SON and Alarm signal.

(b) Reset from Keypad: Once the cause of Alarm is rectified,

disable **SON** signal (Switch off Servo ON), then press the buttons and at the same time to reset Alarm and the drive will be ready for operation.

Power reset: Once the cause of Alarm is rectified, disable SON signal (Switch off Servo ON) and re-cycling power.

Alarm condition can be reset and the drive will be ready for operation.

#### Waning!

- 1) Before applying power rest, ensure that SON is off (SON signal is removed first) to prevent danger.
- 2) Ensure that the speed commands are removed before the alarm is reset, otherwise the motor may run abruptly once the alarm signal is reset.

# **8-3 Alarm Status Description**

Alarm	Alarm Name	Reset	<i>I</i>	Alarm Status	Digital Outpu	ıt				
Code	and Description	Method	CN1-25 BB/A3	CN1-24 ST/A2	CN1-23 PC/A1	CN1-22 LM/A0				
00	Normal	1		If there is no Alarm, CN1-22~CN1-25 operates in accordance with default function. Please refer to 2-2-1.						
01	Under-voltage	Turn ALRS(DI) ON	1	1	1	0				
02	Over-voltage (Regeneration error)	Turn ALRS(DI) ON	1	1	0	1				
03	Motor Over-load	Turn ALRS(DI) ON	1	1	0	0				
04	Drive Over-current	Reset Power Supply	1	0	1	1				
05	Encoder ABZ phase signal error	Reset Power Supply	1	0	1	0				
06	Encoder UVW phase signal error	Reset Power Supply	1	0	0	1				
07	Multi-function contact setting error	Reset Power Supply	1	0	0	0				
08	Memory Error	Reset Power Supply	0	1	1	1				
09	Emergency Stop	Turn ALRS(DI) ON	0	1	1	0				
10	Motor over-current	Turn ALRS(DI) ON	0	1	0	1				
11	Position error	Turn ALRS (DI) ON	0	1	0	0				
12	Motor over speed	Turn ALRS (DI) ON	0	0	1	1				
13	CPU Error	Reset Power Supply	0	0	1	0				
14	Drive disable	Turn ALRS (DI) ON	0	0	0	1				
15	Drive overheat	Turn ALRS (DI) ON	0	0	0	0				
16	Battery Module Fault	Turn ALRS (DI) ON	1	1	1	1				

# **Chapter 9 Specifications**

# 9-1 Specifications and Dimension for Servo Drives

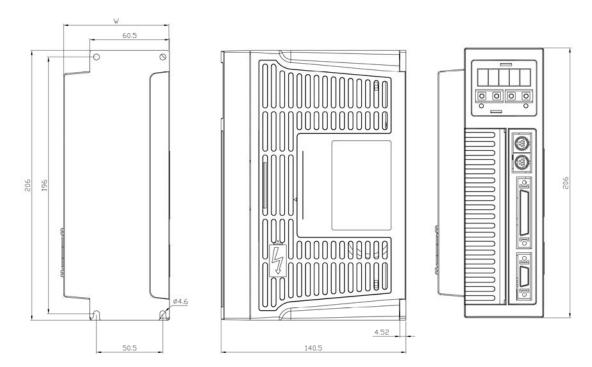
Servo Drives for							200	0V Class					400V Class						
	SDAP-		10A	10A 15A 20A 30A 50A3 75A3 100A3 150A3 200A3 300A3								300A3	25B	35B	50B	75B	100B		
			SCP5	-	SC04	SC08	MA15	MB30	MH44	MH55	MH75	MH110	MB10	MB20	MB30	MH44	MH75		
Avai	Available Servo Motor			01	SC08*1	MA10	MB15	MC30	НН30	HH44	HH55	MH150	MB15	MB30	MH30	MH55			
-	pplicable   Models	Motor	sc	02	LC08	MB10	MC15	MH30	_	_	_	HH75	MB20	MH30	MH44				
J	ISMA-	•	sco	)4* <sup>1</sup>	MA05	MC10	MB20	_	_	_	_	_							
			LC	03	MH05	MH10	MC20	_	_	_	_	_							
			_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_							
	Servo motor Capacity [KW] Max.		0.1	0.4	0.75	1.0	2.0	3.0	4.4	5.5	7.5	15.0	2.0	3.0	4.4	5.5	7.5		
	Output	nuous Current ms]	0.94	2.5	4.4	5.16	9.5	15.0	23.0	33.2	42.1	78.0	6.0	8.0	11.5	16.0	22.0		
						59.8	86.3	109.5	170.0	15.6	20.8	29.9	41.6	57.2					
Specifications	Input	Main Circuit R/S/T			hree Pha 30V, -15~		Т	Three Phase AC 200 ~ 230V, -15~+10%						Three Phase AC 380~480V, ±10%					
Basic 8	Power Supply	Control Circuit r/s			S	ingle Pl	nase AC	200 ~ 2	30V, -15~	+10%			DC 24V, ±10%						
	Cooling	System	Natur Coo							Fa	n Cooling	)							
		of Main	Three-phase full-wave rectification IGBT- SVPWM Control(Sine-wave current drive way)																
	(En	lback coder lution)	Incren	nental	type : 250	00ppr / 8	3192ppr	/ 15-bit (	(ABS) / 17	'-bit									
	Pane	el and ion Key	Main/	contro	l circuit p	ower in	dicator;	5 digita	seven-se	egment d	isplay ; fo	our functi	ion key.						
	Contro	ol Mode			ternal pul eed, Spee					position	command	d), Speed	, Torque	and Du	al mode	switchi	ng		
Internal Functions	_	eration ake		Built-in braking transistor and resistor / External braking transistor / External braking transistor / External braking presistor										Built-in braking transistor and resistor / External braking resistor					
_	Dynami	ic Brake	Built-i	n dyna	mic brak	ing; Pov	ver-off, S	Servo-of	f, Drive d	isable an	d Alarm o	occured							
		ection ction	16 Тур	oes of	Alarm Fu	nctions													
		inication rface	RS-232 / RS-485 (Modbus protocol)																

<sup>\*1</sup> the max. torque is up to 240% while the motor horse power is the same as the servo drive.

	Servo Drive	es for					20	00V Cla	ass					40	0V CI	ass	
	JSDAP-□□		10A	15A	20A	30A	50A3	75A3	100A3	150A3	200A3	300A3	25B	35B	50B	75B	100B
	Comman	d Source	Exte	rnal c	omm	and/ F	Pulse c	omma	nd / <mark>32</mark> -	Stage in	nternal	register	comi	mand			
	External	Туре		Positive/Negative Edge Trigger Type : Direction + Pulse, CW/CCW Pulse , Phase difference pulse ( A Phase + B Phase)													
opc	Command/ Pulse	Waveform	Line	Drive	er (+5\	/), Op	en Col	lector	(+5 ~ +2	24V)							
Position Control Mode	Input	Max. Frequency	4Mp	ps(Lir	ne Dri	ver) /	200Kp	ps(Ope	en Colle	ector)							
ont	Electron	ice Gear	$1/400 \le A/B \le 400 (A=1 \sim 50000 ; B=1 \sim 50000)$														
tion C		stant	Ripp	ole Tin	ne Co	nstan	t:0~	10sec									
Posi																	
		eedback on pensation	0 ~ 1	100 %													
	Homing	Function	Set by internal parameters														
	Comman	Command Source External analog Command / 3-Stage internal speed command															
	External analog	Voltage Input Range	0 ~ ±	0 ~ ±10Vdc / 0 ~ 6000rpm (set by internal parameters)													
le	Command	Input Impedance	10K	Ω													
Speed Control Mode	Speed Con	ntrol Range	1:5	: 5000 (internal speed command) / 1 : 2000 (external analog command)													
trol			±0.03% or less at Load fluctuation 0 to 100% (at Rated Speed)														
Con	Speed fluct	uation Rate	±0.2% or less at power fluctuation ±10% (at Rated Speed) ±0.5% or less at ambient temperature fluctuation 0 ℃ to 50 ℃ (at Rated Speed)														
þəé	C	Con a athin a	±0.5	% or I	ess at	amb	ient tei	mperat	ure fluc	tuation	0 ℃ to	50 ℃	(at R	ated S	peed)	)	
Spe		Smoothing stant	Line	ar : 0	~ 50s	ec;S	-curve	: 0 ~	5sec ; F	Ripple:	0 ~ 10s	ec					
	Frequ Charact	uency teristics	8001	<mark>łz</mark> (J∟	=J <sub>M</sub> )												
	Torque	e Limit	Exte	rnal a	nalog	com	mand /	Set by	/ interna	al parar	neters						
		Speed / ach Range	0 ~ 4	1500rp	om (Se	et by i	nterna	l parar	neters)								
	Comman	d Source	Exte	rnal a	nalog	com	mand										
Control Mode	External analog	Voltage Input Range	Input 0 ~ ±10Vdc / 0 ~ ±600%														
ontr	command	Input Impedance	10K	Ω													
	Command Cons		Line	ar : 0	~ 50s	ec; R	ipple :	0 ~ 10	sec								
Torque	Speed	l Limit	Exte	rnal a	nalog	com	mand /	Set by	/ intern	al parar	neters						
	Torque Re	ach Range	0 ~ 3	300%	(Set b	y inte	rnal pa	aramet	ers)								

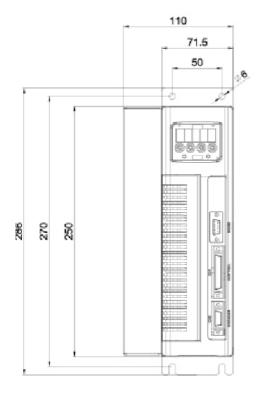
	Servo	Drives for	r					20	00V Cla	ISS					40	0V CI	ass	
	JSDA	\P	]	10A	15A	20A	30A	50A3	75A3	100A3	150A3	200A3	300A3	25B	35B	50B	75B	100B
			Output Type	Phas	se A,	B, <b>Z</b> L	ine D	rive /PI	nase Z	Open C	ollecto	r						
	Position	n Output	Encoder Ratio		e Out mete	-	~ en	coder-	-pulse	numbe	rs (any	arbitra	ry value	s set	by Int	ernal		
Signal	_[N	Il Input PN/ NP]	Optional Input To 12 Ports	31 T	1 Types of Optional Functions													
Input/ Output Signal		Output																
ıdul	[Photo	coupler]	Optional Output to 4 ports															
		Monitor tput	Optional Output to 2 ports	12 T	ypes	of Op	tional	Funct	ions (0	~±10Vd	lc)							
	Ins	talling Loc	ation	Indoor (avoiding direct sunshine)														
ent		g <b>_</b>		no e	rosio	n air (	avoid	ing oil	gases	inflam	mable ç	gas and	dust)					
uuo		Altitude					n belo											
Environment		Temperatu	re								Tempera	ature: -2	20 ~ +65	<b>5℃</b>				
ш		Humidity						elow 9										
		Vibration		10 ~	57Hz	: 20n	n/s²; 5	7 ~ 15	0Hz:2	G								
Certif	ications	CE Dec	laration	In compliance with EN61800-3 and EN61800-5-1														
Corti	ications	UL Cert	ification	UL5	08C													

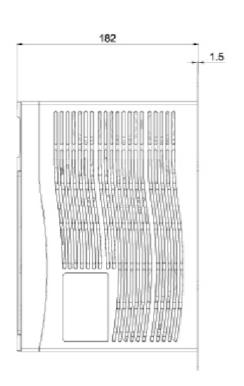
## **※** Dimensions for JSDAP-10A/15A/20A/30A



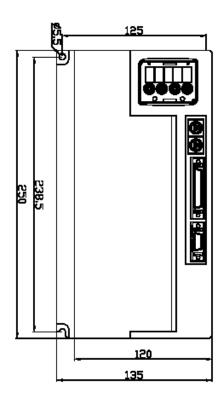
	W(mm)
JSDAP-10A/15A	69
JSDAP-20A/30A	80

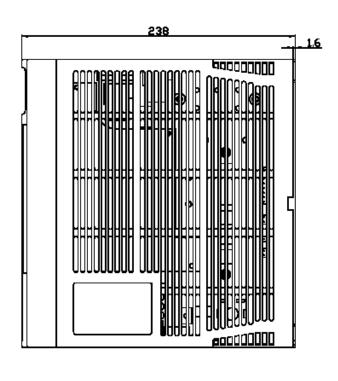
## Dimensions for JSDAP-50A3 / 75A3 / 100A3 / 25B / 35B / 50B



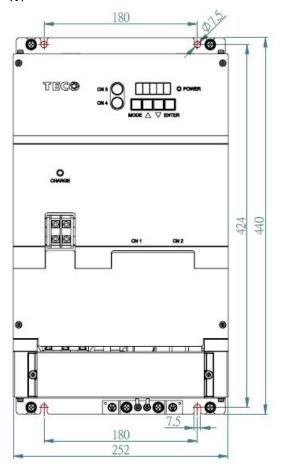


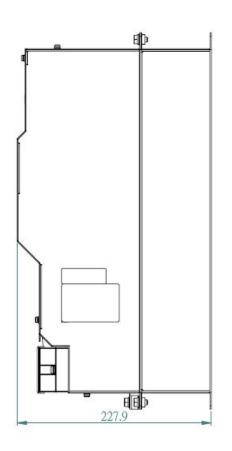
## Dimensions for JSDAP-150A3 / 75B / 100B

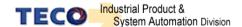




## ※ Dimensions for JSDAP-200A3 / 300A3

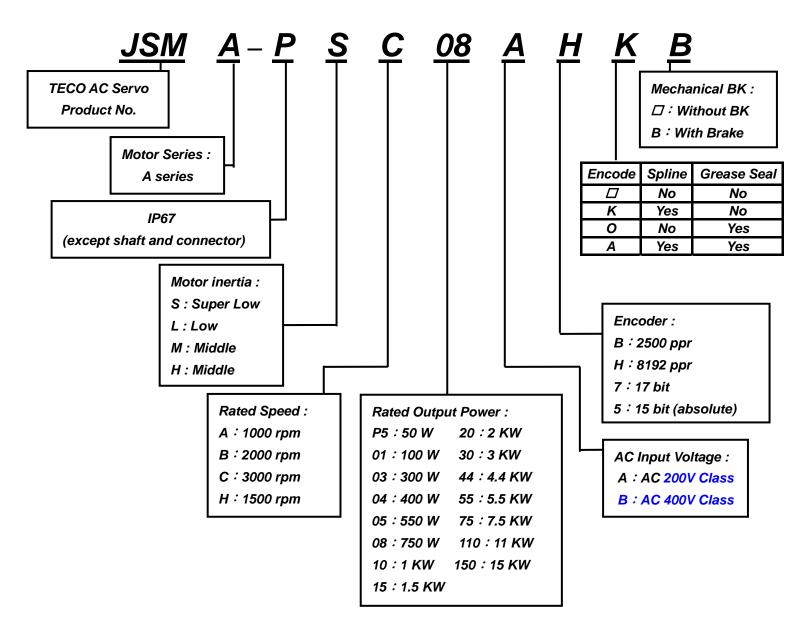






# 9-2 Specifications and Dimension for Servomotors

**Description for Servo Motor Type Number** 



## **※** Standard Specifications for JSMA-PSC/PLC (200V Class)

Motor Mode	Cy make al	Unit			JSM	ИА-Р			
Wotor Wode	Symbol	Unit	SCP5A	SC01A	SC02A	SC04A	SC08A	LC03A	LC08A
Drive N	/lodel		10A	10A/15A	10A/15A	15A/20A	20A/30A	15A	20A
Rated Output	P <sub>R</sub>	KW	0.05	0.1	0.2	0.75	0.3	0.75	
Rated Torque	T <sub>R</sub>	N · m	0.16	0.32	0.637	1.274	2.387	0.95	2.391
Max. Torque	T <sub>max</sub>	N · m	0.48	0.95	1.911	3.82	7.161	2.861	7.164
Rated Speed	N <sub>R</sub>	rpm			3000			30	000
Max. Speed	N <sub>max</sub>	rpm		4	1500		3750	4500	3800
Rated Current	I <sub>R</sub>	Α	0.65	0.94	1.80	2.50	4.30	2.00	3.75
Max. Armature Current	I <sub>max</sub>	Α	1.95	2.82	5.40	7.50	12.90	6.00	11.25
<b>Torque Constant</b>	K <sub>T</sub>	N·m/A	0.36	0.38	0.39	0.51	0.61	0.52	0.77
Rotor Moment of Inertia	J <sub>M</sub>	Kg ⋅ cm²	0.03	0.04	0.17	0.28	0.94	0.68	2.46
<b>Armature Resistor</b>	Ra	Ω	78.00	25.00	7.50	5.60	2.10	5.58	2.18
Armature Inductance	La	mH	78.0	35.0	16.2	14.5	8.6	11.6	7.7
Mechanical Time Constant	Tm	ms	2.70	0.94	0.90	0.69	0.81	1.98	1.67
Electrical Time Constant	Te	ms	0.34	1.40	2.37	2.59	4.11	2.05	3.53
Weight(Standard)	W	kgw	0.48	0.70	1.03	1.37	2.47	1.59	3.05
Insulation Grade	_	_	Class B (130℃) Class F (155℃						
Operating Ambient Temp.	Т	°C	0 ~ 40						
Operating Ambient Humidity	RH	%	<80 <90 <80						<80
Storage Temp.	Т	${\mathbb C}$							
Storage Humidity	RH	%	<80 <90 <8						<80

## **※** Standard Specifications for JSMA-PM (200V Class)

Motor Mode	Cymahal	Unit			JSM	A-P			
Wotor Wode	Symbol	Unit	MA05A	MA10A	MA15A	MB10A	MB15A	MB20A	MB30A
Drive	Model		20A	30A	30A/50A3	20A	30A	30A	30A/50A3
Rated Output	P <sub>R</sub>	KW	0.55	1.00	1.50	1.00	1.50	2.00	3.00
Rated Torque	T <sub>R</sub>	N·m	5.25	9.55	14.32	4.78	7.16	9.55	14.33
Max. Torque	T <sub>max</sub>	N·m	15.76	28.65	42.96	14.33	21.49	28.65	42.69
Rated Speed	N <sub>R</sub>	rpm		1000			2	000	
Max. Speed	N <sub>max</sub>	rpm	1500	1350	1250	2	800	2	500
Rated Current	I <sub>R</sub>	Α	3.43	5.16	7.45	5.16	7.57	9.18	14.00
Max. Armature Current	I <sub>max</sub>	Α	10.30	15.50	22.35	15.50	22.71	27.50	42.00
<b>Torque Constant</b>	K <sub>T</sub>	N·m/A	1.68	2.04	2.11	1.02	1.04	1.14	1.13
Rotor Moment of Inertia	$J_{M}$	Kg · cm²	6.26	12.14	17.92	6.26	8.88	12.14	17.92
Armature Resistor	Ra	Ω	3.58	1.85	1.19	1.22	0.79	0.58	0.33
Armature Inductance	La	mH	18.3	12.1	8.4	6.7	4.7	3.8	2.1
Mechanical Time Constant	Tm	ms	1.19	0.81	0.72	1.09	0.98	0.80	0.70
Electrical Time Constant	Te	ms	5.12	6.55	7.09	5.52	6.00	6.59	6.38
Weight (Standard)	W	kgw	6.49	10.16	13.87	6.47	8.08	10.16	13.87
Insulation Grade	1	_			Cla	ıss B (13	<b>)</b> ℃)		
Operating Ambient Temp.	Т	°C	0 ~ 40						
Operating Ambient Humidity	RH	%				<90			
Storage Temp.	T	${\mathbb C}$				-20 ~ 60			
Storage Humidity	RH	%	<90						

## **※** Standard Specifications for JSMA-PM (200V Class)

Motor Mode	Motor Mode Symbol Unit				JSMA-P			
Motor Mode	Symbol	Unit	MC10A	MC15A	MC20A	MC30A	MH05A	MH10A
Drive N	lodel		30A	30A/50A3	30A	30A/50A3	20A	30A
Rated Output	P <sub>R</sub>	KW	1.00	1.50	2.00	3.00	0.55	1.00
Rated Torque	T <sub>R</sub>	N · m	3.20	4.78	6.37	9.55	3.50	6.40
Max. Torque	T <sub>max</sub>	N · m	9.60	14.33	19.11	28.65	10.51	19.21
Rated Speed	$N_R$	rpm		30	00		15	00
Max. Speed	N <sub>max</sub>	rpm	3	700	3	850	20	000
Rated Current	I <sub>R</sub>	Α	4.96	7.06	9.50	14.00	2.98	5.00
Max. Armature Current	I <sub>max</sub>	Α	14.88	21.20	28.50	42.00	8.94	15.00
Torque Constant	$K_{T}$	N·m/A	0.72	0.74	0.74	0.75	1.29	1.41
Rotor Moment of Inertia	J <sub>M</sub>	Kg ⋅ cm²	4.60	6.26	8.88	12.54	6.26	12.14
Armature Resistor	Ra	Ω	1.02	0.65	0.40	0.25	2.31	0.95
Armature Inductance	La	mH	5.06	3.58	2.40	1.62	10.80	8.78
Mechanical Time Constant	Tm	ms	1.39	1.12	0.97	0.81	1.33	0.89
Electrical Time Constant	Te	ms	4.96	5.48	6.00	6.57	4.68	9.28
Weight(Standard)	W	kgw	5.29	6.47	8.08	10.16	6.47	10.16
Insulation Grade	_	_	Class B (130℃)					
Operating Ambient Temp.	Т	°C	0 ~ 40					
Operating Ambient Humidity	RH	%	<90					
Storage Temp.	T	$^{\circ}$	-20 ~ 60					
Storage Humidity	RH	%	<90					

## **%Standard Specifications for JSMA-PMH (200V Class)**

					JSMA-F						
Motor Mode	Symbol	Unit	MH30A	MH44A	MH55A	MH75A	MH110A	MH150A			
Drive	Model		75A3	100A3	150A3	200A3	300A3	300A3			
Rated Output	P <sub>R</sub>	KW	3.00	4.40	5.50	7.50	11.00	15.00			
Rated Torque	T <sub>R</sub>	N · m	19.10	28.00	35.10	47.80	70.10	95.50			
Max. Torque	T <sub>max</sub>	N · m	49.50	71.50	89.60	122.60	179.00	204.00			
Rated Speed	N <sub>R</sub>	rpm			1	500					
Max. Speed	N <sub>max</sub>	rpm	2000								
Rated Current	I <sub>R</sub>	Α	15.00	22.50	28.50	38.00	58.00	78.00			
Max. Armature Current	I <sub>max</sub>	Α	39.00	58.50	74.10	98.80	152.00	170.00			
<b>Torque Constant</b>	K <sub>T</sub>	N·m/A	1.27	1.24	1.23	1.26	1.21	1.22			
Rotor Moment of Inertia	J <sub>M</sub>	Kg ⋅ cm²	39.99	51.44	63.52	93.94	160.94	222.20			
Armature Resistor	Ra	Ω	0.18	0.12	0.09	0.05	0.03	0.02			
Armature Inductance	La	mH	2.89	1.98	1.52	1.02	0.80	0.50			
Mechanical Time Constant	Tm	ms	0.69	0.60	0.56	0.49	0.48	0.37			
Electrical Time Constant	Те	ms	16.12	16.81	17.24	18.96	26.77	29.12			
Weight(Standard)	W	kgw	19.50	26.20	30.00	42.00	52.50	70.50			
Insulation Grade	_	_			Class	F (155℃)					
Operating Ambient Temp.	Т	°C	0 ~ 40								
Operating Ambient Humidity	RH	%	<90								
Storage Temp.	Т	င			-20	~ 60					
Storage Humidity	RH	%	<90								

## **%Standard Specifications for JSMA-PHH (200V Class)**

		.l linit		JSMA-P					
Motor Mode	Symbol	Unit	1111204	 I		1111754			
			HH30A	HH44A	HH55A	HH75A			
Drive N	lodel		100A3	150A3	200A3	300A3			
Rated Output	$P_R$	KW	3.00	4.40	5.50	7.50			
Rated Torque	$T_R$	N · m	19.10	28.00	35.10	47.80			
Max. Torque	T <sub>max</sub>	N · m	49.50	71.40	89.60	122.60			
Rated Speed	N <sub>R</sub>	rpm		1	500				
Max. Speed	N <sub>max</sub>	rpm		30	000				
Rated Current	I <sub>R</sub>	Α	23.00	33.20	42.10	58.00			
Max. Armature Current	I <sub>max</sub>	Α	59.80	86.30	109.50	151.00			
Torque Constant	$K_{T}$	N·m/A	0.83	0.84	0.83	0.82			
Rotor Moment of Inertia	J <sub>M</sub>	Kg ⋅ cm²	39.99	53.02	63.52	93.94			
Armature Resistor	Ra	Ω	0.08	0.05	0.04	0.02			
Armature Inductance	La	mH	1.48	0.89	0.68	0.43			
Mechanical Time Constant	Tm	ms	0.70	0.62	0.56	0.51			
Electrical Time Constant	Te	ms	18.75	16.54	17.46	18.00			
Weight(Standard)	W	kgw	19.5	26.2	30.0	42.0			
Insulation Grade	_	_		Class F	(155℃)				
Operating Ambient Temp.	Т	${\mathbb C}$	0 ~ 40						
Operating Ambient Humidity	RH	%	<90						
Storage Temp.	T	${\mathbb C}$	-20 ~ 60						
Storage Humidity	RH	%	<90						

## **%Standard Specifications for JSMA (400V Class)**

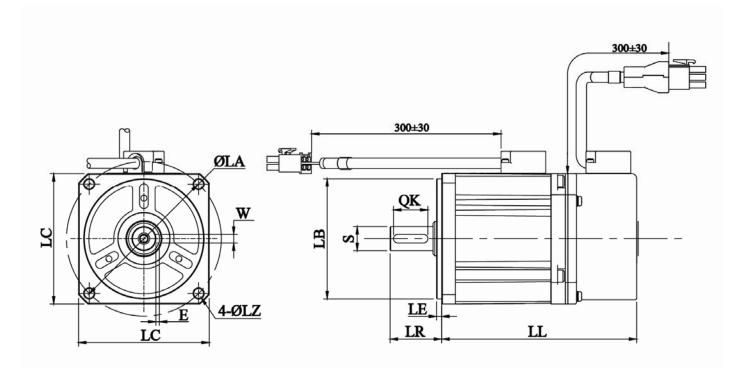
MadagaMada	0	1114		JSM	A-P			
Motor Mode	Symbol	Unit	MB10B	MB15B	MB20B	MB30B		
Drive Mode	I		25B	25B	25B	35B		
Rated Output	$P_R$	KW	1	1.5	2	3		
Rated Torque	T <sub>R</sub>	N·m	4.782	7.164	9.545	14.327		
Max. Torque	T <sub>max</sub>	N·m	14.327	21.492	28.645	42.693		
Rated Speed	$N_R$	rpm	1500					
Max. Speed	N <sub>max</sub>	rpm			2000			
Rated Current	I <sub>R</sub>	Α	2.58	4.36	5.78	8.9		
Max. Armature Current	I <sub>max</sub>	Α	7.74	13.08	17.34	26.7		
Torque Constant	K <sub>T</sub>	N·m/A	2.06	1.80	1.76	1.78		
Rotor Moment of Inertia	J <sub>M</sub>	Kg ⋅ cm <sup>2</sup>	6.26	8.88	12.14	17.92		
Armature Resistor	Ra	Ω	5.38	2.39	1.45	1.07		
Armature Inductance	La	mH	23	12	8.96	5.89		
<b>Mechanical Time Constant</b>	Tm	ms	1.32	0.97	0.865	0.93		
<b>Electrical Time Constant</b>	Те	ms	4.28	5.02	6.18	5.5		
Weight(Standard)	W	kgw	6.47	8.08	10.16	13.87		
Insulation Grade	_	_	Class B (130°C) Class F			Class F (155℃)		
Operating Ambient Temp.	Т	°C	0 ~ 40					
<b>Operating Ambient Humidity</b>	RH	%	<90					
Storage Temp.	Т	°C	<b>-20 ∼ 60</b>					
Storage Humidity	RH	%			<90			

Motor Mode	Symbol	Unit		JSMA-					
Wotor Wode	Syllibol	Unit	MH30B	MH44B	MH55B	MH75B			
Drive Mode	I		35B	50B	75B	100B			
Rated Output	$P_R$	KW	3	4.4	5.5	7.5			
Rated Torque	T <sub>R</sub>	N · m	19.1	28.0	35.1	47.8			
Max. Torque	T <sub>max</sub>	N·m	47.8	70.0	87.8	119.5			
Rated Speed	$N_R$	rpm		1	500				
Max. Speed	N <sub>max</sub>	rpm		2	000				
Rated Current	I <sub>R</sub>	A	8.0	11.5	16.0	22.0			
Max. Armature Current	I <sub>max</sub>	A	20.8	29.9	41.6	57.2			
Torque Constant	K <sub>T</sub>	N·m/A	2.39	2.43	2.19	2.17			
Rotor Moment of Inertia	J <sub>M</sub>	Kg ⋅ cm <sup>2</sup>	43.70	61.77	77.98	112.20			
Armature Resistor	Ra	Ω	0.64	0.38	0.20	0.12			
Armature Inductance	La	mH	14.94	9.34	5.00	3.19			
<b>Mechanical Time Constant</b>	Tm	ms	0.75	0.60	0.48	0.44			
<b>Electrical Time Constant</b>	Те	ms	23.45	24.51	25.63	26.82			
Weight(Standard)	W	kgw	17.5	22.5	27.0	36.5			
Insulation Grade	_	_	Class F (155℃)						
Operating Ambient Temp.	Т	င	0 ~ 40						
<b>Operating Ambient Humidity</b>	RH	%	<90						
Storage Temp.	Т	င	<b>-20 ∼ 60</b>						
Storage Humidity	RH	%	<90						

 $1(kgf \cdot cm) = 0.0980665(N \cdot m)$ ;  $1(gf \cdot cm \cdot s^2) = 0.980665(kg \cdot cm^2)$ 

## **%JSMA-PSC/PLC** dimension diagram (200V Class)

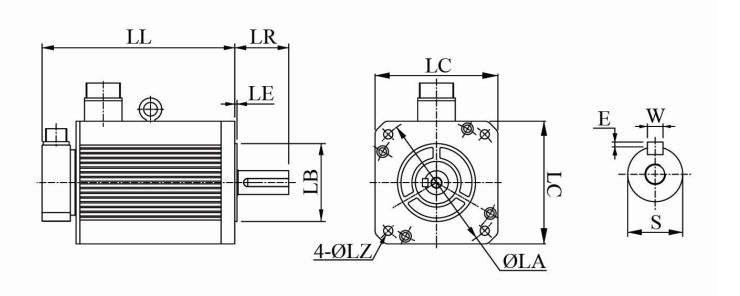
200V Class													
	Motor Mo	ode	LZ $\phi$	LA $\phi$	LC	Е	W	sφ	LB $\phi$	QK	LE	LR	LL
		LC03AB/H	5.5	90	76	2	5	14	70	20	3	30	113.4
	Without Brake	LC08AB/H	6.5	100	86	2	5	16	80	25	3	35	148
JSMA-PL	Diano.	LC08AB/H-0C	6.5	100	86	2	5	19	80	25	3	35	148
Series		LC03AB/H	5.5	90	76	2	5	14	70	20	3	30	147.8
	With Brake	LC08AB/H	6.5	100	86	2	5	16	80	25	3	35	183.2
		LC08AB/H-0C	6.5	100	86	2	5	19	80	25	3	35	183.2
		SCP5AB/H	3.5	48	42	-	-	8	30	16	2.5	25.5	85.3
		SC01AB/H	3.5	48	42	-	-	8	30	16	2.5	25	106.8
	Without Brake	SC02AB/H	5.5	70	60	2	5	14	50	22	3	30	114.8
	2100	SC04AB/H	5.5	70	60	2	5	14	50	22	3	30	132.8
JSMA-PS Series		SC08AB/H	5.5	90	80	2.5	6	19	70	30	3	40	139
		SC01AB/H	3.5	48	42	1	-	8	30	16	2.5	25	144.1
	With	SC02AB/H	5.5	70	60	2	5	14	50	22	3	30	147.3
	Brake	SC04AB/H	5.5	70	60	2.5	5	14	50	22	3	30	167.3
		SC08AB/H	5.5	90	80	2.5	6	19	70	30	3	40	172



## ※ JSMA-PM/PH motor dimension diagram (200V Class)

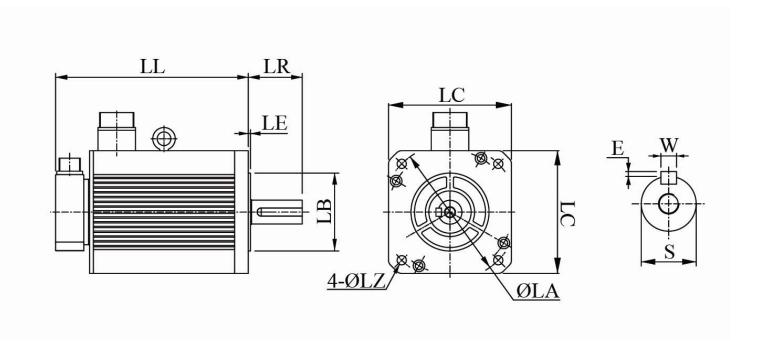
200V Class												
Мо	tor Mode		LZ $\phi$	LA $\phi$	LC	E	W	S $\phi$	LB $\phi$	LE	LR	LL
		MA05	9	145	130.4	2.5	6	22	110	6	58	163.8
		MH05	9	145	130.4	2.5	6	22	110	6	58	163.8
		MA10	9	145	130.4	2.5	6	22	110	6	58	213.8
		MB10	9	145	130.4	2.5	6	22	110	6	58	163.8
		MC10	9	145	130.4	2.5	6	22	110	6	58	148.8
		MH10	9	145	130.4	2.5	6	22	110	6	58	213.8
		MA15	9	145	130.4	2.5	6	22	110	6	58	263.8
		MB15	9	145	130.4	2.5	6	22	110	6	58	184.8
		MC15	9	145	130.4	2.5	6	22	110	6	58	163.8
		MB20	9	145	130.4	2.5	6	22	110	6	58	213.8
JSMA-PM	Without	MC20	9	145	130.4	2.5	6	22	110	6	58	184.8
JSMA-PH	Brake	MB30	9	145	130.4	2.5	6	22	110	6	58	263.8
Series		MC30	9	145	130.4	2.5	6	22	110	6	58	213.8
		MH30	13.5	200	180	3	10	35	114.3	3.2	79	254
		MH44	13.5	200	180	3	10	35	114.3	3.2	79	283
		MH55	13.5	200	180	3	12	42	114.3	3.2	113	297
		MH75	13.5	200	180	3	12	42	114.3	3.2	113	382
		MH110	13.5	235	220	3	12	42	200	4	116	352
		MH150	13.5	235	220	4	16	55	200	4	116	429
		HH30	13.5	200	180	3	10	35	114.3	3.2	79	245
		HH44	13.5	200	180	3	10	35	114.3	3.2	79	273.5
		HH55	13.5	200	180	3	12	42	114.3	3.2	113	282.5
		HH75	13.5	200	180	3	12	42	114.3	3.2	113	371

200V Class												
Mot	tor Mode		LZ $\phi$	LA $\phi$	LC	Е	W	S $\phi$	LB $\phi$	LE	LR	LL
		MA05	9	145	130.4	2.5	6	22	110	6	58	218.3
		MH05	9	145	130.4	2.5	6	22	110	6	58	218.3
		MA10	9	145	130.4	2.5	6	22	110	6	58	268.3
		MB10	9	145	130.4	2.5	6	22	110	6	58	218.3
		MC10	9	145	130.4	2.5	6	22	110	6	58	203.3
JSMA-PM	<b>NA</b> /241-	MH10	9	145	130.4	2.5	6	22	110	6	58	268.3
JSMA-PH	With Brake	MA15	9	145	130.4	2.5	6	22	110	6	58	318.3
Series		MB15	9	145	130.4	2.5	6	22	110	6	58	238.3
		MC15	9	145	130.4	2.5	6	22	110	6	58	218.3
		MB20	9	145	130.4	2.5	6	22	110	6	58	268.3
		MC20	9	145	130.4	2.5	6	22	110	6	58	238.3
		MB30	9	145	130.4	2.5	6	22	110	6	58	318.3
		MC30	9	145	130.4	2.5	6	22	110	6	58	268.3



## **※ JSMA-PM/PH motor dimension diagram (400V Class)**

	400 Class											
Мо	tor Mode		$LZ\phi$	$LA\phi$	LC	E	W	$s\phi$	LB $\phi$	LE	LR	LL
		MB10	9	145	130.4	2.5	6	22	110	6	58	163.8
		MB15	9	145	130.4	2.5	6	22	110	6	58	183.8
		MB20	9	145	130.4	2.5	6	22	110	6	58	213.8
	Without	MB30	9	145	130.4	2.5	6	22	110	6	58	263.8
	Brake	MH30	13.5	200	180	3	10	35	114.3	3.2	79	221
JSMA-PM JSMA-PH		MH44	13.5	200	180	3	10	35	114.3	3.2	79	249
Series		MH55	13.5	200	180	3	12	42	114.3	3.2	113	275
		MH75	13.5	200	180	3	12	42	114.3	3.2	113	330
		MB10	9	145	130.4	2.5	6	22	110	6	58	218.3
	With	MB15	9	145	130.4	2.5	6	22	110	6	58	238.3
	Brake	MB20	9	145	130.4	2.5	6	22	110	6	58	268.3
		MB30	9	145	130.4	2.5	6	22	110	6	58	318.3



# **Appendix A: Accessories**

#### Power Connectors

Part No.	Description	M	odel
JSSCNM04	For JSMA-S/L Series (50W~750W)	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	CAP: 172159-1 SCOKET: 170362-1
JSSCNML04	For JSMA-M Series without brake (550W~3kW)		CONNECTOR: MS3108A20-4S MS3057-12A(SR)
JSSCNBL04	For JSMA-MM/MH Series without brake (3kW~15kW)		CONNECTOR: MS3108A32-17S MS3057-20A(SR)
JSSCNML07	For JSMA-M Series with brake (550W~3kW)		CONNECTOR: MS3108A20-15S MS3057-12A(SR)

#### Power Cables

Part No.	L (Meter)	Description	Model	
JSSLM001	1			
JSSLM003	3		7/m = 0C	
JSSLM005	5	For JSMA-S/L Series		
JSSLM010	10	(50W~750W)	121	
JSSLM015	15		CAP: 172159-1 SCOKET: 170362-1	
JSSLM020	20		500nc1.170302-1	
JSSMLM001	1			
JSSMLM003	3	For IOMA M Conice		
JSSMLM005	5	For JSMA-M Series without brake (550W~3kW)		
JSSMLM010	10			
JSSMLM015	15		CONNECTOR: MS3108A20-4S 2.04Y*4	
JSSMLM020	20		MS3057-12A(SR)	
JSSBLM001	1			
JSSBLM003	3	5 - 10111 NH 1111 O - 1		
JSSBLM005	5	For JSMA-MM/MH Series without brake (3kW~15kW)		
JSSBLM010	10			
JSSBLM015	15		CONNECTOR: MS3108A32-17S	
JSSBLM020	20		MS3057-20A(SR)	

## Battery Module (For JSDA+ Series)

Part No.	Description	Model
JSSBAT	For absolute encoder	Battery Casing Battery

## **Encoder Connectors**

Part No.	Description	M	lodel
JSSCNP09	For JSMA-S/L Series	321 854 987	CONNECTOR: 172161-1 TERMINAL: 170361-1
JSSCNPL09	For JSMA-M Series		CONNECTOR: MS3108A20-18S MS3057-12A(SR)
JSSCN20P	For JSDA <sup>+</sup> Series (CN2)		CONNECTOR: 10320-52A0-008 12120-3000PE
JSSECN09P	For JSDE <sup>+</sup> Series (CN2)	(a) (b) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c	CONNECTOR: D-SUB9PM Male COVER: DC-9CT Screw

## Encoder Cables (For JSDA<sup>+</sup> Series 15-bit / 17-bit encoders)

Part No.	L (Meter)	Description	Model	
JSSLG001	1			
JSSLG003	3		JSSLG	
JSSLG005	5	For JSMA-S/L Series		
JSSLG010	10	and JSDA <sup>+</sup> Amplifiers		
JSSLG015	15		CONNECTOR: 172161-1 CONNECTOR: 10320-52A0-008 TERMINAL: 170361-1 10120-3000PE	
JSSLG020	20		TEL WIND BE TOOK I	
JSSMLG001	1		JSSMLG	
JSSMLG003	3			
JSSMLG005	5	For JSMA-M Series		
JSSMLG010	10	and JSDA <sup>+</sup> Amplifiers	CONNECTOR: 10320-52A0-008	
JSSMLG015	15		CONNECTOR: MS3108A20-18S 10120-3000PE	
JSSMLG020	20		MS3057-12A(SR)	

## Encoder Cables (For JSDA<sup>+</sup> Series 2500ppr / 8192ppr encoders)

Part No.	L (Meter)	Description	Model
JSSLP001	1		
JSSLP003	3		
JSSLP005	5	For JSMA-S / L / T Series	
JSSLP010	10	and JSDA+ Series	
JSSLP015	15		CONNECTOR: 172161-1 CONNECTOR: 10320-5240-008 TERMINAL: 170361-1 10120-3000PE
JSSLP020	20		
JSSMLP001	1		
JSSMLP003	3		
JSSMLP005	5	For JSMA-S / L / T Series	
JSSMLP010	10	and JSDA+ Series	CONNECTOR: 10320-52A0-008
JSSMLP015	15		10120-3000PE TONNECTOR: MS3108A20-18S
JSSMLP020	20		MS3057-12A(SR)

## Encoder Cables (For JSDE<sup>+</sup>Series 2500ppr / 8192ppr encoders)

Part No.	L (Meter)	Description	Model	
JSSELP001	1			
JSSELP003	3		- Maria Maria Di La Landa de Araba -	
JSSELP005	5	For JSMA-S/L Series and		
JSSELP010	10	JSDE <sup>+</sup> Series	1937 - 1 7 1 7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
JSSELP015	15		CONNECTOR: 172161-1 CONNECTOR: D-SUB 9P Male TERMINAL: 170361-1 COVER: DC-9CT Screw	
JSSELP020	20		TERMINAL, 170361-1	
JSSEMLP001	1		e com to the total and the company of the company o	
JSSEMLP003	3			
JSSEMLP005	5	For JSMA-M Series and		
JSSEMLP010	10	JSDE <sup>+</sup> Series	CONNECTOR: D-SUB 9PM Male COVER: DC-9CT Screw	
JSSEMLP015	15		CONNECTOR: MS3108A20-18S	
JSSEMLP020	20		MS3057-12A(SR)	

#### I/O Signal Connector

Part No.	Description		Model
JSSCN50P	For JSDA <sup>+</sup> Series (CN1)		CONNECTOR: 10350-52A0-008 10150-3000PE
JSSECN25P	For JSDE <sup>+</sup> Series (CN1)	(1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)	CONNECTOR: D-SUB 25P M Male COVER: DC-25 CT Screw

## Terminal Block (For JSDA<sup>+</sup> Series)

Part No.	L (Meter)	Description	Model
JSSTBC0P5	0.5		L
JSSTBC001	1	For JSDA <sup>+</sup> Series	
JSSTBC002	2		Shell kit: 10350-3210-000*2 SCSI II: 10150-600PE*2
JSSTB50P	_	For JSDA <sup>+</sup> Series	With the second state of t

## Terminal Block (For JSDE<sup>+</sup> Series)

Part No.	L (Meter)	Description	Model
JSSETBC0P5	0.5		
JSSETBC001	1	For JSDE <sup>+</sup> Series	CONNECTOR: D-SUB 25P M Male ×2
JSSETBC002	2		CONNECTOR: D-SUB 25P M Male ×2  COVER: DC-25 CT Screw ×2
JSSETB25P	-	For JSDE <sup>+</sup> Series	27.5 Explanation of the state o

## **Communication Cables**

Part No.	L (Meter)	Description	Model
JSSDTC001	1	Connection to BC	
JSSDTC002	2	Connection to PC	D-9S MD-8P
JSSDTD001	1	Connection to Drive	
JSSDTD002	2		2 5 8 E E B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B

# **Appendix B Battery Module**

For the absolute encoder, JSDAP series has an optional battery module, which is divided into two parts of the battery and installation, described as below.

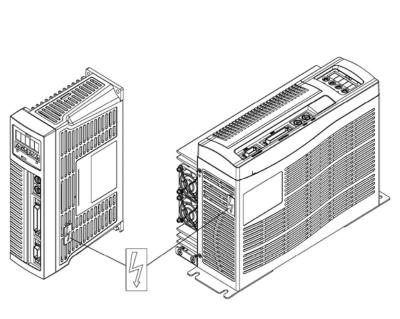
## **Battery Specification**

NO.	ITEMS	Characteristics
1	Naminal Canacity	2400 mAh (Continuosly discharged under 2mA current till 2.0V
'	Nominal Capacity	end-point voltage at the temperature of 23°C±3°C)
2	Nominal Voltage	3.6V
3	Operating Temperature Range	-40~+85°C
4	Max. Continuos Discharge	100mA
4	Current	TOOTIA
5	Structures	Thiony chloride, lithium anode, acetylene black, separator, and
5	Structures	stainless steel cell shell etc.
6	Weight for reference	19.0g

#### Installation

When customers received the battery modules, battery and casing has been installed properly, please refer to the following steps to install.

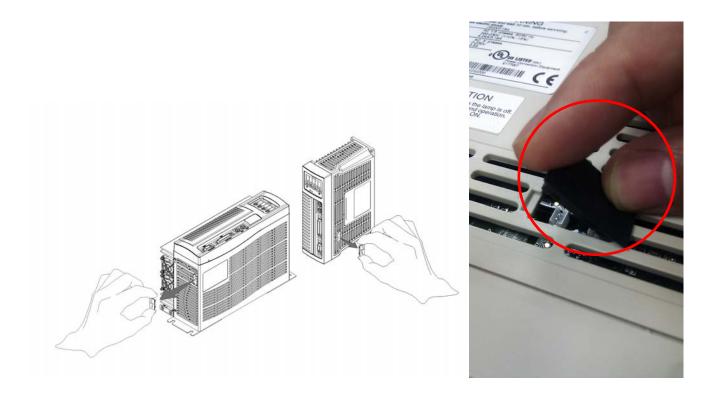
a. The drive has a black lightning symbol protective cover, such as the circle marked.



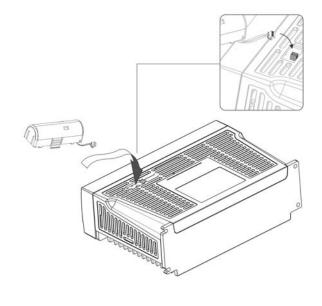




## b. Remove the protective cover



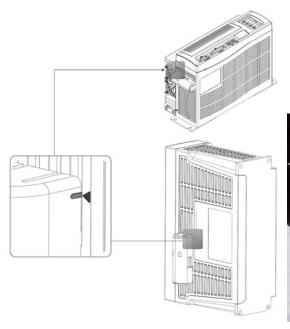
c. Removed the protective cover, the customers can find the two connectors and select one of them, reference the attached manual which was in battery module for installation. Another connector is reserved for replacing the battery that is in order to avoid power supply outage.





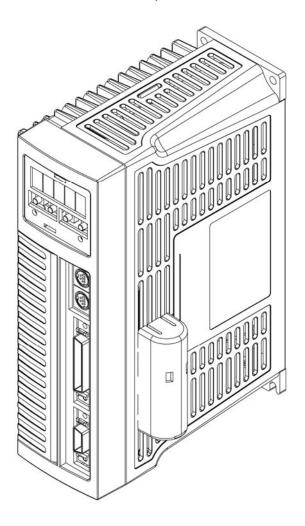


d. When the battery module is installed, pay attention to installation marked on the drive, as below.





e. Installation completed.









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This manual may be modified when necessary because of improvement of the product, modification, or changes in specifications, This manual is subject to change without notice.